The Courier-Journal.

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The Weather.

Forecast for Saturday and Sunday:

Kentucky—Increasing cloudiness Saturday; rain at night or Sunday; colder Sunday.

Tennessee—Increasing cloudiness Saturday; rain at night or Sunday in west portion; generally fair in east, colder Sunday.

Indiana—Rain Saturday and probably Sunday, colder Sunday, increasing northeast winds Sunday.

THE LATEST.

J. K. Woodward, the New Albany bank president, who was shot down by Thomas Jefferson Hoal, boy bandit, in New Albany Thursday morning, has an even chance to recover. The funeral of "Gary" Fawcett, who was shot through the heart by young Hoal, takes place to-day. Hoal made a detailed statement made at the Indiana Reformatory yesterday, exonerated the negro chauffer and also the colored bank porter of complicity in his crime. The Floyd county grand jury in New Albany likely will return an indictment against young Hoal to-day. The youth's father visited him in the Reformatory yesterday.

With a regiment of militia on guard at Cairo, Ill., the mob spirit which prevailed in that city Thursday night has been quelled. Under protection of State troops, Arthur Alexander, the negro who was implicated by Will James in the murder of Miss Annie Pelley, was put on a fast train yesterday afternoon and taken to Kanakee, Ill., for safekeeping. Sheriff Davis, it is alleged, has identified several members of the mob that was instrumental in the death of the negro, Will James.

Earl Bullock, the Kansas boy bandit, who one month ago robbed a bank at Eudora and killed a policeman before escaping, returned to the scene of his crime yesterday, and after shooting the cashier of another bank, secured several hundred dollars and made off. He was hotly pursued, and when capture was imminent, shot himself. It is not believed he will recover. A youthful companion was captured.

The State Department has called upon the Cuban Government for information regarding the new trade treaty between Spain and Cuba reported to have been practically completed. Upon the answer may depend the abrogation of the Cuban reciprocity treaty and the application of maximum duties upon Cuban imports into the United States.

James F. Bendernagel, for many years general superintendent of the Williamsburg plants of the American Sugar Refining Company, was indicted by the Federal grand jury at New York in connection with the alleged sugar-weighing frauds. Bendernagel's resignation from the company was accepted yesterday.

In accord with its plan to provide fifty counties with adequate warehouse facilities, the Burley Tobacco and Insurance Company yesterday approved conditionally the purchase of the Bonte Warehouse at Harrodsburg, with a capacity of 1,000,000 pounds, the purchase of two acres of ground at Lawrenceburg and five acres at Mt. Sterling.

President Taft was warmly welcomed on his visits yesterday to Middletown and Hartford, Conn. At Middletown he attended the installation of Dr. Shanklin as president of Wesleyan University and at Hartford he participated in the dedicatory exercises at the new State armory.

Charles I Stewart, former editor of the Lexington Evening Gazette, purchased the Enid (Okla.) Morning News from Donald Campbell. Mr. Stewart has associated with him a number of Kentucky capitalists.

Successful flights were made at the opening of the aviation meet at Latonia yesterday by Charles F. Willard in his aeroplane and Lincoln Beachey and Cromwell Dixon in dirigibles. Weather conditions were perfect.

The Cumberland River Improvement Association convened at Nashville yesterday at 10 o'clock with between three and four hundred delegates in attendance and former Congressman W. J. Stone, of Kuttawa, in the chair.

Friends of Theodore Roosevelt are preparing to fight an attempt to discredit the former President, who, they maintain, is to be charged with having protected certain trusts.

Dispatches to Dun's Review still reflect the drawback of high temperatures at many points, yet favorable reports predominate and prospects for future business are increasingly bright.

A serious operation was performed upon Mrs. Augustus E. Willson in New York yesterday. The Governor wired Secretary Todd he was confident the surgeon's work would be successful.

Ten policemen, including Maj. Ed Burke, and nine firemen, including Maj. Fillmore Tyson, chief fireman, were granted pensions yesterday.

Mrs. George Mills, wife of a Jefferson county farmer, and her two daughters were injured yesterday in a runaway accident.

A. Scott Bullitt, County Attorney-elect, announced yesterday that John Sullivan will be his assistant.

Maj. E. W. Hakins, aged 95 years, the oldest lawyer in Kentucky, died at his home in Newport.

ROBS BANK AND SHOOTS CASHIER

Kansas Boy Bandit Tries To Repeat Exploit.

Run To Bay, Earl Bullock Commits Suicide.

Killed Policeman At Time of First Hold-up.

BUT 17 YEARS OF AGE.

Eudora, Kas., Nov. 12.—Driven to bay by an armed mob, Earl Bullock, the 17-year-old bandit, of Lawrence, Kas., who twice within the last month has robbed the Eudora State Bank, murdered a policeman and shot another man, and fatally wounded himself near Eudora this afternoon.

Bullock committed suicide following his second robbery of the bank here to-day, and his shooting of Fred Starr, cashier of the Kaw Valley State Bank, of Eudora, who was in the Eudora State Bank with his day's clearings.

Accompanied by William McKay, 15 years old, of Jacksonville, Fla., Bullock held up the bank. Although Starr offered no resistance, Bullock shot him through the jaw. Snatching more than $800, Bullock fled, followed by his companion. Each youth had two revolvers.

* * *

Pursued By Citizens.

Harry Wilson, cashier of the robbed bank, spread the alarm, and a crowd of armed citizens pursued the boy bandits. In attempting to swim the Kaw River the boys lost ground, and a few minutes later the mob was at their heels. McKay surrendered, but Bullock sped on into a wood.

John Miller, a farmer, in no way connected with the pursuit, stepped into Bullock's path, and the boy thinking him an enemy, fired. His shot missed Miller, and the posse, seeing the youth was ready to shoot, fired a score of shots at him. Bullock returned the fire, but realizing he was about to be captured, shot himself through the head.

The crowd threatened to lynch McKay, but officers hurried him to Lawrence in an automobile and placed him in jail.

* * *

Previous Exploit.

Bullock's previous hold-up of the Eudora Bank and the murder of Policeman Wilson Pringle took place on October 11.

While in charge of D. S. Woods, a Deputy Sheriff, who arrested the boy on a charge of robbing a second-hand store, Bullock drew two revolvers and forced Woods and Cashier Wilson into the bank vault. Snatching $1,000 he fled.

That night Pringle was shot while attempting to arrest Bullock at his home in Lawrence. He died in a few days. Efforts to locate Bullock were fruitless.

According to McKay, Bullock has been living in a fashionable hotel in Jacksonville under the name of "J. A. Donaldson." He had money on deposit in the Florida National Bank there under that name, McKay said.

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McKay Dominated By Bullock.

McKay is a tall, slender and apparently weak youth, who was led into the crime by Bullock's lurid description of the thrilling adventures of a boy desperado.

"One day Bullock told me he wanted me to go to Kansas City with him," said McKay, "as he knew where there was a little bank near there with only one man in it that we could rob without any trouble. He paid all expenses of the trip.

"We finally arrived at Lenate, Kan., two miles from Eudora, yesterday. Then he gave me some ammunition and two revolvers and told me we would rob the bank to-day.

"I was supposed to guard the door and see that nobody escaped. He robbed the bank and shot the man. Then he told me to follow him.

"I was so badly frightened when the mob began to follow us that I wanted to stop and surrender soon after we left the bank.

* * *

Real Robber Fights To Last.

"'No, I'll not surrender,' he said. 'A real robber fights on until the last. I will die before I will give up.'"

All of the money taken from the bank to-day was found in Bullock's pockets when he was picked up in the wood.

Many threats were made against Bullock, but when the report came that he had shot himself the threats ceased. He was brought here, where his wound was attended. Bullock was unconscious and died at 2:35 a. m. Starr's injuries are not serious.

Rumors that Bullock had been bought into and placed in jail caused a noisy crowd to gather at the prison to-night, but when it was explained that only McKay was incarcerated here the crowd left.

DEPUTIES GUARDING SPRING LAKE DISTRICT.

Trouble Feared Between Fishermen and Dredgers As Result of Decision.

Peoria, Ill., Nov. 12.—Armed deputies sent by Sheriff Norris, of Tazewell county, are to-day patroling the Spring Lake drainage district. Upon the first rumors of the Attorney General's opinion favoring the fishermen reaching that district it was believed the district commissioners would attempt to close the outlet to Spring Lake, over which armed fishermen have stood guard for months, and thereby institute other proceedings.

The action would have occasioned a battle between fishermen and dredgers and in fear of this the squad of deputies was hurriedly dispatched to Spring Lake. Dispatches from Copperas Creek lock to-night stated that everything was quiet, that apparently the drainage district commissioners would take their defeat with good grace, and that the dredging companies were already closing up their affairs and had emphatically declined to take any further part in the controversy in behalf of the drainage district commissioners.

STUDENTS LEAVE SCHOOL FEARING SCARLET FEVER.

But Seventy-five Out of 180 At the Maryland Agricultural College Are Left.

Baltimore, Nov. 12.—Classes were badly crippled to-day at the Maryland Agricultural College, College Park, as the result of a large exodus of students due to a case of scarlet fever at the school. Of the total of 180 boys only about seventy-five were at work to-day. Several members of the football team are among the absent and the game with St. John's College scheduled for to-morrow has been called off. Many students are returning upon advices from President Sylvester that the fever was confined to one isolated case.

WIDOW OF DR. JAMES M'COSH IS DEAD.

Princeton, N. J., Nov. 12.—Mrs. Isabella G. McCosh, widow of the late Dr. James McCosh, who was president of Princeton College from 1868 to 1888, died at her home here to-day, aged 72 years.

INDICTMENT AGAINST SUGAR TRUST OFFICER

J. F. BENDERNAGEL CHARGED WITH DEFRAUDING UNCLE SAM.

OUTGROWTH OF INVESTIGATION OF UNDERWEIGHING.

"BIG SIX" IS ALSO INCLUDED.

New York, Nov. 12.—After months of quiet work by Government investigators, there came suddenly to-day the indictment and arrest of an important former officer of the American Sugar Refining Company, charged with conspiracy to defraud the Government by false weighing of sugar.

The man arrested is James F. Bendernagel, for more than thirty years superintendent of the Havemeyer & Elder refinery in Williamsburg. It was regarded as significant that Bendernagel's resignation from this responsible position was announced by the company only yesterday.

When arraigned before United States Commissioner Benedict, Bendernagel gave $5,000 bail for his appearance at an examination set for next Monday.

The indictment returned against Bendernagel is of the blanket variety, including in its terms also the so-called "big six"—Oliver Spitzer, Thomas Kehoe, Edward A. Boyle, Jean M. Voelker, John R. Coyle and Patrick J. Hennessy, all of whom have been previously indicted on similar charges. The six were Bendernagel's associates in the capacity of agents and boss weighers at the Williamsburg plant.

The specific charges against Bendernagel are that he defrauded the Government out of duty to the amount of $1,894, in connection with the false entries of the nine million-pound sugar cargo of the steamer Eva, which arrived from Cuba on August 24, 1907. More than 100,000 pounds was clipped off the real weight of the cargo according to the indictment.

At one point the indictment relates the old charges made against four members of the so-called "big six," alleging the use of fraudulent devices on the scales used at the docks to short-weigh sugar for the purpose of avoiding customs charges. It was in connection with these charges that the Government last spring recovered $2,135,000 in duties and penalties.

MADE AN EASY CHAIR FOR DEATHBED

MAN INHALES GAS IN A ST. LOUIS HOTEL.

SUPPOSED TO BE WILLIAM A. WOODWARD, OF COVINGTON.

LAST SEEN ALIVE MONDAY.

St. Louis, Nov. 2.1—(Special.)—A man who had registered as "Sam Houston" at the European Hotel, East St. Louis, but whose papers and jewelry indicate he is William A. Woodward, of Covington, Ky., former chief clerk for a railroad, was found dead of asphyxiation in his room to-day by Frank Jones, the hotel clerk. The man had propped himself in a chair with a comfort and pillows to make death easy. A rubber tube was connected with a gas jet and held securely to his nostrils by a towel knotted about the tubing and then tied at the back of the head. He registered at the hotel several days ago, and was last seen alive Monday. Life had been extinct some hours when the body was found.

A dispatch from Cincinnati says William A. Woodward last Friday visited the office of Dr. W. R. Helfing, in Newport, Ky., for treatment. He was in a very nervous condition and threatened suicide, according to the physician.

He came again for treatment and advice Saturday, and was accompanied to the Savoy Hotel, Cincinnati, where Dr. Helfing took a revolver from him.

He had been separated from his wife, who recently was residing at the Anderson Hotel, Cincinnati. Woodward recently was employed at Stonega, Va., in the offices of the Interstate Coal railroad and at one time worked in the offices of the Cincinnati Traction Company. Woodward's parents reside in Muncie, Ind.

MARSHALL TAKES ANOTHER CHESS GAME.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 12.—Frank J. Marshall to-night won the fourth game of the American Chess championship series, defeating J. W. Showalter in the thirty-fourth move. Up to the sixteenth move Showalter had the best of Marshall, who had opened with whites. After the thirty-fourth move Showalter resigned. Of four games so far played Marshall has won three and one was a draw.

CHINN'S SAL WINS THE CUP FOR SPEED.

Lawrenceburg, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—In the Derby trial this afternoon Jack P. Chinn's Sal was awarded the cup for speed and driving. Sal came first, Mr. Chinn's Lady second and R. H. Crooks' Whit Lewis third. In hunting and trailing Whit Lewis was first, Sal second and Lady third. The judges were unable to decide upon endurance. Alex Parrish's Fan was favorably mentioned.

MILITIA BRINGS QUIET AT CAIRO

Entire Regiment On Guard In Riotous City.

The Negro Alexander Taken To Kankakee. Ill.

Sheriff Davis Identifies Members of Mob.

TELLS STORY OF THE CHASE.

Cairo, Ill., Nov. 12.—With Arthur Alexander, the last of the persons arrested in connection with the murder here Monday last of Miss Annie Pelley, safely in jail at Kankakee, Ill., and some 350 members of the Fourth Regiment of the Illinois National Guard on guard in the streets and about the jail to-night, the mob spirit that has held Cairo for four days was quelled.

No crowds were allowed to gather in any part of the city and every known danger point was occupied by troops. Bayonets held sway where twenty-four hours before the rope, the torch and the pistol had been in evidence.

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Alexander Taken To Kankakee.

Alexander, who was reported to have been implicated in the murder of Miss Pelley by the dying statement of "Froggy" James, one of the victims of last night's mob, was sent to Kankakee late this afternoon. He was escorted from the jail to a special train on the Illinois Central Railroad by seven companies of militia, two of which, M. of Champaign, and G, of Effingham, were assigned to the duty of guarding the train.

* * *

Jeers For the Militia.

There were jeers and defiance for the militia from the small crowd that witnessed the departure. Some way or other the word had gone about town that the negro was to be spirited away at 4 o'clock. It was half an hour later that he was led from his cell and placed between the files of Company I.

"That's him," "He'll come back," "Burn the nigger," and "We'll get him yet" came from spectators who had been pressed back half a block from the entrance to the jailyard by C and L companies.

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Soldiers Keep Back Crowd.

Two sets of fours were in advance of the prisoner, who was handcuffed and flanked by deputy sheriffs, and two sets of fours followed. As the Vandalia men swung north towards the railroad along Twentieth street three companies cleared the street in advance of the escort and a like number followed in the rear, keeping back the crowds that were augmented at every cross street of the half-mile march to the train.

The display of force was greater than the Cairoites had anticipated, and while there were murmurs all along the line of march, there was no effort made to break the line.

* * *

Troops Had Salutary Effect.

Brig. Gen. Frank P. Wells, of Decatur, commanding the Second Brigade of the guard, was in charge of the demonstration and after it was over he declared himself convinced that the display of military force had had a most salutary effect upon the town.

The destination of the prisoner was kept a secret. Sheriff Frank E. Davis, who was anxious to accompany the prisoner north, and remained only on the representation of the militia commanders that his presence was required here, expressed ignorance of the intentions of his deputies who were in nominal charge of Alexander.

The local authorities left the disposition of the prisoner to the State officials and turned their attention to the murder of Miss Pelley and the riots of last night. Coroners' juries on the men lynched in each case found that "he came to his death by injuries at the hands of persons unknown to us."

* * *

Identifies Members of Mob.

Sheriff Davis, in an extended interview, told of recognizing several members of the mob which took James from his care last night.

Just what steps will be taken to bring those implicated in the uprising to trial has not yet been determined.

Mayor George Parsons said he was asleep and heard no shot or other sound to indicate that the city was in the grasp of a lawless horde.

Alexander M. Wilson, State's Attorney, stated that he was in several parts of the city trying to quell the mob spirit, but would not say that he recognized any of its leaders.

"I am ready to do everything that my own office requires of me in the premises," said the State's Attorney.

* * *

Special Grand Jury.

"The question of calling a special grand jury is one to be decided by the Circuit Court. We shall have a regular grand jury in December and I shall present to it any evidence that comes into my possession before that time. I don't expect to collect that evidence myself, as detective work is not a part of my duties."

While the local authorities had previously declared that the evidence against "Froggy" James was purely circumstantial, to-day they laid stress upon new evidences of his guilt. The work of the bloodhounds which traced the negro's movements had been corroborated by several witnesses, they declared. They asserted the gag used on the girl had been practically identified as one of James' handkerchiefs.

The only ground for holding Alexander was declared to be the alleged dying confession of James.

The police searched for the missing money, handbag and bracelets of the murdered girl. They found nothing.

* * *

Blame For Riot Conditions.

Blame for the riot conditions is generally ascribed by the officials to an inadequate police force and the fact that many men accused of felonies have been acquitted on trial here, despite seemingly strong evidence against them.

"A whole regiment of soldiers could not have stopped the work of last night's mob," declared Mayor Parsons, and Sheriff Davis echoed his sentiment, adding: "There would have been wholesale bloodshed had soldiers been here last night."

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Sheriff's Story of Wanderings.

The Sheriff, after detailing his wanderings in the woods, told of leaving James with a deputy while he went to Karnak to get food.

"The postmaster at Karnack, also the storekeeper there, recognized me," said Mr. Davis. "Therefore we made a detour about the town and walked east five miles to Belknap and struck through the woods until the water drove us to the railroad track. We entered a house to rest, but were warned by a citizen of Belknap that a crowd had left Cairo to intercept us. So we took to the country again, walking across cornfields for a couple of miles and then sitting down on a log to await nightfall, under cover of which we hoped to reach Metropolis, twelve miles east.

"The whistling of the train warned us that the crowd had reached Belknap. We lay down in some tall weeds to conceal ourselves, but in a few minutes two scouting parties passed us, one of whom was the Karnak postmaster, carrying a gun. The next party espied us.

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Mob Surrounds Prisoner.

"I told these men that James was in my official custody, but the man on the stump fired several shots in the air and the crowd began to gather. One of the party was Mr. Logan, of Cairo. I appealed to him to see that no violence was committed.

"He assured me that all they asked was that James be taken back to Cairo

(Continued On Second Page.)

CURTISS' MACHINE MEETS WITH ACCIDENT

DIRIGIBLES TAKE FIRST HONORS AT LATONIA MEET.

WILLARD ENTERTAINS CROWD WITH SPECTACULAR FLIGHTS.

BALLOON RACE TO THE COAST.

Cincinnati, Nov. 12.—The dirigibles easily carried off first honors at the opening of the Cincinnati Aero Club's meet at the Latonia racetrack to-day. An accident to Glenn H. Curtiss' aeroplane, after the aviator had made a couple of short flights, put an end to hopes that the winner of the international cup at Rheims would supply a sensation. Charles F. Willard, the only other contestant, made flights of several hundred yards in a straight line.

The most noteworthy feature of the day was the perfect control over their machines which was displayed by the pilots, both of the dirigibles and aeroplanes. In three of the former Roy Knabenshue, Lincoln Beachey and Cromwell Dixon swept around the track, intersected it, swept over and above each other and finally came back to earth, each time within a few feet of the spot from which they had started. Young Dixon, who is only 17 years old, won applause by rising to a height of over 2,000 feet and performing a number of intricate evolutions at that altitude.

On account of Curtiss' accident, which occurred through a collision with a team, the burden of supporting the good name of the aeroplane fell upon Willard. While he attempted no long flights he brought the spectators to their feet cheering again and again as he swept past the grandstand, rising and alighting as gently as a bird and maintaining a speed of about twenty-five miles an hour.

The weather conditions were perfect. There was scarcely a breath of wind stirring and it was warm enough to make overcoats unpleasant.

The injury to Curtiss' machine is slight and he announced this evening that he would be prepared to start in the long distance contest to-morrow for the cup which has been offered by the Aero Club.

On Sunday three balloons will start on a race to the coast.

JOHN G. CARLISLE ILL IN NEW YORK

NOTED KENTUCKIAN CONFINED TO HOSPITAL—CONDITION REPORTED FAVORABLE.

New York, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—John Griffin Carlisle, Secretary of the Treasury under Cleveland, is ill in St. Vincent's Hospital in this city. His condition to-night was reported to be satisfactory to his physicians and it is not thought that his illness will be fatal. He was taken sick two days ago and a private room at the hospital was engaged for him. It was thought that the conditions there would be more favorable than at the Manhattan Club, where he has been living for the past few years when he was in the city.

The house which he occupied at 2 Grammercy Park was given up three years ago. Since then Mr. Carlisle has made his home in Washington, although he has had an office at 30 Broad street. He has been engaged in practicing law since his retirment from public life in 1897.

The hospital authorities were very reticent about giving out information of his condition this evening, but telegrams of a reassuring nature were sent to Mr. Carlisle's friends all over the country who had heard of his illness.

Dr. J. D. Bryant, of 32 West Forty-eighth street, who is Mr. Carlisle's physician, said to-night that he saw no reason why his patient should not recover if the present favorable conditions continued for a few days. Mr. Carlisle is 74 years old.

COL. ROOSEVELT AND PARTY WELL

COURIER REPORTS THAT MEMBERS OF AMERICAN HUNTING EXPEDITION ALL RIGHT.

Nakuru, Naivasha Province, British East Africa, Nov. 12.—A courier who arrived here to-day from Guas Ingishue plateau, reported that all members of the American hunting expedition now in the plateau were well.

A careful scrutiny of cable dispatches sent out from here during the past several days proves that the rumor that Col. Roosevelt had met with an accident did not originate here.

Mrs. Roosevelt Sails For Home.

Naples, Nov. 12.—Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt and her daughter, Miss Ethel, boarded the steamer Konig Albert for New York this evening. Several friends bade them farewell. Mrs. Roosevelt has received no direct communication from Col. Roosevelt, but was hopeful that some news from him would come by wireless during the voyage home.

QUICK TRIP TO NEW ENGLAND

President Visits Middletown and Hartford, Conn.

Attends Installation of President of Wesleyan.

Degrees For Taft, Sherman and Senator Root.

MILITARY AND CIVIC PARADE.

Hartford, Conn., Nov. 12.—President Taft added a New England end to his long Western and Southern trip to-day by visits to Middletown and Hartford, attending in the former city this morning the installation of Dr. William A. Shanklin as president of Wesleyan University, and participating in this city to-night in the dedication of the magnificent new State arsenal and armory. The President left at 10:30 o'clock for Washington, where he will arrive to-morrow forenoon. He went direct to his train from a State ball in the armory.

At Middletown it seemed as though half the people of the State participated in the welcome. The town arranged an imposing military and civic parade in his honor. In the armory when the President made a brief speech at the dedicatory exercises, the crowd was so great and restless that few of the thousands could hear what he said.

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Climbs Upon Table.

President Taft climbed upon a table and spoke from that eminence. His action was cheered.

At Wesleyan University, degrees of doctor of laws were conferred upon President Taft, Vice President Sherman, Senator Root and others. The President appeared in the academic procession in collegiate cap and gown, with the purple hood of his Yale degree hung about his neck.

Mr. Taft congratulated Wesleyan upon having selected a teacher as its president. He deplored the idea so often advanced that a university needs a business man at its head, "a man who knows the value of a dollar and how to get it."

Leaving Middletown, after a luncheon and reception in his honor, the President arrived in Hartford shortly before 6 o'clock this evening and went directly to the new armory. The President congratulated Connecticut upon having erected such a splendid building for its National Guard.

* * *

Makes Brief Speech.

"I would be recreant indeed as the representative of the National Government, if, on this occasion," said the President, "I did not express my pleasure that you are co-operating with the Government in this substantial way in making the National Guard what it should be, an effective aid to and protector of the nation.

"Under the Dick bill," he added, "the National Guard is really a part of the army of the United States.

"During the long trip I have just ended, I lost my voice in the vast expanse of Texas. If I attempted to talk longer to you I am afraid I would lose it in the vast expanse of this building."

NO LACK OF WARMTH

In New England's Welcome To President Taft.

Middletown, Conn., Nov. 12.—After having spent nearly a month in the South—and a day in Washington—President Taft came to New England to-day to find a welcome as demonstrative in its way as any during his long period of travel. The President's visit to Middletown was primarily to attend the installation of Dr. William Arnold Shanklin as president of Wesleyan University. The city, however, took to itself a large share of honor and prepared an elaborate military and civic parade, in which Mr. Taft participated.

Vice President Sherman came with Mr. Taft from Washington on board the car Mayflower. The party arrived at 8:30 a. m.

The Wesleyan installation ceremonies were held this morning in Middlesex Theater, and President Taft's address, which he delivered extemporaneously, came next to last on the long programme. Eminent educators, university college presidents from all sections of the country attended. The fact that Dr. Shanklin came from the West to take charge of an old Eastern university had much to do with calling out a large representation from the Eastern colleges as an evidence of hospitable welcome.

President Hadley, of Yale; Dr. Abram W. Harris, Dr. M. W. Stryker, Arthur T. Vanderbilt, Senator Root, of New York, and Stephen H. Olin were among the speakers at the ceremonies of installation.

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Taft In Cap and Gown.

President Taft appeared in cap and gown to deliver his address and was followed by Dr. Shanklin, who delivered a formal inaugural address.

President Taft in his address paid a tribute to the teacher as the college president and decried the idea that the proper man to head an institution of learning was one who "knew the value of a dollar and how to get it."

"It has not been my good fortune," he said, addressing Dr. Shanklin, "to have known you long. I remember that when we met, I, for another presidency, was trying to teach the people how to use their judgment. You will remember that I was talking then, and it seems to me that I have been talking ever since. Therefore, if there is any lack of that polish and elegance which have characterized what has been said here to-day in what I may have to say, you will understand it from what you saw at the time.

"Comparison has been made here to-day of the powers which you will exercise as president of Wesleyan and which I may exercise as President of the United States. I have had some experience in college government in an incidental way, and I want to assure you that the powers which you will exercise are such as you choose to exercise. And it is well that it should be so. I would not advocate, or be understood as advocating a change in the Constitution of the United States. It is excellent. But in the control of institutions like this in order to work out its destiny and its purpose, great power should be vested in its president."

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College Presidents' Influence.

The President spoke of the great influence that the college president has in shaping the careers of young men who are to exercise such an important influence upon the future life of their country.

"There is nothing," continued the President, "which prompts a man to endeavor to keep in a proper course so much as the desire to stand well among the men with whom he went to college for four years, who developed from youth to manhood in the same class and under the same influence with him."

The President referred briefly to the discussion which has waged from time to time as to the advantages of large and small colleges.

WEDDING CARDS AT A LINEN SHOWER.

Mrs. Wade Abell Surprises Friends With Announcement of Secret Wedding.

St. Louis, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Fifteen girl friends who gathered at a linen shower to hear the formal announcement of the engagement of Miss Susie Eibler, of St. Louis, to Wade Abell, son of a Morganfield, Ky., tobacco grower, were amazed by cards announcing their wedding at St. Charles October 4.

The guests had presented their gifts and kept teasing Miss Eibler to name the wedding day, but she told them to wait. As they sat down to luncheon, under their plates they found the cards that caused the amazement. The couple planned to be married in November, but when Abell came to St. Louis for the Centennial festivities, he persuaded his sweetheart to wed him secretly. They will reside at Morganfield.

RECIPROCITY TREATY MAY BE ABROGATED

CUBA'S AGREEMENT WITH SPAIN AROUSES KNOX.

ASKS IF UNITED STATES CONTINUES TO HAVE PREFERENCE.

MUCH DEPENDS ON ANSWER.

Washington, Nov. 12.—The State Department has called upon the Cuban Government for a statement of facts intended to disclose whether or not the newly negotiated treaty between Spain and Cuba constitutes such an arrangement as would destroy the preferential treatment accorded to United States imports into Cuba under the existing Cuban reciprocity treaty. The continuance in force of this treaty, which has done so much to foster trade between Cuba and America, probably depends upon the nature of this answer.

Under the terms of the reciprocity treaty United States imports into Cuba were to be granted a preferential rate ranging between 25 and 40 per cent. on Cuban goods coming into the United States. Now news comes from Madrid that Spain has practically completed a new treaty with Cuba, allowing an abatement of 60 per cent. on Cuban imports into Spain in return for concessions of a like nature on Spanish goods entering Cuba. What the State Department desires to know is whether the rates granted to Spain by Cuba diminish the value of those accorded to the United States.

Article VIII. of the American treaty with Cuba contains this language: "The concession herein granted on the part of the said Republic of Cuba to the products of the United States shall likewise be, and shall continue during the term of this convention, preferential in respect to all like imports from other countries."

Treaty Not Completed.

Havana, Nov. 12.—President Gomez, in an interview to-night, said that as yet he had received no request from the Washington Government for information concerning the trade treaty between Spain and Cuba. This treaty, Senor Gomez said, was merely in the stage of negotiation, and even if it had been completed, it would still require the sanction of the Cuban Senate.

In any event, he added, Cuba never would consider a treaty with any foreign Power that in the remotest degree would jeopardize the interests of the United States.

CLASH OVER WORK ON CUMBERLAND

UPPER RIVER MERCHANTS ARE TRADING IN LOUISVILLE.

CLAIM THAT NASHVILLE WANTS TO BOSS IMPROVEMENTS

DEVELOPS AT CONVENTION.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—During the meeting of the Cumberland River Improvement Association here to-day it developed that there is a widespread revolt of business men and bankers along the river above Carthage against the Nashville Board of Trade because the upper river people say the Nashville merchants are making vigorous efforts to have Congress improve the river below Nashville and above Nashville to Carthage and stop there. They claim the Board of Trade has been fostering this scheme to the detriment of the river trade between Carthage and Burnside.

It is rumored to-night that the upper river insurgents are going to have a meeting at Celina soon to consider the situation. One of their purposes will be to put a boat in the upper river which will operate between Carthage or Granville and Burnside and that the merchants will throw their trade to Cincinnati and Louisville. In fact, it is said many of the merchants have already changed from Nashville to the rival cities. The opposition to Nashville has been growing for several months.

The convention was called to order to-day with former Congressman W. J. Stone, of Kentucky, in the chair. The convention was welcomed by Gov. Patterson on behalf of the State and Mayor Howse on the part of the city. Chairman Stone responded to the addresses of welcome.

The report of the secretary was then read, after which committees were appointed.

Among those who will address the convention are Congressman Ollie James, of Kentucky; Congressmen Hull, Houston and Byrne, of Tennessee, and Senator James B. Frazier, of this State.

BANK PRESIDENT IS STILL ALIVE

Thomas Hoal May Answer To But One Murder.

Exonerates Negroes In Detailed Story of Crime.

Funeral of "Gary" Fawcett Takes Place To-day.

Successor To Late Cashier Named Yesterday.

Floyd County Grand Jury Begins Investigation.

FATHER VISITS BANDIT SON.

J. K. Woodward, the New Albany bank president who was shot down by Thomas Jefferson Hoal, also known as Hall, the boy bandit, in New Albany an Thursday morning, is still alive. He spent a fairly restful night, but his condition is most critical. Walter Tucker, the negro chauffeur, who was forced, at the point of a pistol, to convey Hoal in an automobile from Louisville to New Albany, and who was later shot in the side as he was attempting to make his escape from the Merchants' National Bank, New Albany, was able to make a detailed statement covering his harrowing experience with Hoal, last night.

Hoal himself made a statement at the Jeffersonville Reformatory yesterday, in which he told practically everything having to do with the attempted bank robbery which resulted in the killing of "Gary" Fawcett, cashier; the probable fatal wounding of J. K. Woodward, bank president; the shooting of the negro chauffeur, and his own arrest. In his statement the boy bandit exonerated Henry Alexander, colored porter at the bank, and Walter Tucker, the negro chauffeur.

* * *

Indictment Likely To-day.

Hoal was not given a preliminary hearing yesterday. He is still in the Jeffersonville Reformatory for safekeeping and will not be returned to the New Albany jail until the authorities are convinced that no danger for the murderer attaches to the transfer. The Floyd county grand jury, in session in New Albany, began an investigation of the case yesterday, and likely will return an indictment against young Hoal to-day, charging him with murder and an attempt to rob, and making unnecessary a preliminary hearing in Police Court.

The funeral of J. Hangary Fawcett, the bank cashier who was shot through the heart in the Merchants' National Bank, New Albany, Thursday morning, will take place from the residence in DePauw Place that city, this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The funeral services will be conducted by the Rev. Frank W. Grossman, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, New Albany, and the burial will be in Fairview cemetery, New Albany.

* * *

Excitement Still Tense.

Excitement had not subsided in New Albany last night over the tragedy. People talked about nothing else. Throughout the day hundreds of persons called at the bank to examine the premises, to take a look at the door where the bandit entered and to discuss other features of the tragedy. The bank officers held a meeting yesterday morning and elected George A. Newhouse cashier to succeed J. Hangary Fawcett. Mr. Newhouse has been employed in the bank for sixteen years, and came near losing his life in the attempt to protect the bank's funds when the robber entered the institution.

HOAL MEETS HIS SON IN PRISON

WEEPS AS HE TELLS HIS BOY HE CAN DO NOTHING.

Face to face, William J. Hoal, of 802 Preston street, and his murderous bandit son, Thomas J. Hoal, met in the private office of Capt. Leon Leaf, assistant superintendent of the Indiana Reformatory in Jeffersonville, yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The father had reached the institution shortly after 12 o'clock, but Maj. D. C. Peyton, general superintendent of the institution, did not have time to accompany the parent until two hours later. The meeting at first was a casual one and when the eyes of father and son came together neither spoke. Finally Mr. Hoal broke the suspense and said:

* * *

Father Breaks Silence.

"Tom, Tom, what in the world did you do that for? What caused such a thing to enter your head?"

The son made no reply, but his lips twitched as if he would like to say something but could not. The father then broke down and began to cry like a child. He could not utter a word and he sobbed loudly. For the first time the boy exhibited some sense of feeling and tears began to trickle down his cheeks. Still he did not answer, but sat looking at his grief-stricken father. There was a stillness about the room and no one saw fit to break it until Mr. Hoal became more composed.

Then the father and son began to talk in a general way. The boy seemed to realize for the first time that he was in trouble that he could not find a way out of through yellow-back novels. He made no attempt to deny anything and admitted to his father that he had left

(Continued On Third Page.)

Saturday Candy

Our strictly Pure Candies are made on the premises by a competent, clean, sanitary man, who uses only the best and purest materials. They are healthful, wholesome, palatable and moderately priced and can be had fresh every day.

Fine Assorted Chocolate and Bonbons, in all flavors; none better, none purer; regular 40c grade; price for Saturday at lb. **28c**

Assorted Cream Kisses with walnut, nesselrode pudding, vanilla and maple flavors. A good 40c candy at, lb... **30c**

John C. Lewis Co.
(Incorporated)



Another 10% Advance

Has been imposed by the DE BEERS CO., of South Africa. Our advance knowledge of this fact, coupled with large purchases for cash, has been responsible for our recent large sales in competition. Let us convince you. See the Diamond unset and have it mounted to your own taste.

JAS. K. LEMON & SON,
(Incorporated) 411 Fourth.

MILITIA BRINGS QUIET AT CAIRO

(Continued From First Page.)

and given a speedy trial. I promised them that this was to be done and they then started us toward the train.

"Someone had set fire to the vacant house in which we had taken refuge, and as we passed it there were cries of 'Burn him.'

"While waiting for the train South I was asked to pick six men to question James. This committee received no answer from James except 'not guilty.'

* * *

Threw Rope Around His Neck.

"In the train I seated myself beside the prisoner, but as we approached Tenth street, in Cairo, someone threw a rope around his neck. I at once took it off and was then struck several blows by members of the party. Others dragged James from the train, several members of the mob pushing me to one side. I heard no confession from James and nothing to indicate that he had implicated Alexander in the tragedy."

* * *

Entire Regiment On Guard.

The entire Fourth Regiment of the Illinois National Guard was on duty to-night. Besides the two companies that accompanied James North, there were nine commands in the city. Headquarters were established in the armory, the companies erecting "pup" tents in the courthouse yard.

* * *

Politics Played Part.

Local politics was generally blamed for failure of the courts to convict and in some instances there were open charges that the peace officers here had long been lax in their activities.

Mayor Parsons asserted that it had been a strain on the city's finances to support its police force of fourteen men and two officers and that the police had not received the support of public opinion that they deserved. He instanced a case in which a policeman had been killed by a man he was attempting to arrest, yet the slayer had escaped punishment. He acknowledged that politics had played a part in many cases.

KENTUCKIANS MADE UP PART OF CAIRO MOB.

Delegation of 500 From Ballard County Assisted In Lynching James and Salzner.

Paducah, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—In an interview with T. J. Moore, a local detective, who witnessed the lynchings at Cairo last night, it was learned that the nerve of the Cairo mob was furnished by about 500 Kentuckians from Ballard county, which borders on the Mississippi River across from Cairo. Many of them were already in the Illinois city, and the remainder went over early in the evening.

People were heard to remark during the excitement when the lynching, shooting and burning were taking place:

"Those Kentuckians are all right, aren't they?"

After the affair was over members of the mob were regretful that they had not burned the negro before killing him. Detective Moore said the mob was determined and that the few Cairo militiamen who assembled in the armory would have been powerless to preserve order. The mob was determined, well armed and would no doubt have caused heavy bloodshed had the Cairo soldiers attempted to stop it.

Henry Salzner, the white man lynched, married a Paducah woman. She was the daughter of H. H. Jones, a well-known carpenter residing at 1218 Clay street. Her body was buried here August 20.

BROUGHTON BRANDENBURG ON TRIAL IN ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, Nov. 12.—The taking of testimony in the trial of Broughton Brandenburg, a magazine writer, charged with abducting James S. Cabanne III., began here to-day. A jury was obtained late yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Cabanne-Brandenburg, mother of the boy, who was found with Brandenburg when he was arrested in San Francisco, is to testify for her husband.

UNDER KNIFE

Tumor Removed From Judge Robert Stout.

EXPECTED TO BE OUT IN A FEW DAYS.

TWO WILL CONTESTS FILED AT CYNTHIANA.

SCHOOL BEQUESTS INVOLVED.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Judge Robert L. Stout, of Versailles, Circuit Judge in the district comprising Franklin, Woodford, Bourbon and Scott counties, was operated on this afternoon at St. Joseph's Hospital and a tumor removed from his abdomen. Mrs. Stout, who is dean of women at Kentucky State University and who is at her husband's bedside, stated to-night that the operation seemed to have been successful; that Judge Stout had rallied quickly, and that it was expected he would be fully recovered in a few days. Mrs. Stout stated that the operation was a simple one and not considered at all dangerous.

TWO WILL CONTESTS.

Litigation Over Estates Left For Education of Men and Women.

Cynthiana, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—A petition has been filed in the Harrison County Circuit Court by George B. Todd, of Augusta, Ga., contesting the will of his sister, the late Mattie D. Todd. The petition was filed October 23, 1909, too late for hearing at the present term of court. It will probably be heard at the next term of court. The petition denies that the document admitted to probate is the last will and testament of Miss Todd.

The suit is brought against the Security Trust Company of Lexington, which was named as executor. Miss Todd cut off her half-brother with $1. Her property was left to her aunt, Mrs. Eliza McIntosh, during her life; at her death to the Soul Winners' Society, of Lexington, as a perpetual fund, provided Central University surrendered a note for $1,000 held against Mrs. McIntosh. In case an effort was made to collect the note the whole estate was to go to the Kentucky State University to create a fund for the education of poor young men from the Kentucky mountains.

J. P. Hodson contests the will of his father, the late James M. Hodson, and the case will be heard the third week of the present term of court. J. M. Hodson left his property to his wife, Mrs. Betsy Hodson, during her life. After her death the property was to be sold and the proceeds constitute a fund under the control of Harrison county for the education of young white women of the county. The suit is being brought against R. M. Collier, executor, and Mrs. E. C. Hodson.

COON HUNTER KILLED.

John Rowsey Struck By Tree He Was Felling.

Danville, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—John Rowsey, of the west end of this county, was killed this morning by the falling of a large oak tree. With a party of friends Rowsey had spent the night coon hunting and early this morning a coon was treed by the dogs in a large oak. As the tree was hard to climb, the hunters decided to cut it down. As the tree fell it lodged in a sapling. Mr. Rowsey proceeded to cut the sapling in order to allow the oak to fall. The oak fell with a sudden crash and Mr. Rowsey was killed instantly. Henry Lewis, a companion, narrowly escaped. Mr. Rowsey was a son of the late George Rowsey and is survived by a wife and four small children.

CHARGES ASSAULT.

Mrs. Ransom Roberts Makes Affidavit Against Earl Thompson.

Williamstown, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—There was a new development in the case of Mrs. Ransom Roberts to-day when she came to Williamstown and swore to an affidavit that Earl Thompson, the negro, had assaulted her. Immediately after the facts became known feeling was at fever heat again. It was rumored that Thompson would be brought here from Georgetown for a hearing and it is alleged the officers were warned not to bring the negro here if they did not want a daylight lynching. It is also stated that Judge Cammack will be asked to hold a special term of the Grant Circuit Court to try the negro, but it is not thought he will grant the request.

FIRST SALES MONDAY.

Carrollton's Loose Leaf Market To Open On That Date.

Carrollton, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—The management of the independent loose leaf tobacco warehouse here, which has just been completed at a cost of $25,000, announce that their opening sales will be held on next Monday. There will be about 200,000 pounds of the choice Burley leaf of Carroll and adjoining counties offered at the opening sales.

Buyers from Louisville and Cincinnati and other places will be on hand to bid on the offerings.

Convenience For Shoppers.

Paducah, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—The Illinois Central has granted the request of the Commercial Club not to change the time of the evening passenger train leaving here for Cairo. The company contemplated changing the time from 6:15 p. m. to 8:30 p. m., which would have placed the shoppers between here and Cairo at their homes so late that they would have to go to Cairo to trade. The matter was taken up with the railroad officials by wire and they will make only a slight change. After November 15 the train will leave at 6:20 p. m.

Investigation of Bribery Charges.

Newport, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—An investigation of the bribery charges against Scott Shoemaker, finance clerk in the Newport post-office, and a probe into a number of the poolroom cases in the Circuit Court was commenced to-day by Post-office Inspector Swayne.

Scott Shoemaker was arrested a fortnight ago on an affidavit sworn to by Judge C. W. Yungblut, of the Circuit Court, charging him with attempting to influence the disposal of a number of poolroom cases.

Medicine Men Choose Officers.

Elizabethtown, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—The Hardin County Medical Society elected the following officers: Dr. C. C. Carroll, of White Mills, president; Dr. D. E. McClure, of Sonora, vice president; Dr. J. M. English, secretary and treasurer. Dr. C. T. Riggs, of Upton, was elected delegate to the State Medical Association, which meets at Lexington October 21 and 22, 1910.

Confederate Daughters Elect Officers.

Elizabethtown, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—The Ben Hardin Helm chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy elected the following officers: Mrs. H. S. Hardin, president; Mrs. S. H. Bush, first vice president; Mrs. Harry Mantle, second vice president; Miss Emily, recording secretary; Mrs. D. W. Scott, corresponding secretary; Mrs. La Rue Cresap, treasurer, and Miss Elizabeth Gaines, historian.

KNOX NEW YORK

The superior finish and quality of

Knox Hats

are due to finest materials in the hands of skilled workmen.

Gentlemen's Hats
SPENCER HAT CO.
Ladies' Hats
STEWART DRY GOODS CO.
(Incorporated.)

Fatal Hunting Accident.

Maysville, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Marshall Blanton, aged 19 years, who lived three miles west of here, accidentally killed himself to-day while hunting with his older brother, Marcus, in Charleston bottoms. The young man was climbing a fence and in some manner his gun was discharged, the contents entering his body and killing him instantly.

Fled In Night Clothes.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—The family of John Alexander barely escaped with their lives when their home was burned early this morning. The origin of the fire is unknown. The family had only time to gather up a few belongings and escaped in their night clothes. The loss is $2,500, with only part insurance.

Reinstated As Superintendent.

Benton, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Charles Jones, who was removed from office by order of Judge Holland Tuesday, gave the special bond as treasurer of the county board of education, and the Judge set aside the order declaring the office vacant and reinstated him as County School Superintendent.

Change In Coal Holdings.

Barbourville, Ky., Nov. 12.—Local operators have taken over the property of the old Artemus-Jellico Coal Company at Artemus, and are making extensive improvements on the plant. Shipments of coal will begin at an early date.

Will Answer Charges.

Cadiz, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—A number of the defendants from this county in the night rider suits will leave Sunday for Paducah, where the cases will be called in the Federal Court Monday morning.

School Children Lose Books.

Paducah, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—The Lee school, near Needmore, in the county, was burned. The fire is thought to have been of incendiary origin. The pupils lost their books.

JUDGE MOORE HAS NINETEEN BLUE TIES

FAR AHEAD OF NEAREST RIVALS AT HORSE SHOW.

WATSON STABLE HAS BUT ONE FIRST TO DATE.

CRACKS IN SADDLE CLASS.

New York, Nov. 12.—With Horse Show week drawing to its close, it became apparent to-night that Judge William Moore has already established a record never before equalled in the history of the National Association. His eleven entries have thus far taken nineteen firsts, six seconds and one third, a showing all the more remarkable in that C. W. Watson, of Baltimore, who swept everything before him last summer at the international horse show in London and the open air meets on this side, has only one first, six seconds and six thirds to share among eighteen entries, while Alfred and Reginald Vanderbilt, with thirty-seven horses between them, have captured but two blues, seven seconds and seven thirds.

The lively interest in draught horses shown by the crowd is deemed a healthy symptom by breeders. The judging of the class for the best saddle horse for park riding aroused great interest.

For the past two years thoroughbreds were the winners, Brigand and Robador. This time the three judges seemed to look more at the charming style and faces of the riders than they did of the horses. Robador, ridden by Harvey S. Ladew, was an early one to get the gate. The judges awarded first prize to a horse ridden by one woman and the second prize to a horse ridden by another, and the way they wiped their eyes with big silk handkerchiefs they seemed to be regretting that there were no other prizes that they could award the horses ridden by the fair sex. The winner, the bay mare, Vesta Tilly, was admirably ridden by Mrs. John Gerkin and it certainly possessed delightful manners. The horse placed second, a chestnut mare named Rosalind, was perhaps the finest in conformation and the most handsome, using the word in the Kentucky sense, of motion and manners ever seen in the Garden ring. Mrs. W. A. McGibbon bought the horse in Louisville a short time ago and she rode it in the competition with most consummate skill. Overlooked, but that would have been placed in another class, was the chestnut gelding Rockin, a winner at New Jersey and Long Island shows, very cleverly ridden by Mrs. L. A. Dalrymple. Percival, Sarno, which had Mrs. Thomas J. Regan in the saddle, and Fashion Plate.

SERIOUS OPERATION ON MRS. WILLSON.

Governor Wires He Is Confident That the Result Will Be Successful.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Private Secretary M. R. Todd to-night received the following telegram from Gov. Willson regarding the operation performed on Mrs. Willson by the New York specialists:

"McKenzie Todd, Secretary, Frankfort, Ky.: State that Dr. Royal Whitman operated on Mrs. Willson's shoulder, wrist and hand at 8 o'clock this morning at private hospital, 33 East Third street. Operation severe. Confident good results, but suffering extreme pain with high courage.
"AUGUSTUS E. WILLSON."

THOMAS DUNCAN GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER.

Evansville, Ind., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Thomas Duncan, of Cannelton, Ind., was found guilty of manslaughter in the Spencer county Circuit Court at Rockport to-day and sentenced to the State Reformatory for from two to fourteen years. He shot and killed a deckhand on an Ohio River steamer.

WEST INDIAN

Hurricane Does Great Damage In Jamaica.

PROPERTY DAMAGE AROUND KINGSTON IS $500,000.

STORM HEADED TOWARD THE BERMUDA ISLANDS.

ATLANTIC COAST IS SAFE.

Kingston, Jamaica, Nov. 10, via Holland Bay, Jamaica, Nov. 12.—From the fragmentary reports from the countryside the damage resulting from the storms and floods which have raged throughout the island since last Friday is enormous. Landslides are numerous on the main railroad and communication has been completely cut off. Many bridges have been carried away.

Property in and around Kingston has suffered severely, the damage sustained being $500,000. The main culverts of the city's water supply system have been destroyed and it has been impossible to effect repairs. The recorded rainfall from November 6 to November 10 was forty-eight inches. There are no signs yet of the weather breaking. Communication was established to-day with the north coast by steamer. All telegraph wires are down and messages are being sent from Kingston to the cable by boat.

The banana plantations in the north and northeastern portions of the islands have been badly hit by the storm. The fruit trade is at a standstill and it is impossible to get the bananas to the ports for shipment.

The United Fruit Company's steamer Bradford, which went ashore at Port Antonio, is a total wreck.

GREAT DAMAGE DONE.

Estimated That 500,000 Stems of Bananas Were Lost.

Key West, Fla., Nov. 12.—The naval station here has received a wireless message this afternoon from Guantanamo stating that a destructive hurricane struck Northeast Jamaica Wednesday, continuing Thursday with unprecedented rainfall. Railroads were washed out and telegraph and cable connections interrupted.

Great damage was done to the crops. It is estimated that 500,000 stems of bananas were lost.

The dispatch stated that the United States supply ship Eagle was driven into a pier at Kingston, but was later towed away from its dangerous position. The fruit steamer Bradford and steamer Amada were washed ashore, but the latter was successfully floated.

HEADING FOR BAHAMAS.

Not Likely That West Indian Hurricane Will Strike Atlantic Coast.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Central this morning in the Caribbean Sea, northeast of Jamaica between Cuba and Hayti, the tropical disturbance, which undoubtedly caused considerable damage on the island of Jamaica last Saturday, is moving slowly in a northeasterly direction toward the windward passage and heading almost directly for the Bahamas and Bermudas.

The disturbance to-day is nearer to Hayti than to Cuba and reports to the Weather Bureau indicate that it is moving very slowly. Meteorological experts of the Weather Bureau expressed the belief that the storm was of very retarded development, and that it lingered over Jamaica for some days.

No trouble is expected along the Atlantic Coast of the United States from the disturbance, the officials believing the storm will continue its course in a northerly or northeasterly direction into the North Atlantic, sweeping across the Bahamas and probably striking the Bermuda Islands.

OLDEST LAWYER IN STATE DEAD

MAJ. E. W. HAWKINS, AGED NINETY-FIVE YEARS, DIES IN NEWPORT.

Cincinnati, Nov. 12.—Maj. E. W. Hawkins, aged 95 years, the oldest attorney in the State of Kentucky, died at his home in Newport to-day. For seventy-five years he practiced law in various courts in Kentucky. He was well known throughout the State.

Deaths In Trigg County.

Cadiz, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. Eddie Greenwood, wife of C. B. Greenwood, of this place, died Wednesday of congestion of the brain. She was about 45 years of age. She is survived by a husband and three children and several brothers and sisters.

John Mitchell, a farmer of the Wallonia neighborhood, died after an illness of several months. He was about 40 years of age and is survived by a wife and two small daughters.

Mrs. Elizabeth Uptigrove Dead.

New Haven, Ky., Nov. 12.—Mrs. Elizabeth Uptigrove, wife of John Uptigrove, died this morning at the old homestead, five miles south of this place. Mrs. Uptigrove came of one of the pioneer families of this section. She is survived by her husband and four children.

Dies At Hot Springs.

Paducah, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—August N. Veal, aged 52 years, a prominent tobacco merchant of this city, died at Hot Springs, Ark. Until a few weeks ago he was local salesman for the Planters' Protective Association. He is survived by his wife and four children.

Leitchfield Merchant Dies.

Leitchfield, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Wallace Kelly, son of Giles Kelly, died last night of tuberculosis. He leaves a wife and son. Mr. Kelly was a merchant.

Only One "BROMO QUININE" That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

SPIRIT, NOT LETTER OF BIBLE, WORD OF GOD.

The Conclusion Arrived At By Conference of Hebrew Rabbis In New York.

New York, Nov. 12.—The conference of American rabbis was squarely confronted to-day by the perplexities of Hebraic higher criticism.

"I have been delving to fathom the meaning of reformed Judaism as manifested by this conference," Rabbi Ehrenrick, of Montgomery, Ala., informed his hearers, "but without result. We have been told that the Talmud is not the word of God; that the Midrash is not the word of God, and now we are told by the president of the Union Hebrew College that the Bible is not the word of God. What, then, are we to hold up to the children as authority for the word of God?"

"The spirit, not the letter," was the reply he received from the convention.

IMMORAL WAGES.

Equal Rights Delegates Discuss Poorly-Paid Girls.

DECENCY INCOMPATIBLE WITH $3 A WEEK, THEY SAY.

DR. ANNA HOWARD SHAW LECTURES MILL WOMEN.

BIG SESSION AT NIGHT.

The two-days' annual convention of the Kentucky Equal Rights Association came to a close with a big meeting at the Woman's Club last night, after two meetings during the day. The daylight sessions were taken up mainly with reports and the appointment of two or three minor officers and the adoption of resolutions. Several good talks were made by various of the delegates, among them Mrs. Nield, Miss Robinson and Miss Clay. Among the important subjects taken up for discussion were the methods of raising funds, the conditions of laboring women and the monster petition asking equal suffrage which is being circulated throughout the country and which will be presented at the next national Congress. Last night the largest crowd which has gathered in the auditorium of the Woman's Club in years heard Dr. Anna Howard Shaw deliver a powerful arraignment of the present social system.

It was a fashionable audience of Kentucky men and women that sat almost spellbound for an hour and a quarter last night and listened to Dr. Shaw's address, "Woman and Democracy." People who had come to smile stayed to meet the leader of the woman's suffrage movement in America. With the thought of some of her whimsical humor and bright wit in mind, possibly every man and woman left the building with food for more serious thought on the subject of American politics and political conditions than he or she has had for many a long day.

* * *

Goes After Fossils.

Dr. Shaw said that women's victory and success in the equal rights' movement began with the arousing of her civic consciousness. She said that if the Legislature carried the school suffrage law it would show that the lawmakers realized that women know more about rearing children than men. The speaker showed that women hesitated about asserting their rights in suffrage



MRS. JAMES BENNETT,
Daughter of Cassius M. Clay.

through hundreds of years of suppression and that they now have to contend with an awful conservatism—that women were now fighting the prejudice of centuries. "And conservatism means," declared Dr. Shaw, "ignorance, laziness and cowardice, although real conservatism would be evolutionary in thought. The innate fear of women has kept them down," she said.

The alleged curiosity and vanity of women as against the "deep and profound desire for research" and a "proper pride" in men was treated with such delicate wit by Dr. Shaw that she kept the house in an uproar of laughter. She told the women that they must develop self-respect to succeed. She told them that men do not respect women as they respect each other, and that man's love and devotion to women was analogous to woman's love and devotion to her baby.

"We have never yet tried real democracy," declared Dr. Shaw. "We have but a partial democracy, and need we wonder when the greatest students of national forms of government in the world declare that the democracy of this republic is a failure. A partial democracy has always been a failure," she asserted, "and there will come success only when the United States has a true democracy—equal suffrage.

* * *

What Democracy Means.

"Democracy means first, the right of every human being to life; secondly, the right of the individual the opportunity to live, and thirdly, the right of every human being the opportunity to earn a living," said Dr. Shaw.

As Dr. Shaw went along, she went more deeply into the science of politics. She took up the question of the present-day cry that women were crowding the men in the industrial fields. Then, in a masterful manner, Dr. Shaw told why and showed why women were going into the industrial world. She drew a graphic picture of the conditions of the laboring classes in every city in the country, but particularly in the slums of New York City. She took occasion to make a plea for the working masses.

"Woman are workin and entering the fields of men's employment because if she lives she must work, and too often she must work and toil if her husband and children are to live," declared the women's leader.

Continuing, she said that the citizen can only serve his country through citizenship.

* * *

Good Advice To Police.

Dealing with the great problem of properly policing our cities, Dr. Shaw said that primarily the policeman was on the job to prevent crime—not to arrest the criminal after he had committed the crime. She said that when men say that women are being well protected they need only take up the morning paper and find, day after day, gruesome accounts of outrages committed on women in every part of the country. She drew a distressing picture of conditions surrounding and making possible white slave traffic and the dreadful crime of "procuring." For a time Dr. Shaw digressed from the equal rights argument and gave countless illustrations of evil conditions in which the American women are thrown to-day. She advocated women policemen as watchmen, and offered the argument of more playgrounds for children as a remedy for the growing necessity of juvenile courts for the children.

"If the present system of police work cannot protect womankind, then give to the mothers of girls the power to protect them from the multitude of iniquity," said Dr. Shaw.

Besides the principal address of the evening Mrs. James A. Leech, president of the Federation of Women's Clubs, made an address of greeting in which she spoke of the school suffrage question, the fight on consumption and civic pride. S. Thruston Ballard made a short talk in which he commended the work of the women in ameliorating evil working conditions for girls, and Mrs. C. B. Robinson introduced Dr. Shaw in a graceful little speech.

The fourth session of the Kentucky Equal Rights Association took place in the assembly room of the Public Library building at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. Most of the time was taken up with the reports of the various committees.

Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, accompanied by Mrs. Charles Nield and several other ladies of the Equal Rights Association, made a tour of Ballard's mills yesterday morning and gave a ten-minute talk to the young women of the office force before leaving. Dr. Shaw spoke to them of labor conditions for women in all occupations and of the desirability of the ballot for women in order that the women of the country may have some voice in the laws which control and affect wages for women as well as for men.

"There are now 6,000,000 women in the United States," said Dr. Shaw, "who are wage-earners. We are accused of crowding the men out of positions, but that is not true. Men never raise the slightest objection to women working until the work becomes profitable to her; then there is much hue and cry about 'women usurping men's positions.' Any work is all right for a woman until it comes to pay well, then it is 'man's work.' Women are no longer ashamed of doing a good day's work for a good day's wage," said Dr. Shaw. "It is of vital importance to contribute something of usefulness to the world, as so many women are doing."

Dr. Shaw expressed herself as greatly pleased with the conditions surrounding the women employed at Ballard's mills. Their lunch room, rest room and bakeshop elicited her hearty commendation, and she told the young women something of less favorable conditions which exist elsewhere for so many wage-earners.

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Industrial Problems Discussed.

The afternoon session began with devotional exercises at 2 o'clock. Following the reading of the minutes, Mrs. Charles A. Nield was appointed State historian and the press chairman and the advisory committee were appointed.

The morning's business was taken up where it had been left off when the session was adjourned. Mrs. Nield then discussed "Industrial Problems Affecting Women and Children." In her address, which really was more of a declaration giving food for thought and indicating a fertile field for action, Mrs. Nield made one of the most interesting talks which has been heard at the convention. She made reports on the good effects that are already being harvested from the new child labor law, which the last Legislature enacted through the activity of the Consumers' League and the Association of Women's Clubs. Mrs. Nield declared, however, that some plan should be put into action which should make it possible and compulsory for the children of school age to get more schooling—longer terms and more of them.

One of the strong points that the speaker made was that the man who fails to send his children to school should be deprived of suffrage, and that the school superintendents who habitually and carelessly failed to make reports of the failure of children to attend school, should be fined. Among other things that Mrs. Nield discussed were the problems that confront working women and girls. She told of evil conditions which had come under her personal observation, and told with an earnestness of manner that made a deep impression of the low wages that the working women received.

* * *

Decency and Low Wages.

"No woman or girl can live decently and dress herself on $3 or $3.50 a week. We have the deplorable state of seeing women and girls on the streets and in the resorts every day, who are actually the victims of the low-wage conditions," said Mrs. Nield. "The shame of the social evil is being forced on thousands of working girls on account of the poor wages."

In a very pleasing manner Miss Virginia Robinson told of the Equal Suffrage movement in the segregated colleges and among the college women. She brought to light the purpose of the College Equal Suffrage League and discussed the plans of the league in promulgating the spirit of equal rights in the colleges throughout the country. She showed how much advancement had already been made by this organization, which is now only a little more than a year old. Miss Robinson's talk was well received.

The plan for raising money was next discussed, and after much arguing pro and con it was decided by a vote of the house that the free-will-offering method be employed in the future as heretofore.

Miss Clay, who was in the chair, proposed that plans be made by the executive committee to offer prizes for essays on woman's suffrage in this State. The proposition was afterward ratified by the delegates, and before long it is expected that Kentucky will be flooded with literature on the subject. After a great deal of discussion the resolutions offered by the resolution committee were accepted. Those who came in for honorable mention were the Public Library folks, the newspapers, the speakers and the audiences.

Mrs. James Bennett's resolution, which sought to rip the present judiciary system to pieces, and which was radical in the extreme, was the piece de resistance over which Mrs. Bennett and the chair argued for half an hour. Miss Clay very ably defended the judiciary system, and saved the incident from becoming extremely unpleasant.

* * *

Still Hunt For 1,000,000 Names.

Dr. Anna Howard Shaw closed the afternoon's session with a discussion of the petitions which are being circulated broadcast throughout the country seeking the signatures of men. It is hoped that one million names will have been secured by the time the next National Congress meets in Washington next winter. Dr. Shaw told the women folk here just how to lure the man into the presence of the petition and then just how to hold him until he signs the paper that will set the mothers, sisters, wives, sweethearts and cousins free.

The session adjourned at 4:30 o'clock in order that the delegates and visitors at the library meeting would have time to get to the reception which was given at the Woman's Club from 5 o'clock until 6. Members of the Woman's Club acted as hostesses, and Dr. Shaw was the honor guest.

QUOTES SCRIPTURE

In Effort To Justify Women Who Seek Suffrage.

Mrs. James Bennett, of Richmond, Ky., daughter of Cassius M. Clay, read a paper at yesterday's session. It follows in part:

In II. Timothy St. Paul says: "All Scripture is given by inspiration of God, and is profitable for doctrine, for reproof, for correction, for instruction in righteousness; that the man of God may be perfected; thoroughly furnished unto all good works."

So I have copied one verse from the Old Testament Scripture and one from the new, to read to-day, in the expectation that with their help I can show that it is the religious duty of women to ask men for the ballot. I have copied the seventeenth verse of the nineteenth chapter of Leviticus from the Old Testament, in which God, in speaking to Jewish men and women by the mouth of Moses, used these words: "Thou shalt not hate thy brother in thine heart; thou shalt in any wise rebuke thy neighbor, and not suffer sin upon him."

And I have copied the third verse of the seventeenth chapter of Luke from the New Testament, in which Christ, in speaking to His disciples—who at that time were composed of Jewish men and women exclusively—used these words: "Take heed to yourselves; if thy brother trespasses against thee rebuke him, and if he repents forgive him."

* * *

Calls It Slavery.

In some of his published works Benjamin Franklin has said: "They who have neither voice nor vote in the electing of representatives, do not enjoy liberty, but are absolutely enslaved to those who have votes, and to their representatives. For to be enslaved is to be ruled by governors, whom other persons have set over us, and to be subject to laws that the representatives of other persons have made, without having had representatives of our own to give consent in our behalf."

And the white men of Kentucky are now holding the white women of this State in what Benjamin Franklin calls slavery to black men by withholding from the women of Kentucky an equal protection of its laws with themselves in enjoyment of the privileges or immunities of citizens of Kentucky.

That the white men of Kentucky are now holding its white women in what Benjamin Franklin calls slavery to black men can be readily seen to be a fact by noting what occurred a few months ago at a local option election in the town in which I live. At this election some of the most intelligent and refined white women of Richmond stood at the polls all day begging black men to vote to close the saloons of our town.

And these white ladies did this because the white men of Kentucky have made State and municipal laws which say in effect that the wishes of black men in regard to our affairs shall be received and counted at the polls, but that the wishes of white women shall not. And that the wishes of black men when accepted at the polls shall be carried into execution by our public officers, even if they are in opposition of the publicly expressed wishes of refined, intelligent white women. But I will do the white men of Kentucky the justice to say that they did not deliver the white women of this State into the condition of slavery to black men in which they are now holding them in violation of every sentiment of justice, mercy and love.

* * *

Republicans Did It.

It was the Republican Congressmen who did this, in an act they passed in 1870 entitled "An act to enforce the right of citizens of the United States to vote in the several States of this Union."

The white men of Kentucky did not confer a right to vote for our State, county and municipal officers upon any black male citizens of the United States by adopting a new Constitution for Kentucky in 1891, in which they left out the word "white." That was in its old Constitution, prescribing whiteness as one of the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of our Kentucky Legislature, and in which they changed the name of the inhabitants of this State from citizens of Kentucky to citizens of the United States! Because when this new Constitution for Kentucky was adopted in 1891 black male citizens of the United States were in possession of a right to vote for the State, county and municipal officers of Kentucky that the congressional act of 1870 had conferred upon them. And no Constitution can confer upon any persons a right to vote for any officers that they already possess.

This congressional act of 1870, which is as unalterable as the law of the Medes and Persians, is superior to any constitution or law that any State can make, and therefore overrides and makes of no effect the constitution or laws of any State that attempts to exclude any male citizen of the United States from the privilege of voting for its State, county and municipal officers on account of his race or color.

* * *

May Remedy Conditions.

So the white men of Kentucky have no power to deliver the white women of their own flesh and blood from the condition of slavery to black men in which they are now held by confining the right of suffrage to white men. But they can deliver them by extending to the white and black women of this State an equal protection of its Constitution and laws with themselves in the enjoyment of the privileges or immunities of citizens of Kentucky.

I, therefore, move, Madam President, that we adopt a resolution at this convention asking the white men of Kentucky to deliver the white women of their own flesh and blood from what Benjamin Franklin calls slavery to black men, by adopting a new Constitution and laws for Kentucky that will confer upon the white and black women of this State an equal right with themselves to vote, hold office and share in the administration of the laws as jurors.

REDS LEAD BLUES IN MEMBERSHIP BATTLE

SCARLET CAMPAIGNERS ADD SEVEN MORE NAMES.

BOTH SIDES INCREASE Y. M. C. A.'S SIZE BY 305.

MANY INDIVIDUALS SHINE.

The Young Men's Christian Association campaign closed at 10 o'clock last night with an addition of 305 members. None of the membership applications was turned in at campaign headquarters, at the First Christian church, until yesterday morning, and the first posting at 10 o'clock showed only thirty-one applications reported by the five Red teams of canvassers and twenty-eight reported by the Blue teams, who also were five in number. At 6 o'clock the Reds had eighty-nine and the Blues sixty-seven. When the last posting was made 156 members were credited to the Reds and 149 to the Blues.

The postings were made on a big white circular bulletin erected at the northeast corner of the First Christian church, Fourth avenue and Walnut street. One segment was painted red or blue for every application reported. In all there were 400 segments, which represented the number of members the canvassers hoped to secure. Only a small white spot remained unpainted when the final record was made.

Some team members did remarkably good work. J. J. Cornelison, a member of Blue team No. 8, leading with thirty-five applications. Mr. Cornelison's team also led all the others, reporting forty-one members. This was one more than their pro rata. William V. Hambleton, captain of Blue team No. 6, got twenty-four members; Walter McBride, a member of No. 2 Red, twenty-three; Chester Watts, a member of No. 5 Red, sixteen, and William Zerr, of No. 10, fourteen. To these five go awards offered by local merchants—gold cuff buttons, silk umbrella, woolen sweater, kodak and hat.

Team No. 5 came second, with thirty-eight members; No. 3, Mr. McBride's team, third, with thirty-one, of which L. M. Eyerman secured seven; No. 6, fourth, getting twenty-eight, and No. 1, fifth, with twenty-seven.

All members of No. 1 and No. 5 did good work. The members and the applications they wrote were as follows: No. 1, W. J. Dealtry, J. H. Boldt, six each; F. F. Thwing, Soren Thurstensen and T. A. Luman, five each; No. 5, James A. Means, Jr., seven; William T. Brucker, six; Charles E. Dunn, Jr., four; Will T. King, five; T. Chester Watts, sixteen.

Every man who turned in $25 in cash for applications will be a guest of the Y. M. C. A. directors at a banquet November 19 at The Seelbach.

Reports of the teams of the associate finance committee and the board of directors, who were raising $2,000 for some current expenses, were incomplete, though more than half the amount was turned in, and next week they will be completed, it is understood.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS LOCKED OUT AT EVANSVILLE.

Evansville, Ind., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—The electrical workers employed by four of the largest firms in the city were discharged to-day and a lockout now exists. It is said the contractors want to establish an open shop.

WALKER KENNEDY'S FUNERAL SUNDAY.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—The funeral of Walker Kennedy, editorial writer of the Commercial Appeal, whose sudden death last night shocked many Memphians, will take place Sunday afternoon. Georgia and Kentucky relatives will be in attendance.

HER OWN CASE

Mme. Steinheil May Plead Before Jury.

DRAMATIC CLOSE TO MURDER TRIAL IS PROMISED.

PROSECUTOR PICTURES NIGHT OF THE DOUBLE TRAGEDY.

DEFENDANT SITS DEJECTED.

Paris, Nov. 12.—The entire session of the Steinheil murder case to-day was taken up with an impassioned plea by Advocate General Trouard Riolle for the conviction of the woman who is charged with having killed her husband and her stepmother, and since Mme. Steinheil's counsel, M. Aubin, is yet to be heard, doubt has arisen whether the fate of the woman will be given into the hands of the jury to-morrow.

The prosecutor showed neither pity nor mercy in his address to the jury. He painted the accused woman in the blackest of colors—as the most wicked type of woman, a born liar, and as one whose whole life, before and after the crime, justified the presumption of her guilt. He developed the theory that after the rich and generous lover, Chouanard, abandoned her in 1907, Mme. Steinheil realized she was almost at the end of her tether and said when she got Bordorel in her clutches she was determined to hold him even at the price of murder.

* * *

Says Burglars Are Myths.

Against Mme. Steinheil's story that burglars had committed the crime the prosecutor insisted that they were myths, and he undertook to reconstruct the scenes that actually happened, saying that while the accused woman and her accomplices were tieing Mme. Japy, M. Steinheil was aroused by the noise and jumped out of bed. Thereupon they attacked and killed him and, returning to Mme. Japy's room, found her in a bad fright.

M. Trouard Riolle even undertook to account for the stopping of the clock in the Steinheil home after the murder, advancing the theory that Mme. Steinheil, in her anguish, could not endure the ticking. An expert testified during the trial that the clock had been stopped by hand as it was being wound up.

* * *

Theories Spun Too Fine.

The argument of M. Trouard Riolle left the impression that the testimony upon which it was based was too conflicting and that his finespun presumptions were too precise, leaving him vulnerable to his antagonist, M. Aubin. The latter scored heavily at the conclusion of the prosecutor's address when he challenged M. Trouard Riolle to name Marietta Wolfe, the cook in the Steinheil home, and her son, Alexandre, whom Riolle had hinted at as being the accomplices of Mme. Steinheil.

Throughout the day Mme. Steinheil seemed depressed. Not once did she interrupt the proceedings, though frequently she clinched her fists and showed signs of anger when the prosecutor made particularly odious insinuations against her. It is understood that at the conclusion of M. Aubin's address Mme. Steinheil intends to take advantage of the privilege accorded an accused person and address the jury in her own behalf. This would make a dramatic climax, and it is expected to have a powerful influence on the jury.

* * *

Majority Vote Prevails.

Two things must be remembered in connection with a French verdict. First, the majority vote prevails, the foreman of the jury having two votes if there be a tie; second, that the jurors are not confined, but are permitted to return to their homes at night, where they are subjected to the possible influence of their wives.

It is notorious that whereas a majority of the men here favor the acquittal of Mme. Steinheil, the women are practically unanimous in the belief that she is guilty.

Mme. Steinheil is being deluged with letters of every character, many of them containing offers of marriage if she is acquitted. Enterprising theatrical managers are trying to arrange for her immediate appearance on the stage after release, one having offered $2,000 for thirty appearances. Mme. Steinheil is represented as having thrown these letters away in a rage.

* * *

Many Women Present.

Many well-dressed, stylish-appearing women managed to gain entrance to the gloomy, stifling courtroom to-day to hear the concluding arguments.

The accused woman, deathly pale, walked unaided into the courtroom, but her step was mechanical and her arms hung limply at her sides. When she had taken her place in the dock she seemed hardly to have the strength to look about her and sat with lowered eyes like one in a dream as the red-robed Judge Advocate resumed his merciless arraignment.

Beginning with the words, "We will live again the tragic night," Trouard Riolle, who had opened his summing for the prosecution yesterday, in cold, dispassionate words undertook to reconstruct the scene in the Steinheil home on the night of the tragedy and on the morning following, when the crime was discovered.

He marshaled the testimony of the witnesses to establish his contention that the burglar story was a fabrication and the pretended hiding of Mme. Steinheil a farce; that the money claimed to have been stolen never existed, and that the jewels which the widow asserted had been taken from the house were afterward found in her possession.

* * *

Calls Attention To Ink Stains.

M. Riolle dwelt particularly upon the telltale ink stains which the two physicians who examined the injuries of Mme. Steinheil claimed to have found upon her knee. The prosecutor claimed that during the binding of Mme. Japy an inkstand in her room had been overturned, the fluid being spattered upon the bedding and upon the accused.

He insisted that the evidence proved that the apparent illness of the accused after the commission of the crime had been simulated and that subsequent developments had confirmed the suspicion that she had acted with hypocrisy throughout.

"It was when the police had definitely rejected her story of the gaberdine-clad burglars, and she saw her lover, Borderel, slipping from her net because the mystery was unsolved, the prosecutor said, that Mme. Steinheil in desperation began to accuse innocent persons. He added:

"She wished to avoid the probability of a nonsuit in her favor because such an outcome of the case would not satisfy Borderel, and so unhesitatingly she placed the accusing pearl in the pocket of her servant, Romy Couillard."

No one "shops" UNDERSTANDINGLY who does not read the ads.

BANK PRESIDENT IS STILL ALIVE

(Continued From Third Page.)

home Thursday morning bent on robbing the Merchants' National Bank of New Albany. He talked of the trip and expressed regret at what he had done. He also said he was sorry he had undertaken the scheme.

* * *

Unable To Help.

"Tom," said the father, "you are in an awful bad scrape and I do not know what can be done for you. Nothing, I suppose. I would be willing to help you if I could, but I cannot. If money would assist you, I have none to give. If influence with the courts would be of benefit to you I could not even get that. I am only a poor man who has tried to lead an honest life and have set an example for you that I know did not lead you to do as you did. I cannot secure a lawyer for you, as I have nothing to pay one with. You have my love and that is about all I can give you. I will come and see you as often as Maj. Peyton will permit me while you are here. That is all I can do."

Young Hoal said he realized he was in a serious difficulty and did not know that anything could be done for him. He said he could see nothing to do but to throw himself on the mercy of the court, as there was no use attempting to deny what he had done. The talk then drifted along in a natural channel and Maj. Peyton said he would permit Mr. Hoal to see his son as often as he could consistent with the rules of the Reformatory. It was also agreed that the parent should provide the boy with some additional clothing, as he had neither coat nor hat when he reached the Indiana Reformatory.

To Maj. Peyton Mr. Hoal said he could not realize what his son had done. "The first and best customers I had when I went to New Albany were Mr. Fawcett and his father. They gave me considerable work in repairing furniture and God knows they were friends to me. To think my own boy would kill one of them is too much for me to stand. I am sorry Tom was not the one who lost his life. I could have stood it better."

Mr. Hoal left his home early yesterday morning to go to Jeffersonville, but he went to New Albany first and talked with a number of his former acquaintances. Several of them accompanied him to Jeffersonville, one being Capt. Thomas Cannon, night chief of the police department in New Albany.

* * *

Son Only Seventeen.

They tried to lighten his load of trouble, and to some extent did. After the interview with the boy Mr. Hoal made his way to an interurban car and returned to Louisville at about 3:30 o'clock. Few in Jeffersonville who saw him knew he was the father of the boy that was at the Indiana Reformatory for safekeeping. Mr. Hoal said his son had told the truth about being only 17 years old.

Two hours before young Hoal met his father he had made a clean breast of everything. He did so frankly, unconcernedly and showed no signs of remorse. The only thing he attempted to evade was names of persons he had come in contact with during his preparations for the trip to New Albany. It was not to shield them as his accomplices, as he said he had none, but said it would not do any good to tell who he expected to see in Knoxville, who he bought the box he expected to travel in from or the name of the express driver who was to haul him to the depot and ship him in the box as freight.

Under the guidance of Maj. D. C. Peyton several newspaper reporters were taken to the private office of Capt. Leon Leaf, in which building Hoal is confined. When the young man was brought out he was looking fresh and came in almost with a bound. He recognized one or two reporters he had seen the day before and when asked how he had slept, carelessly replied:

"Just as good as you would in a new bed; that was all that bothered me. I had a good night of it, however."

* * *

Boy Bandit Tells Story.

The visitors had been seated around the office and a chair had been left for Hoal. After he had come into the room Maj. Peyton said to him:

"Hoal, these are newspaper reporters who have come to talk to you and to give you a chance to say anything you desire. You are here under the protection of the courts and it is with you what you wish to say. Do you think you would like to talk?"

"Yes," said Hoal, with his peculiar grin, "I'll talk if they will tell me what they want me to talk about. They must ask the questions and I will answer them."

The first question asked Hoal was as to whether he had been in the habit of reading yellowback novels. He said he had, and quarter one's also. He said recently he had been reading a great many of them and some papers that contained stories bearing on just such adventures as the one he had gone through. He was asked if he thought these had an influence toward inducing him to make the trip to New Albany.

"Sure," said Hoal, "they had a whole lot to do with it. If I had not read the stories I would not be here, and I am sorry I did read them."

Hoal was asked if he had read a story recently about some men stealing an automobile and going to a town near Chicago to rob a bank.

* * *

Read Newspaper Story.

"Yes," replied Hoal, "I read all about it," and as he made the reply told the name of the paper he had seen the story in. I read it several times. It suited my fancy. I read all kinds of Nick Carter's stories and things like that and I expect I read one too many. I never smoked cigarettes, though. All of the novels I read I bought and paid for."

"Now, Hoal, what did you go to New Albany for?"

"To rob the Merchants' National Bank," was the quick response. "I had been planning the job for three months, but had not gone into it seriously until within the last three weeks."

"Why did you select the bank you did?" he was asked.

"Because it was an easy place to rob, I thought. I had looked at it a good many times and thought I could get in without much trouble and also get out. I figured New Albany was a slow town; that I could do the job and make my get-away without being caught. I did not intend to harm anyone, but took the guns with me to protect myself. If everything had gone right no one would have been hurt. I did not tell those in the bank to go into the vault. I'll give it to you straight what happened.

"When I went into the bank with the negro janitor and the chauffeur with me, I pointed two of my guns at the men in the bank. I told them to hold up their hands and back. I wanted them to get out of the road so I could get to the vault to get the money, as I supposed it was in there. The negroes started to run and I fired one shot into the ceiling to stop them, but as they did not do so I began to shoot at them. Realizing that if the negro chauffeur got away I could not escape I then began to shoot toward the negroes.

* * *

Began Shooting.

"About this time I saw one of the men in the bank was coming toward me and I then began shooting at him. Another one of the men had run into the vault. I think in all I fired eight shots. One of my revolvers had become emptied and I pulled the trigger three times on empty shells. Then I began to use my other gun. By this time I had become confused and thought I had better get out without the money. The negroes had gone out the front way and when I found there was no one to handle the automobile I broke for the river."

"Hoal, how much money did you expect to get?" was asked.

"Well, I did not know exactly, but I figured that I would go out of there with at least $500. I thought it would be an awful bum bank that did not have that much in the vault. I did not give the question of getting the money from any place but the vault any consideration. I thought that was where it would be."

The question of the start was broached to Hoal, and he was ready to talk.

"I had arranged my box," he said, "in which I was to be shipped to Knoxville, Tenn., and knew freight had to be at the depot not later than 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and this made it necessary for me to be back home by noon. I hired an expressman to be there at noon on Wednesday to call for the box. That morning I started out, taking three 32-caliber revolvers and one 38-caliber. I knew I would have to get an automobile to make the trip in, but could not find any. Then I went back home.

* * *

Better Luck Next Day.

"The next day I started out again, and had better luck. I found a negro in a garage cleaning a machine. We talked about different things and I asked him what it cost to go across the bridge to New Albany. He said he did not know, as he had never been there in an automobile. We talked about the machine until the negro went into the house to clean himself up to take the automobile out for the lady he was working for. When he came back he got upon the seat, backed out into the alley and while he had his attention on the automobile I jumped in. He did not know I was there.

"When the machine was fairly straightened out I pushed the front window down, thrust a revolver into the negro's face and told him to go where I told him. He just laughed and kept on going. We went down Broadway and got lost, but soon found the way to the bridge. We never stopped all the time and the only trouble we had was when we struck a bump not far from the Kentucky end of the bridge, but we kept on going until we stopped long enough for me to pay the toll out of $1.60 I had in my pockets.

'During nearly all the trip I was sitting back in the machine talking to the negro about my 'joy ride.' He did not know where we were going and did not seem to be afraid. We went down Main street in New Albany until we reached a laundry two or three doors from the bank. There we had a talk and I told the negro I was going to rob a bank. He did not want to go, but I made him. I had brought a three-bushel sack along with me to carry the money in and made the negro take this and a revolver. Then I made him go ahead of me to the side door of the bank. This was locked, but through the glass I could see the negro janitor, and I made him open the door. I then walked in, drew the two revolvers and the rest I have told you."

* * *

Never Had Sweetheart.

Hoal was then asked if he had not intended taking a sweetheart to Knoxville with him.

"No," he said indignantly, "I have no sweetheart and never had any use for girls."

Hoal detailed all about the preparations of the box in which he was to secrete himself to be shipped to Knoxville. He said it was not true that he had masks and wigs in it, but he did have an old coat. He said there was also a tank of water in the box. The box, he said, was purchased several days ago, but he declined to say from whom. He said it was about four feet long, four feet wide and about two feet six inches deep. In the ends, he said, he had constructed doors and had arranged so they could be opened when he desired.

Among the other numerous things Hoal talked about was the revolvers. He said three of them were 32-caliber and one was 38. Two of the former he had purchased from a mail-order house in Chicago. The other, he said, he got in Knoxville and the fourth he purchased in a second-hand store in Louisville a few days ago. The sack, he said, he got at home, and cut it in two so it would not be so bulky. He said he had made all of the preparations he knew how for the trip and did not think anything would have been lacking if he had been successful.

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Divulges No Names.

He was asked whom he expected to meet in Knoxville, and said he could not see any need of telling this, as he had been a resident of the city once and knew a good many people. Finally, he said, he did not expect to meet any person in particular. He also said he did not know the names of any of the persons connected with the Merchants' National Bank of New Albany and simply fired at random because he thought he was in danger. The interview lasted about thirty minutes and Hoal was led back to his cell.

Maj. Peyton classes Hoal as a typical graduate of the yellow-back novel and a degenerate in one special thing. He says he does not believe he is insane, but does not believe he is all right on one or two things. Yesterday Maj. Peyton addressed a letter to the Postmaster General of the United States, asking him if there was not some way to suppress the passing of pernicious literature through the mails. He said lottery tickets and other things had been stopped and he could not see why the yellow-back novels could not be treated the same way. Last night the doors of the reformatory were closed against visitors to Hoal from now on.

* * *

Grand Jury Investigating.

Judge Utz, of the Floyd Circuit Court at New Albany, called the grand jury together yesterday morning to investigate the murder of Bank Cashier J. Hangary Fawcett, the shooting of President Woodward and the negro chauffeur, and the attempted robbery of the Merchants' National Bank on Thursday morning. The members of the grand jury are: Henry B. Stoy, Frank M. Livingstone, Philip Reinhard, Christian Gueswein, Louis Meyer and John Cadwallader.

Judge Utz called the attention of the jury to the awful crime which had been committed and said he hoped the jury would at once proceed to make a thorough investigation and to return indictments speedily against all concerned in the crime.

Prosecuting Attorney Walter V. Bullelt retired with the jury and gave them the necessary information as to how to proceed and Sheriff Claude A. Sittason at once sent out after the witnesses. The grand jury was in session until 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon when it adjourned until this morning.

Mr. Bullelt said last night that it would not be long before the grand jury would complete the investigation, possibly to-day.

Besides the bandit, Tom Hoal, the conduct of James R. Tucker, the negro who is confined in St. Edward's Hospital, and Henry Alexander, the negro porter at the bank, will be investigated.

* * *

Negroes Are Innocent.

The police authorities are beginning to believe that the two negroes did not knowingly assist in the crime.

Alexander, who is still in the county jail, protests his innocence. He has been in the employ of the bank for three and one-half years, and has a good reputation. Alexander says he was dusting the stairway that leads up from the sidedoor of the bank when he heard someone rattle the door, and thinking some of the employes of the bank wanted to get in he went down stairs, and when at the foot of the stairway he encountered Hoal and Tucker, the negro chauffeur, whom Hoal had brought with him. He said that Hoal at the point of a pistol, forced him and the other colored man through the second door ahead of him and that at this juncture Mr. Fawcett, who had been lying on a lounge in the rear of the bank, arose and asked what was the matter, when Hoal covered him with a revolver and made him march ahead. Alexander stated that he attempted to get near the revolvers, which were at the Cashier's desk, when Hoal shot at him, and he fled through the passageway at the front part of the bank, where he attempted to reach over the counter to get the revolvers, when the bandit shot at him again, and he ran out the front door.

* * *

Tried To Get Pistol.

Alexander said that he then ran into Crecelius' drug store on Main street and asked for a pistol and when he was informed they had none he ran across the street to the harness store of George S. Graff, where he told that bank robbers were in the bank, and asked for a pistol. By this time, he said, the bandit had left the bank and he went back and found Mr. Fawcett dead on the floor and Mr. Woodward wounded.

It is likely that Tom Hoal will be taken back to the Floyd county jail as soon as the excitement subsides and that he will be placed on trial at this term of court. It is probable that Senator Evan B. Stotsenburg will assist Prosecuting Attorney Bullelt in the prosecution, as he has been gathering evidence in the case. Mr. Stotsenburg is a close friend of the Fawcett and Woodward families.

* * *

Better Protection For Banks.

All of the banks in New Albany are now preparing to better defend their officers and protect their funds in case of a similar raid. It is not probable, however, that ever again will such an attempt be made to rob a bank as was made on Thursday morning.

During yesterday many inquiries were made about the condition of President Woodward, whose life hangs on a slender thread at St. Edward's city hospital, New Albany. Mr. Woodward was resting easy last night. His physicians still hold out hope for his recovery. Thursday night he rested well, and yesterday he was able to converse with the members of his family and was very hopeful and cheerful. The wound, however, is of such a desperate character that the chances are about even for his recovery.

The immediate members of Mr. Woodward's family and his physicians are the only persons allowed to see him. He has not yet been informed of the death of Mr. Fawcett. It may take several days to determine the result in Mr. Woodward's case. Hundreds of his friends called at the hospital yesterday, many of them being from Louisville.

* * *

Pallbearers Selected.

Those who have been selected to serve as pallbearers at the funeral of J. Hangary Fawcett this afternoon are: Owen Tyler, of Louisville; Newland T. DePauw, Charles W. DePauw, Charles D. Kelso, W. A. McLean and William Widman, of New Albany.

Mr. Fawcett was a member of the New Albany Lodge of Elks, but this organization will not attend as a body. The funeral will be as unostentatious as possible. On account of Mr. Fawcett's great popularity there will be a large assembly of his friends present from the falls cities as well as from distant cities.

Mrs. Fawcett, who was greatly prostrated on account of the death of her husband, is bearing up bravely under the circumstances. Mrs. Charles H Fawcett, mother of the dead cashier, nearly collapsed when she heard of the death of her son, but she was better yesterday.

* * *

Praise Sheriff Sittason.

The law-abiding citizens of New Albany give great praise to Sheriff Sittason, of Floyd county; Chief of Police Adams and the others who assisted in preventing Hoal from being mobbed while he was being taken from the river to the county jail. Sheriff Sittason saw that if the man was not taken away soon the mob would continue to grow, and he secretly telephoned for an automobile. The Floyd county jail was the scene of one bloody lynching in 1868, when four of the Reno gang were hanged in their cells and shot to pieces and the present Sheriff did not want a repetition of this. However, had he not taken prompt action a lynching certainly would have taken place.

Credit also is due William B. Robison, the expressmen who furnished the wagon to haul the prisoner to the jail. He risked his life and gave his time to the State gratis, and although the mob tried to stop him from driving to the jail he bravely urged his horse on until the prisoner was at the jail door. Robison is known in New Albany as "Cock Robin." He is a dealer in antique furniture as well as an expressman. He goes about the country buying up ancient furniture and bric-a-brac and this is how he came to be acquainted with the elder Hoal.

Two Views of Thomas Hoal, the Boy Bandit.



BOX IN WHICH TOM HOAL HAD PLANNED TO BE SHIPPED TO KNOXVILLE AFTER ROBBING BANK



The negro drayman on the right is William Burress, who, according to contract, and without knowing of Hoal's criminal intentions, called at the Hoal home at noon Thursday to haul the box to the depot.

NEGRO CHAUFFEUR TELLS HIS STORY

COVERS HIS HARROWING EXPERIENCE WITH TOM HOAL, BOY BANDIT, IN DETAIL.

James R. Tucker, the negro chauffeur who drove Tom Hoal, the bandit, to New Albany, was fully conscious at St. Edward's City Hospital in that city yesterday and conversed with his wife and friends. Dr. D. F. Davis says, however, that Tucker is in a precarious condition, as peritonitis is liable to develop. Tucker came near dying Thursday night, but was revived through injections of salt water and other remedies, and was improving yesterday, although in the evening his abdomen was distended and the indications were not so favorable. Dr. Davis has hopes for his recovery, but says it is a desperate case. Tucker is still under the surveillance of the police authorities.

Yesterday Tucker made an intensely interesting statement of his connection with the case, and how he came to take the bandit to New Albany. His verbatim statement follows:

* * *

Chauffeur's Statement.

"My name is James R. Tucker. I was born on the 23d day of January, 1870, in Springfield, Washington county, Ky. I am married and live at 1136 Third street, Louisville, Ky., where I have lived for a little over three years, and where I am employed as general utility man, it being a part of my duty to take care of and run an automobile for my employer, Mrs. Escott. I am now injured, having been shot through the left side and left hand. I do not know who shot me. I do not know the name of the man who came with me in the automobile from Louisville to New Albany yesterday morning. I never saw him before.

"The man who came with me to New Albany yesterday morning came up the alley to the door of the auto shed where I was cleaning Mrs. Escott's machine. He asked me if I knew anyone who wanted a house man. I told him no, that not many people in that neighborhood hired white boys. Then he commenced to talk about the machine. He came inside the stable and looked over the machine. He asked me what time I was going to take it out and I told him 10 o'clock. He says, 'You haven't got much time; it's five minutes to 10 now.'

"I then took the machine out and went upstairs and put on my coat and hat. I live upstairs. When I came out he was still standing by the machine. As I started the machine off he opened the door and stepped inside the auto. Up to that time he had not been in the machine. I was sitting on the front seat. There is a partition between that seat and the rear seat where he was sitting.

* * *

Covered By Two Pistols.

"After he shut the door he said to me: "'Look here!'

"I turned around and he had two pistols, one in each hand. He told me to go just the way he told me or he would put a ball through me. He says:

"'I am not going to hurt you if you do as I say.'

"I told him I couldn't go with him, for my people were looking for me. He then asked me if I was married, and I answered yes.

"He says: 'If you think anything of your wife do as I ask you; drive me to Fourth street, go right straight in Fourth street to Broadway.'

"I asked him if he wanted to go to the depot at Tenth and Broadway, and he again told me to go the way he told me. At Fourth and Broadway he told me to turn down Broadway, and I obeyed.

"We went down to twenty something street. I saw a policeman, and he ordered me to pull to the other side of the street. He then said:

"'How fast will this machine go?' and I replied that it was about three years old and was not much for speed. It is a lady's machine and she uses it to run about town; it is not much for speed or climbing hills. He then told me he wanted me to take him to New Albany. I said I had never been across the bridge and didn't know how to go. He said he would show me, and to follow his directions. He directed me as we went along, and I obeyed. We paid the man at the bridge. The man asked me my name and whose machine it was, and I told him Mrs. Escott's and gave him my name.

* * *

Kept His "Guns" Out.

"Every time I looked back he had his guns out and he would not let me put my hands in my pockets or make any kind of a move. When we got to the bridge he handed up a dollar and told me to pay the toll, which I did. I just thought he was forcing me to bring him over to this side and drive him all around town. He says:

"'I will guarantee you that you will get back whether I do or not. I have got some important business to attend to over there. I have not got time to take the car. I have to be there at a certain time.'

"That was when we were crossing the bridge. He looked desperately at me and I was afraid to cry out. He told me a great many times that he would kill me if I didn't do as he said. I guess it was 10:30 when we got to this side. After we got over the bridge he told me what street to turn down and pointed out the street. We came down the street the bank is on. He said: 'Drive right out in the middle of the street.' Then he says: 'Drive to the curbing; I have some business to attend to.' He sat there and commenced to talk. The machine was standing two or three doors from the bank, and on the same side of the street the bank is on. The machine was headed toward the river. That is where we left it. I don't know the name of the streets. We drove part of the way over an asphalt street and part of the way over a muddy street before we got to the center of the town, and then turned toward the river. He had me drive the car above the bank. While we were sitting in the auto he said:

* * *

Guaranteed Safety.

"'I guarantee you you will get back, if you do as I tell you. I don't know whether I will or not. I will show you the way back.' He still had his pistols out. I asked him for one of them, but he refused. He says: 'Take this sack and do as I tell you. I will be two or three feet behind you. Take this and go right around here by the bank.'

"It never occurred to me that he was going to try to rob the bank in open daylight. I took the sack and walked ahead with the sack in my hand. I turned my head toward the bank. He says:

"'Don't look in those windows; go on to the side door.' He was right behind me with his hands in his pockets. I turned in at the door. The porter was standing inside. He says:

"'Open that door.' I tried it and it was locked. He then says to the porter:

"'Open that door.'

"The porter says, 'What for?'

"He drew his pistols, and the porter says, 'All right,' and opened the door. The porter went in first and I followed the porter, and the white man followed both of us into the bank.

* * *

Porter Whispers Warning.

"The porter whispered to the bank officers: 'Get your guns.' I could hear him whispering. The porter went on out, and I followed him out through the railing. He held his hands up to the window and asked for a gun. A big man (Mr. Fawcett) was standing there. He then commenced shooting very fast and I ran, and thought the porter was with me. Just as I ran out the door I felt a keep sensation and ran on across the street and saw I was bleeding. I ran over to the laundry and they would not let me in. I then ran next door to the doctor's office (Crecelius' drugstore.) I was afraid I would meet him again. I ran across into a store and told them not to let that man see me, for he would kill me if he hadn't done so already. I told them my name and gave them Mrs. Escott's name and telephone number and asked them to telephone to her where I was and that I was shot.

* * *

Policemen Arrive.

"I was still there when the officers came and got me. They gave me a glass of water and tried to get a doctor for me. I never saw that sack until he handed it to me. He had on a big coat. He drew his coat aside and I saw a scabbard and some pistols buckled on them, and I supposed he had the sack under his coat. He had no two coats. I had no idea he would undertake what he did or I would have left the machine in the alley. I did not know what he was going to do. I was thinking all the time I was driving that I would surely find a loophole to get out somewhere.

"When I took the sack I took the spark plug out of the machine, because I thought if he came back to the machine he would not be able to get away.

* * *

Shot While Running.

"I was running and I was shot just as I ran out the door, but I didn't know I was shot until I got across the street. He shot me twice. The big man in the bank (Mr. Fawcett) was standing up. I don't think he had his hands up. I was after getting out as quick as I could. I saw him have one pistol leveled on the man standing up and shooting one the other way and he was saying some things. I do not know what. When I next saw him I was coming out of the laundry, and he was coming running. I didn't try to run away. I ran into the laundry, but they put me out and told me that the doctor was next door. The robber was running down by the undertaker's (Frank Kraft's). The man said he would get me if I didn't do as he told me. I do not know whether any of the men who worked in the bank went into the vault or not. I commenced to run when I heard him commence to shoot. I threw the sack down right outside the door. It was an old coffee sack. No one came over in the machine but us two."

ALTERS NAME BECAUSE OF DOMESTIC TROUBLES

W. J. HOAL EXPLAINS HOW HE CAME TO BE KNOWN AS HALL IN NEW ALBANY.

W. J. Hoal, father of the boy bandit, explained last night how he came to be known as W. J. Hall. This latter name appears over the door of the business house that was occupied by him during his residence in New Albany.

"There was only one part of my actions that I have any reason to be sorry for," he said, "and that was in regard to the changing of my name. Of course, it had nothing to do with the crime that my son has committed, but those who are trying to ruin me and my family, by mixing me in a deed of which I was wholly innocent, are mentioning my action as tending to prove that I was a party to the terrible affair."

"I have been expecting to make this statement for the past several days, but my courage always failed me, as I thought that I would not be believed. I have always dreaded to make it to a newspaper man, but since you have pinned me to the question, and believing that you will tell the truth, I will lay bare the whole facts."

With this he invited the reporter into the modest bedroom and began his story:

"I may as well tell all, for I know it would soon develop anyhow. My wife and I had trouble at our home in Knoxville last May, and when things became unbearable I just picked up and left. Of course, I knew that my wife would try to locate me, as she was angry with me, having listened to the talk of my enemies, and so I did not let her know where I was going.

"I arrived in New Albany on June 1, and learning that the police were looking for me on the charge of wife desertion I changed my name to Hall, as I knew they would have it spelled Hoal. That tells the whole story. I did not want to be detected and I only spelled my name as people had been pronouncing it for many years. That is the whole story, but I never thought in my life that I would tell it to a reporter. I was going to tell it to the officers to-morrow, but I am really glad that I let it out to-night."

Hoal then produced letters to verify his statements. He first showed a letter which he wrote to his wife's mother, Mrs. Margaret Underwood, in Knoxville, asking her to use her influence to effect a reconciliation with his wife. He succeeded and they are living together agreeably on Preston street at the present time.

* * *

Letter To Wife's Mother.

The letter which Mr. Hoal wrote to his mother-in-law follows:

"Dear Mother—I suppose that you did not expect to hear from me again, but I know that you are a good woman and that you will do the right thing by me. I am writing to tell you the whole truth about my leaving Nettie (his wife). You know that I am a man that will bear a great deal of bad treatment and not one that makes trouble for anyone, but when things go too far I cannot stand it. This was the case between me and Nettie.

"She had allowed other people to stir her up against me, and taking their advice she made life unbearable. She would quarrel with me constantly and often shut the door to her room and not allow me to remain with her. I know that it was not her fault, but it was the evil influence that she allowed my enemies to exert on her.

"While she was living with me she went to a lawyer, who advised her to get a divorce and she threatened to get it as soon as possible. This was not right and so I became convinced that I had a right to leave her. I still love her with all my heart and am waiting for the day when she will return to me. Tell her to be good and give my love to all. W. J. H.

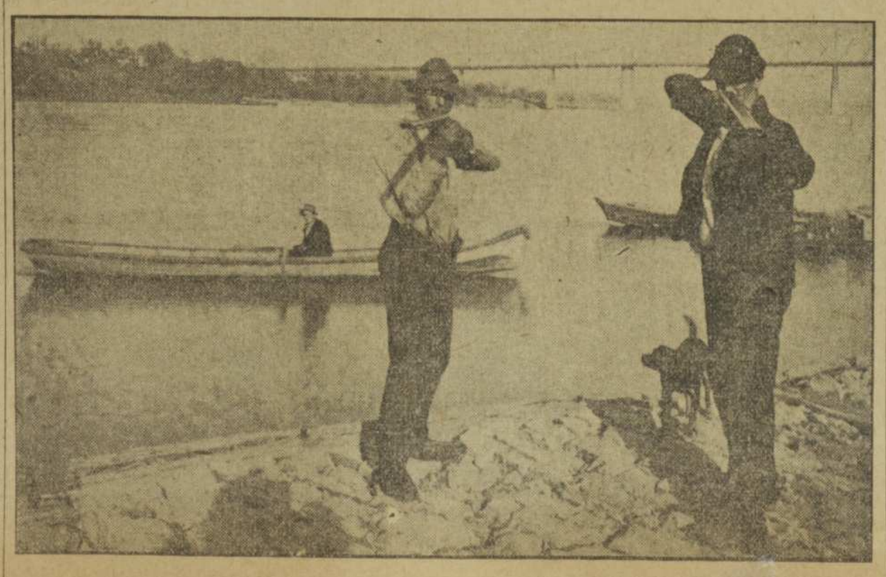
* * *

Reply From Wife.

Four days later he received the following reply, not from his wife's mother, but from his wife:

"Knoxville, Tenn., Oct. 1[illegible] 1909.—My

Fishermen Who Brought Boy Bandit To Bav.



—(Photo by Associated Photo Co.

CHARLES GARDNER IS ON THE LEFT AND J. A. GRAHAM ON THE RIGHT. AT LEFT IS THE SKIFF IN WHICH HOAL WAS RETURNED TO THE INDIANA SHORE.

$1,000.00 In Gold! GIVEN AWAY!

BY THE

ANITA SPRING WATER CO.

With ANITA Sparkling Goods!

Watch and save the crowns with letters burnt on inside crown cork. For each collection of letters spelling the name "ANITA" we will give $10.00 IN GOLD. You have 100 chances to get ten dollars. "This is a square deal"—with the best goods on the American market—with lowest prices.

So! Buy Anita Sparkling Goods and Watch for Lettered Crowns found on

Anita Sparkling Water IN { Quarts Pints Splits

Anita Ginger Ale IN { Quarts Pints Clubs

Anita Spring Water Co. (Incorporated.) 333 W. Main, Louisville, Ky.

HOME 4520. CUMB. M 1468-A.

SPECIAL RATES South AND Southwest

New Orleans AND RETURN $21.00

Vicksburg, Miss.	$19.85	Velasco, Tex	$34.00
Jackson, Miss.	$18.95	Dallas, Tex	$34.00
Greenville, Miss.	$17.75	Ft. Worth, Tex	$34.00
Houston, Tex	$34.00	Oklahoma City, Okla.	$31.50
San Antonio, Tex.	$34.00	Shawnee, Okla	$31.50
Galveston, Tex	$34.00	Amarillo, Tex	$34.00
Corpus Christi, Tex.	$34.00	El Paso, Tex	$43.00
Brownsville, Tex	$34.00	Mexico City, Mex.	$56.00

Low rates to other points in South and Southwest.

On Sale Nov. 16, Dec. 7 and 21

Only line running Pullman tourist sleepers from Louisville to New Orleans, Houston, San Antonio and El Paso. Berths half the cost of regular sleepers.

CITY TICKET OFFICE, S. E. Corner Fourth and Market.

"Certified Milk" has always been from Tuberculin Tested Cows.

Certified to by the Milk Commission of the Jefferson Co. Medical Society.

The Neill Roach Dairy Co.

(Incorporated)

SOLE DISTRIBUTERS

Both Phones. 6th Near Oak



Electric Toys

FUN FOR BOYS.

Jas. Clark Jr. Electric Co.

(Incorporated.)

520 W. Main 311 Third st.

Three Men Out of Five

WASTE some money that they'd better SAVE. Do some figuring and see how MUCH it is in YOUR case. You may open a SAVINGS ACCOUNT here with any amount from ONE DOLLAR up; and receive COMPOUND INTEREST on all you put into it.

Ky. Title Savings Bank and Trust Co.

Fifth and Court Place

Open daily until 3 p. m. Saturday until 7 p. m.

Broken Lines of Sterling Silver Toilet Articles at Reduced Prices.

Kendrick's

218 S. FOURTH AVE.

Dear Darling Husband: I cannot tell you how glad I was to hear from you. It was the happiest day of my life and I almost thought that it was a message from the dead. I have never spent a happy day since you left and even when I slept I dreamed that I was in trouble about you.

"I am sorry for all I ever did to you and I hope that you have forgiven me. No, indeed, I did not get a divorce, and I do not want any. I only want to be with you again. I believe that God will forgive me for what I have done, for He knows all and knows how best to remedy all of our evils.

"You cannot imagine how sad I felt when I found the note stating that you had left forever, but my joy in hearing from you when I never dreamed that I would again repaid me for all my trouble and worry. I hope to see you soon and to live with you again as we did before."

* * *

Now Reconciled.

"The next day," said Hoal, "the money for railroad fare was sent her and she soon returned to me. Now this was the end of the whole sad affair, and I hope to God that no one will ever come between my wife and me again."

When asked about his other matrimonial experiences, Hoal said that he has been married three times. He secured a divorce from each of his first two wives, he said. His first wife, he said, was Nancy Rader. They were married, he said, at Salem, Roanoke county, Va., and were divorced at the same place. His second wife, whose maiden name was Katie Williams, is the mother of the boy bandit. They were divorced and she has since married, he said.

* * *

Young Hoal Worked At Times.

When the father of the boy bandit lived in New Albany, which was for a period of about two months, did considerable work about the city in the way of repairing furniture and upholstering. All who did business with him speak highly of him. It is recalled now that his boy, Tom, who committed the robbery of the bank, worked hard in the shop of his father on occasions.

Mr. Hoal was in New Albany yesterday in consultation with the police authorities. He says the boy would work hard for three or four hours on some days, and he would then sit down, no matter how busy he was, and read novels. When he wanted to read, nothing could be done with him. He had few associates among the New Albany young men, and was never known to go into saloons. He, however, went out at night and attended the moving-picture shows.

Mr. Hoal said his son behaved pretty well while in New Albany, better than he had at any other place where the family lived.

* * *

Has Not Engaged Lawyer.

Mr. Hoal has not consulted an attorney in New Albany about defending his son. In case he has no money to defend he was advised that the court would direct the County Attorney, Charles W. Schindler, to defend the prisoner. This is provided for in the statute.

While in New Albany Mr. Hoal did not go near the bank. He left for Jeffersonville with Capt. Adams, Chief of Police, to see his son in the reformatory.

BOY BANDIT'S BOX IS AT CENTRAL STATION

TAKEN FROM HOAL HOME YESTERDAY TO BE HELD AS EVIDENCE.

Morbid curiosity drew crowds of men, women and children to the sidewalk in front of the Central police station last night. They came to view the big box which Thomas Hoal, the 17-year-old boy bandit, had ingeniously arranged to carry him to Knoxville, Tenn. At 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon the box was removed from the Hoal home, 802 Preston street, to the city hall, where it will be held until the authorities at New Albany send for the evidence this morning. It was not necessary to publish the fact that the box was in the vicinity of Sixth and Jefferson streets, for fifteen minutes after it had arrived the crowd began to gather.

It is believed that a newsboy was the first to discover its arrival and soon the "gang" had forced the cleverly arranged door and as many as could get inside were examining its interior.

"Say, guy, this here Hoal was the whole cheese. He's got Nick Carter done to a turn," said an urchin admiringly.

Pedestrians passing along Sixth street saw the crowd of boys and later the box. Then they quickened their steps to get a better view.

* * *

Souvenir Hunters Routed.

At about 8 o'clock Capt. Eugene Daly, chief of detectives, who "didn't want the box at the stationhouse in the first place," spied the crowd, and fearing that there wouldn't be much left of the box if souvenir hunters began operations, called upon policemen for assistance. One of the members of the reserve squad assisted Capt. Daly to roll the huge box, twenty-seven inches wide and fifty-one and a half inches high, inside the station, where John Hawkes, the stationkeeper, might keep his watchful eye upon the evidence.

Before the big box was shut off from the crowd's view a merchant in the crowd suggested what a good advertisement it would make if one could purchase the box and exhibit it in a show-window.

GOMEZ PRESENTS CUBAN BUDGET TO CONGRESS.

President Says He Desires To Effect Economies In Personnel of Various Departments.

Havana, Nov. 12.—The national budget for 1910-1911 was transmitted to Congress this evening by President Gomez. The receipts on account of the regular budget are estimated at $34,779,680, including on account of the lottery $3,000,000, which previously had been estimated at $2,000,000.

The national expenditures are estimated at $29,619,531, which is $4,204,917 below the last budget.

The present budget indicates an apparent surplus of $5,159,149. This, however, does not take into account an installment of about $2,225,000 on the Speyer loan of $16,500,000 for the Cienfuegos and Havana sewer and waterworks and some other items, which reduce the apparent actual surplus to about $2,400,000.

President Gomez in his message says he earnestly desires to effect great economies, particularly in the personnel of the various departments, which are now greatly inflated, but with regard to these he says he is hampered by existing laws. If, however, Congress should see fit to remove the restrictions on executive action he says he will proceed to make extensive reductions in the personnel.

Sheriff Buys Farm.

Williamsburg, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Sheriff W. B. Croley, whose term expires January 1, has bought a farm four miles from Versailles for $23,000. He will move there to make it his future home.

WISCONSIN MURDER MYSTERY CLEARED UP

WOMAN KILLED HUSBAND IN FIT OF JEALOUSY.

CRIME MYSTIFIED OFFICIALS FOR THREE YEARS.

CONFESSION OF DAUGHTER.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—Henry Brodenheyer, a jeweler of Madison, Wis., who was found dead near his home in the summer of 1906, and believed to have been murdered by robbers, was killed by his wife, Margaret Brodenheyer, now a patient at the Dunning Insane Asylum here, according to a confession made to-day by Clara Brodenheyer, their daughter, to Assistant Chief of Police Schuettler. The girl, who is 18 years old, said she had aided in disposing of the body and that the crime had driven her mother insane. Miss Brodenheyer has not been arrested and probably will not be prosecuted because of her confession. No information as to the whereabouts of the girl would be given by the authorities.

Brodenheyer, who was 42 years of age and formerly lived in Chicago, aroused the jealousy of his wife after he had removed to Madison. The woman, accoring to her daughter, satisfied herself of her husband's infidelity and decided to kill him. She lured him to an abandoned slaughterhouse on an old farm near Madison under a pretense of looking over the property. After they had entered the building the woman shot her husband, the bullet striking him behind the right ear. As he fell, the woman fired again, the bullet entering his forehead. He died almost instantly. Mrs. Brodenheyer watched him die, then threw her revolver away and fled from the scene. The daughter encountered her mother as she was hastening from the slaughterhouse. Her mother said Brodenheyer had committed suicide. The daughter did not believe her mother's story and accused her of killing him. She said that Mrs. Brodenheyer confessed the murder and asked her to aid her in concealing the crime. Together, the girl related, they found a rope and fastened it around Brodenheyer's neck and attempted to string the body over a rafter. The rope broke. Then they dragged the body into the roadway and concealed it behind a clump of bushes.

After feeling satisfied that the crime had been covered up the mother and daughter returned home and on the following day Mrs. Brodenheyer reported to the police that her husband had disappeared. She said that a strange man had come to the house and had taken Brodenheyer away in a buggy under the pretense that he wished him to repair a clock. The police found the body several days later and sought to find the mysterious man.

The woman's story was accepted as fact. Failure to find any trace of the stranger prompted the Madison authorities to ask aid of the Chicago police. A few months after the tragedy Mrs. Brodenheyer sold her husband's store and came to Chicago to live, bringing Clara with her. Chicago detectives kept track of them and they made many visits to the house, one of them paying especial attention to the daughter, hoping to gain her confidence. They had suspected her mother. The woman made frequent visits to the police headquarters, protesting against the detectives' visits, and finally her mind became a wreck. Five weeks ago she was adjudged insane and the daughter's breakdown and confession followed.

Prosecuting Attorney Vroman Mason and Sheriff John Halbach, of Madison, Wis., who came to Chicago to-day to aid the police in the solution of the mystery, accompanied detectives to the Dunning Asylum and interviewed Mrs. Brodenheyer. They told her that her daughter had confessed her crime. Without a betrayal of emotion the woman confirmed the confession and said she killed her husband because she believed he had been guilty of infidelity. Because of her adjudgement for insanity Prosecutor Mason said that she could probably never be tried for the crime.

MISSIONARY MASS MEETING OF ALL EPISCOPAL LAYMEN.

Large Gathering of Church Workers To Be Held At Macauley's Theater.

An intense and earnest interest in the cause of Christian missions has been aroused by the announcement a week ago that the fifth annual missionary mass meeting of the Kentucky Laymen's League of the Protestant Episcopal Church would be held in Macauley's Theater on Sunday afternoon, November 21, at 3 o'clock. The annual missionary mass meetings of the league have done much to deepen in the laity of the church in Kentucky a sense of responsibility for the extension of Christ's kingdom to the ends of the world. City missions, diocesan missions, domestic and foreign missions, each and all have received a great and lasting benefit from these meetings of the past.

The committee in charge is glad to announce that in addition to the speakers heretofore announced an address will also be made by the Rev. George Craig Stewart, of Evanston, Ill. The Rev. Mr. Stewart is well known to the church people of Louisville. The other speakers will be the Rt. Rev. John Newton McCormick, D. D., bishop of Western Michigan, and Bishop Woodcock, of Louisville. The musical part of the programme is under the charge of Ernest A. Simons, organist-director of Christ Church Cathedral, who will be assisted by the combined choirs of the cathedral. The diocese of Kentucky has been asked to give this year to the missionary work of the church $1,100 more than in the past.

AT THE CHURCHES.

CHRISTIAN.

First Christian Church, the Rev. E. L. Powell, pastor—Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Evening subject: "A Decisive Vocabulary."

BAPTIST.

Broadway Baptist Church, the Rev. William Warren Landrum, pastor—Morning worship at 11 o'clock. Evening worship at 7:30 o'clock. Seats free. Strangers welcome.

UNITARIAN.

Church of the Messiah, Fourth and York streets, the Rev. William H. Ramsay, pastor—The Rev. A. L. Hudson, of Newton, Mass., will preach at 11 o'clock. Subject: "Religion and Progress."

PRESBYTERIAN.

Second Presbyterian Church—The congregation will unite in a union service at the First Presbyterian church, on Fourth avenue, near York, to-morrow at 7:30 p. m. Evangelist R. A. Walton will preach.

JEWISH.

Temple Adath Israel, Third avenue, between York and Breckinridge sts., H. G. Enelow, D. D., rabbi—Services will be held Saturday at 10 a. m.; Sunday at 11 a. m. Subject of sermon this Sunday: "The Supremacy of the Spirit." All are welcome.

Many Want To Be Mayor.

Paducah, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Although the election is far off, many prospective candidates for the Democratic nomination for Mayor are springing up. Among those mentioned are: Joe Potter, Alderman; Edward Hannan, president of the Board of Aldermen; Wallace Weil, insurance agent; William Bradshaw, Jr., chairman of the city and county Democratic committees and an attorney, and George C. Wallace, a prominent business man. The next mayoralty election promises to be the warmest ever waged in the city. Paducah now has its first Republican Mayor in James P. Smith.

MISS MAUDE GECK ARRESTED IN MISSOURI.

Charged With Being An Accessory To the Murder of R. D. Gannon.

Seneca, Mo., Nov. 12.—Miss Maude Geck was arrested here to-day by a Deputy Sheriff from Oklahoma City on a warrant charging her with being an accessory to the murder of R. D. Gannon, a real estate dealer.

Snowstorm In Nebraska.

Norfolk, Neb., Nov. 12.—A driving snowstorm, the first of the season, descended this afternoon and to-night on Northern Nebraska and Southern South Dakota, accompanied by a decided drop in temperature.

PEARY DELIVERS HIS NORTH POLE LECTURE

MADE GOOD TO SELF, FRIENDS AND COUNTRY.

DECLARES HE WAS FIRST TO REACH EARTH'S TOP.

GIVES DETAILS OF JOURNEY.

Washington, Nov. 12.—"I have made good to myself, my friends and the flag of my country," declared Commander Robert E. Peary to-night after describing to a distinguished audience how, after years of persistent effort, he had reached the North Pole. It was the Commander's first lecture since his return from the frozen North, and was delivered under the auspices of the National Geographic Society, which already had indorsed him as a discoverer of the pole.

Commander Peary made no direct reference to Dr. Cook. He intimated, however, that he did not regard it possible that any expedition had attained the top of the earth ahead of his own.

Mr. Peary's story was illustrated by stereopticon views. He endeavored to impress upon his hearers the many hardships which had to be endured, the almost insurmountable obstacles which had to be overcome and the complete preparation and experience necessary in order to make the expedition a success.

Mr. Peary related the incidents of the trip in a simple, straightforward manner. He gave much credit to the members of his party, who, he said, were men of great endurance and grit and of a type necessary for the success of the expedition. In describing his feelings, when, as he said, he had reached the goal, Commander Peary declared that the conditions were very comman place and that they were the same as they had been experiencing for days before. There were no new unusual sensations for the eye or ear to detect, except only that the sun moved parallel with the horizon.

"It was a feeling," declared Commander Peary, "that at last after twenty-three years I had made good to myself, my friends and the flag of my country."

Among those at the lecture were Secretary Knox and Mrs. Knox, Secretary Dickinson and Mrs. Dickinson, Secretary Nagel and Mrs. Nagel, Mrs. Donald McLean, president of the Daughters of the American Revolution; Ambassador Bryce and Mrs. Bryce, Ambassador von Bernstorff and Countess von Bernstorff, of Germany; Ambassador Jusserand and Madame Jusserand, of France; Count Moltke the Danish Minister; W. Douglas Fushfield, vice president of the Royal Geographical Society, of London, and Henry G. Bryant, president of the Geographical Society of Philadelphia.

Practically every other Embassy or legation in Washington was represented.

MEN IN GRAY GREET WOMAN OF BLUE

CONFEDERATES CONGRATULATE MRS. W. G. BROWNLOW.

RESOLUTIONS PRESENTED ON NINETIETH BIRTHDAY.

WORKED TO RESTORE RIGHTS.

Knoxville, Tenn., Nov. 12.—An unusual event in Tennessee history took place at the home of Mrs. William G. Brownlow here this afternoon when the widow of the famous "Parson" Brownlow, Tennessee's war Governor and later United States Senator, was officially presented with resolutions adopted by N. B. Forrest Camp of Confederate Veterans of Chattanooga on the occasion of her ninetieth birtdday, thanking her for her efforts in behalf of Confederate soldiers disfranchised as a result of the Civil War, in again securing the franchise in 1870.

In her historic home Mrs. Brownlow received a delegation from Forrest Camp, among whom was Col. Tomlinson Fort, of Chattanooga, who was present when the original conference was held with Senator Brownlow forty years ago, at which Mrs. Brownlow uttered the words that showed her sympathy for the Southern soldiers and as a result of which the Brownlow influence was thrown on the side of granting the franchise to Confederate soldiers.

Col. Tomlinson Fort spoke to-day, as did two other members of the party, and then Mrs. Brownlow delivered a well-worded reply. She stated that she was personally acquainted with Tennessee's two great military heroes, Gen. Andrew Jackson and Gen. Nathan Bedford Forrest. She recalled having presented Gen. Jackson a bouquet of flowers and how she happened to meet Gen. Forrest on a train while returning from Washington thirty-nine years ago.

Mentioning the horrors of war, she told how her husband and two sons were on the Union side and her only brother a Confederate. In a room adjoining that in which to-day's exercises were held she had nursed her brother back to life after having been desperately wounded and while Gen. Burnside was in command of Knoxville.

DIRECTUM, NOTED TROTTER, IS DEAD.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 12.—Directum, 2:05¼, which set a world's record for 4-year-old trotters in 1893 on the Nashville track, died at Savage, Minn., according to an announcement made to-day by M. W. Savage. Death was due to blood poisoning. Mr. Savage purchased Directum, which was 21 years old, in 1898 for $20,000.

VICTOR IN CHRISTIAN COUNTY VISITS HERE.

R. M. Salmon, of Isley, Ky., who was recently elected State Senator from the district composed of Christian and Hopkins counties, is in the city. Mr. Salmon is in the coal business, but has always taken an active part in Democratic politics in Hopkins county, and in the Second congressional district, as far as that is concerned. Mr. Salmon is proud of his victory, owing to the fact that he got such a heavy vote in Christian county, which is largely Republican.

LATEST REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS REPORTED.

Activity In the Market Shown By Deeds Recorded In the Courthouse Yesterday.

Lillie C. Kissel to H. P. Spatz, 50 feet, north side of Quincy, west of Adams ....$	1
Kate Fust to G. H. Weber, 32 5-12 feet, east side of Carlisle, south of Payne	1
F. E. Hayes to James Clark, Jr., Electric Company, 60 feet, north side of Bergman, west of Shelby	1
Marc Kean to W. E. Brinkerhoff, 38 feet, southeast side of Edgeland, southwest of Baxter........	1
O. Anderson to G. W. Grant, fourteen lots in Kennedy's South Side Addition	1
Cherokee Heights Land Company to R. Y. Bush, lot in Cherokee Heights	1
Tennant Land Company to S. E. Weybright, lot in Dulaney Place	510
W. G. Probst to E. J. Probst, 41 feet, southwest corner of Twentieth and Walnut........	1
Same to Rosa Probst, 53 feet, east side of Twenty-fourth, north of Jefferson	1
Peerless Veneer Mills Company to O. Anderson, 485 feet, west side of Beech, south of Dumesnil........	1
Same to C. J. Meddis, 150 feet, southwest corner of Dumesnil and Beech; 137½ feet, east side of Hazel, south of Dumesnil, and 256 feet, southeast corner of Beech and alley south of Virginia........	1
H. A. Cartwright to Julia K. Helge, 20 7-10 acres	1

RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

Reports of maximum temperatures and precipitations during the twenty-four hours ended November 12, at 7 p. m.:

Stations	Temp.	Pre.	Stations	Temp.	Pre.
Abilene	80	.00	Marquette	42	.00
Amarillo	70	.40	Memphis	76	.00
Atlanta	72	.00	Modena	38	.00
Bismarck	24	.02	Montgomery	76	.00
Cairo	74	.00	Nashville	74	.00
Cincinnati	70	.00	New Orleans	78	.00
Charlotte	72	.00	New York	74	.00
Chattanooga	70	.00	North Platte	34	.64
Chicago	48	T	Oklahoma	74	T
Corp. Christi	78	T	Omaha	40	.52
Davenport	44	.02	Palestine	76	.04
Dodge City	42	1.00	Pittsburg	70	.00
El Paso	60	.00	San Antonio	82	.02
Fort Smith	76	.00	Shreveport	76	T
Galveston	78	.00	St. Louis	64	.18
Indianapolis	62	.01	St. Paul	40	.00
Jacksonville	76	.04	Vicksburg	78	.00
Kansas City	50	.06	Washington	74	.00
Little Rock	76	.00	Yellowstone Park	32	.00
Louisville	74	.00			

T—Trace rainfall.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

(Official.) Louisville, Nov. 12, 1909.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	30.28	30.22
Temperature	58	66
Dewpoint	50	53
Relative humidity	75	61
Wind velocity	7	6
State of weather	Pt. Cldy.	Clear

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

Constants and Normals.

(Official.) Louisville, Nov. 12, 1909.

Maximum temperature	74
Minimum temperature	57
Mean temperature	65
Normal temperature	47
Departure for day	+18
Departure for month	+165
Departure since March 1	+139
Prevailing winds	Southeast
Mean barometer	30.25
Mean relative humidity	68
Character of day	Pt. Cldy.
Total precipitation	.00
Normal precipitation	.14
Departure for day	—.14
Departure for month	—.76
Departure since March 1	+2.09

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river was stationary last night, with a stage of 1 foot 3 inches on the falls, 3 feet 4 inches in the canal and 4 feet 7 inches below the locks. The movement over the levee was good. The weather was clear and warm.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

Lizzie Bay, Capt. Lindenburn, for Cincinnati at 5 p. m....Helen M. Gould, Capt. Moody, for Carrollton at 5 p. m.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

Kanawha, Capt. Maurer, from and to Cincinnati....Helen M. Gould, Capt. Moody, from and to Carrollton....Clerimond, Capt. Green, from and to Derby.

DRIFTWOOD.

Word was received at the Louisville and Evansville Packet Company's office yesterday that the steamer Robert Rhea would not reach port until late to-night or early to-morrow morning. Agent Connelly schedules her to leave at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning on her return trip to Evansville....The Lizzie Bay will be the packet for Cincinnati and all intermediate points to-day. She leaves the Third-avenue wharfboat at 5 p. m....The Clerimond left on time yesterday afternoon for Derby with two barges of freight and a fuel flat....The gasoline boat Shiloh and White Swann returned down the river yesterday....Nothing has been heard from the towboat Fulton, which is en route up the river with a two of empties....Capt. J. F. Ellison, secretary of the National Waterways Congress, is very busy sending out literature for the meeting in Washington next month, which promises to be the largest ever held by the Waterways Congress....A representative of the Kentucky Coal Company, whose mines are below Caseyville, Ky., is visiting all river towns along the upper Ohio looking at boats with the intention of purchasing one to take the place of the Harvester, formerly owned by the company. The Kentucky Coal Company lost the Harvester and twenty-eight loaded barges during the storm in the South early in October near Donaldsonville, La. The loss of the boat and barges is estimated at $134,000....United States Engineer Warren will receive sealed proposals for the hire of a towboat to serve as tender for the Ohio River dredge during the remainder of the present season. The bids close at 2 p. m., November 15. ....There was a slight rise in the canal and on the falls yesterday, caused by the placing of wickets in the dam at the head of the Kentucky chute. The river was about on a stand last night and it will commence to fall this morning....The St. Louis Republic of yesterday says: "Joseph Rist, of 1708 Olive street, is confident he has solved the river transportation problem. He has invented a steamboat which, he says, will carry 5,000 tons and over in four feet of water. The new boat will, he says, relegate the present steamboat to the ash heap. It will draw only two feet of water unburdened. The boat will be constructed of steel and iron. A patent has been applied for. A model of the newest thing in steamboats is on exhibition in a vacant store at Fifteenth and Pine streets. It is as different from the steamboat now plying in the Mississippi as the difference between an aeroplane and a gas balloon. The model is of tin and is representative of a boat 500 feet long and fifty feet beam. It is constructed in sections and can be lengthened or shortened at will. The engines control three different sets of paddles. The objects of the sections are many. Large consignments can be stored in a single section and instead of delaying the boat at ports along the route where these consignments are to be delivered, a simple operation cuts loose the section and the steamer plows on its course. Further along the line the boat can take on a similar loaded section within a few minutes' time. In case of conflagration passengers can leisurely stroll to an end section and cut loose from the trouble. The paddles are so arranged that they can be raised and lowered as desired in shallow or deep water. This feature, combined with the sectional idea, solves the snag and sandbar difficulty. If stuck on a sandbar, the boat can be parted, thus easily freeing itself of the obstruction. If wedged hopelessly in the sand, the section which is pinched can be abandoned. Mr. Rist is 63 years old and an iron molder. Several influential foundry men are confident he will have no trouble in raising the necessary funds to launch his project. So far as the model is concerned, Mr. Rist's invention looks practical to rivermen."

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—An unexpected rise in one of the headwaters of the Monongahela River within the last twenty-four hours will enable much of the craft down the Ohio to come into port. Crews were sent out to-day to bring in the Rival, which lies at Middleport with a large tow of empties. It was also said that crews were recruited to bring in the Helen White, the A. R. Budd, G. W. Thomas and the Monitor from down-river points. The Loren, commonly known as the huckster boat, Capt. Richardson, which is at McConnellsville, is expected from Zanesville, O., with a large cargo of produce and poultry. The I. C. Woodward was a late arrival this afternoon. She was tied up most of her time on account of the heavy fog banks. She left for Fairmont in the evening. The Jewell will arrive to-morrow from Morgantown. Capt. M. F. Noll, president of the Monongahela and Ohio Packet Company, and W. E. Roe, captain and owner of the steamer Kanawha, were visitors along the water front yesterday. Maj. H. C. Newcomer attended a meeting of the board of Ohio River and locks and dams to-day in New York City. He will be in the city to-morrow morning. Stages of water to-night were: Ohio River in the pool, 12.6 feet; below Davis Island dam, 9.6; Allegheny River, Freeport, 1 foot and stationary.

Wheeling, Nov. 12.—River 2 feet 3 inches; falling.

Point Pleasant, Nov. 12.—River 3.8, rising. Clear.

Cincinnati, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—At 6 p. m. to-day the stage of the river was 5.4 feet and stationary. Clear and warm. Arrivals at this port to-day were Courier from Maysville, Chilo from Chilo, Lizzie Bay from Louisville. Departures: Courier for Maysville, Chilo for Chilo, Lizzie Bay for Louisville.

Madison, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—River 5½ feet; stationary. Pleasant.

Paducah, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Gauge reads 3.5 feet and falling. Clear and warm. Arrived: W. T. Hardison from the Tennessee River with tow of ties, Dick Fowler from Cairo, I. N. Hook from the Tennessee River. Departures: Dick Fowler for Cairo, Royal for Pine Bluff, Tenn.; Ollie E. for Dyersburg. The Royal was sold to-day to R. N. Smith, of Wolf Creek, Ky., for $2,500. She will be entered in trade between Louisville and Derby, Ind.

Cairo, Nov. 12.—Arrived: Eagle, St. Louis; City of Saltillo, St. Louis. Stage 10.7; rising.

St. Louis, Nov. 12.—Arrived: Bald Eagle, Memphis; G. W. Hill, Clarksville. Departures: Stacker Lee, Memphis; Grey Eagle, Commerce; Bald Eagle, Alton. Stage 9.9; rising.

Memphis, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—River here 6.8, a rise of .1 in 24 hours. James Lee departed at 5 p. m. for Friars Point; City of St. Joseph departed for O. K. Landing, Harry Lee for Ashport, Belle of Calhoun for Barfield's Point. The Government steamer David Tipton from St. Paul passed down at 5 p. m. for New Orleans with natural waterways commission on board.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Havre, Nov. 12.—Arrived: Steamer La Touraine, New York.

Palermo, Nov. 11.—Sailed: Duca d'Aosta (new), New York.

Havre, Nov. 11.—Arrived: Steamer Chicago, New York.

Trieste, Nov. 9.—Arrived: Steamer Argentina, New York, via Naples, etc.

Genoa, Nov. 7.—Sailed: Steamer Sicilia, New York.

Dover, Nov. 12.—Arrived: Steamer Kroonland, New York, for Antwerp, and proceeded.

New York, Nov. 13.—Arrived: Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, Hamburg.

RECOVER GREYTOWN.

ZELAYA'S FORCES REPORTED TO HAVE WON VICTORIES.

Gen. Estrada Also Wires That the Revolutionists Have Been Winning Steadily.

New Orleans, Nov. 12.—A cable message from President Zelaya, of Nicaragua, received by Consul General Altschul, here, to-night, states that the Government forces recovered San Juan del Norte, or Greytown, Thursday. No mention was made in the message of a battle in connection with the occupancy of the town.

The text of the cablegram, as given out by the Consul, consisted simply of the following:

"Our victorious army recovered San Juan del Norte yesterday."

The advice is in line with recently made claims of Zelaya that victories had been won by his army at Bocas, San Carlos and Colorado Junction. Consul Altschul asserted to-night that the occupancy of Greytown proved beyond doubt the victories laid claim to by the Nicaraguan President.

On the other hand advices that have been received here from Gen. Estrada, leader of the revolution, from time to time, have claimed victories for his troops in the same battles which Zelaya asserted had been won by the Government forces.

Greytown is one of the Atlantic coast ports of Nicaragua, which was seized by the insurgents at the outbreak of the revolution.

Rebels Defeated On Water.

Managua, Nicaragua, Nov. 12.—The Government to-day defeated the revolutionists in a naval battle, during which three steamers and artillery were captured. Greytown was reoccupied Thursday by the Government without a battle and its forces are now on the way to Bluefields both by water and by land.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Near Second and Broadway, brick house; must sell to settle estate; yearly rent $372; price $3,500. Garland ave., near car line, 2-story 6-room frame; gas, bath, cabinet mantels; nonresident owner, wants to sell quick; only $2,000; make best offer. Sixteenth and Madison, 6-room frame, rent $15; great bargain at $1,150. A number of other bargains in large and small property; call and see list. PHIL J. GRAUMAN, 526 W. Jefferson. •

FOR SALE—Any kind of real estate to sell, buy or exchange. WEIKEL REALTY CO., 423 W. Jefferson st. Telephone 5866. •

FOR SALE, LANDS — Few hustling agents wanted to sell New Madrid county, Mo., lands, $5 per acre commission. Write for list and prices. Box 7, Pt. Pleasant, Mo.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Sets of Encyclopedia Britannica from $7.50 to $27.50; Encyclopedia Americana, 16 vols., half morocco, 1905, $40; Messages of the Presidents, 11 vols., half morocco, $6, new; Library Universal History, 15 vols., cl., $12, new, 1908; English and American Law Encyclopedia, 2d edition, and its complement, Encyclopedia Pleading and Practice brought down to 1908 inclusive, 63 vols., buckram binding, as new, price on request. Johnson's Universal Encyclopedia, 13 vols., 1905, half morocco, new $25. This encyclopedia is the one the American Librarians' Association recommends as the best. We make a specialty of selling medical books. LIEBSCHUTZ'S BOOK EMPORIUM, 226 W. Jefferson. All kinds of books bought. •

FOR SALE—Coal and coke, cut rate prices. W. H. SLAUGHTER, JR., COAL CO., Lincoln bldg. Both phones. •

FOR SALE—THE STICKIEST STICKER THAT EVER STUCK. ROYAL GLUE, 10c, 40c, 60c. Pints $1. Druggists. •

FOR SALE—Cheap, 50 shares or more Commonwealth Life Insurance stock. Address H 11, this office. •

FOR SALE—A large fireproof safe, practically new, $100. HENRY VOGT MACHINE CO. •

FOR SALE—Horse, buggy and harness. 1500 Southgate st. •

Do you wish to secure the best lot in the city for a home?

If so, go up and see Pennsylvania avenue, and select your lot. All things considered, these lots are the best and cheapest on the market. Take Crescent Hill cars.

C. M. Phillips, 124 S. 5th St.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Four-room flat, 2719 Chestnut st..........$18 00
5-room flat, 2719 Chestnut.......... 20 00
5-room cottage, 28th and Grand.... 21 00
6-room cottage, 28th and Grand.... 25 00
WEIKEL REALTY CO., 423 W. Jefferson, Home Tel. 5866. Cumb. Tel. 1974-Y. •

FOR RENT—7-room house at Crescent Court; furnace, all conveniences; $27.50. 178 Coral ave., 5-room flat, bath; water furnished; $16. JAS. E. BELL, 517 Paul Jones bldg. Home Phone 8129. •

FOR RENT—HOUSES, COTTAGES, FLATS AND ROOMS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS. VERY LARGE LIST. BRUNER, 243 FIFTH ST.

FOR RENT—2-story 6-room modern brick house, Twelfth, near Broadway, $25. Apply FALLS CITY TANNERY, South 1044—A. •

FOR RENT—Houses and flats, from $15 to $25, in Crescent Hill. W. E. KOOP, Keats and Sycamore; phone East 758—A. •

FOR RENT—Very desirable modern 9-room residence, Burnett, near Third ave. Call Main 414, Home 414. •

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Third-floor apartment, 5 rooms, bath and all modern conveniences, in "The Milton," 7 St. James Court. Apply on premises or telephone South 1321—Y. •

FOR RENT—Elegant new 8-room second-floor flat in Avery Court; separate large cement porch; reception hall on first floor. Call 414, or Main 414. ••

FOR RENT—Handsome flat, 1st floor, 4 rooms, hall and separate bath, water furnished, $14. KERR-WIRGMAN, 508 Columbia.

FOR RENT—Apartment in The Pennington, Cherokee Parkway; open for inspection. Home phone 1307; Cumb. E. 535—A. •

FOR RENT—2 more flats in Central Apts., 3d, near Ken'y. J. Bornstein, Phone 4621. •

FOR RENT—6-room flat; heat, water, shades, etc. 1345 Fourth. •

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—ROOMS. ROOMS FOR GENTLEMEN. SINGLE ROOMS OR EN SUITE. Private baths, public showers and reading rooms. Everything furnished. Prices reasonable. Inspection invited. "THE CHESTERFIELD," Fifth and Broadway. Home 'phones 1873 or 6063; Cumb. Main 403. •

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, with board; steam heat, electric lights, bath, porter service, etc.; $1 per day; $4.50 per week. THE NEW FARMERS' HOME HOTEL CO., 416-420 E. Market st. •

FOR RENT—DU NORD, 639 S. 3d st.; elegant fur. rooms, both phones, steam heat, gas, baths, hot water, cleanest in city; all conveniences; board if desired; reasonable. •

FOR RENT—2d-floor room, furnished or unfurnished; Kentucky st., near Second. Phone South 1611—Y. •

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms, excellent location; references exchanged. 920 First st. •

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; reasonable. 643 Third. •

FOR RENT—Rooms, furnished or unfurnished. 122 W. Walnut. •

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—Rooms for young men, unfurnished, at 725 Fourth ave., just south of Broadway, the handsome home of the late Capt. W. F. Norton. The State Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association have offices in this building and have reserved a number of choice rooms, with all conveniences, especially suitable for young men. Also two elegant rooms on main floor for offices or studio. For further information apply on premises or telephone South 1308.

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Desk and office space. 423 W. Jefferson st. •

BOARDING.

BOARDING—Nice, comfortable rooms, excellent table board, at MRS. E. B. HUME'S, 821 Third st. •

BOARDING—Nicely furnished rooms with excellent table board. 203 E. Broadway. Home phone 1610. •

FOUND.

FOUND—LOST—In Jamestown, N. Y., name and address of Louisville osteopathic physician. Address E. D. SIDMAN, Louisville Hotel. •

LOST.

LOST—In Jamestown, N. Y., name and address of Louisville osteopathic physician. Address E. D. SIDMAN, Louisville Hotel. •

CONFEDERATES DEDICATE SHAFT AT VICKSBURG.

Gov. Noel Presents Memorial In Behalf of Mississippi Veterans To Government.

Vicksburg, Miss., Nov. 12.—The reunion of the Mississippi divisions, Confederate Veterans, came to a close today with the dedication of Mississippi's magnificent new $50,000 State memorial and twenty-three regimental and battery monuments in the Vicksburg National Military Park.

Gov. Noel delivered the address presenting the monuments to the Government and Blewitt Lee received them in behalf of Secretary of War Dickinson, who was unable to attend. Congressman Ben Humphreys, Col. H. M. Street, of Meridian, Miss., and Secretary J. G. Cashman, of the National Park Commission, also spoke.

The memorial is a seventy-six-foot shaft of Mont Airy, N. C., granite, mounted on a massive base of the same material, and will be finished with two bronze statues, one of Jefferson Davis and another representing "History." These have not yet been completed.

In concluding their reunion the Veterans re-elected Gen. Robert Lowrey as commander and chose Hattiesburg as their next place of reunion.

AUTOMOBILE DRIVER SUFFERS HARDSHIPS.

Phoenix, Ariz., Nov. 12.—Driver Charles Harris, of the "Baby" Ford car in the Los Angeles-Phoenix road race, who became lost on the desert during the race, was found by a searching party to-day about ninety miles from here. He had been without food or water for thirty hours. He is being brought by stage to Phoenix.

For two days Harris drove his automobile over the desert sands looking for a road. When the automobile party found him he was traveling the Phoenix road which he had finally ran across.

AMUSEMENTS.

MACAULEY'S Mat., 2:15 To-night, 8:15

MARIE CAHILL

In the Sparkling Musical Play, "THE BOYS AND BETTY." Prices 25c to $1.50.

Next—David Warfield in "The Music Master."

MARY ANDERSON

MODERN VAUDEVILLE.

"LA TITCOMB,"

Seldom's Venus, Warren, Lyon & Meyers, Martini & Maximillian, Fred Watson, Telegraph Four, Askeland, O'Kura Japs, New Motion Pictures.

Matinee Every Day——Best Seats 25c.

MASONIC MATINEE TO DAY TO-NIGHT LAST TIME.

JEFFERSON De ANGELIS In the BEAUTY SPOT 25c to $1.50 Seats

Nov. 15, 16, 17—"The Witching Hour." Nov. 18, 19, 20—Mary Mannering.

AVENUE—To-night and All Week.

Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

"GRAUSTARK"

Next Week—"Under Southern Skies."

GAYETY—ALL THIS WEEK

ANDY LEWIS' MARDI GRAS BEAUTIES

The Great Heras Troupe of Acrobats. Matinees Daily. 500 Reserved Seats 25c.

NIGHT, 10-20-30c **HOPKINS** Daily Matinee, Best Seats 25c.

The Workingman's Wife

A Comedy-Drama of Heart Interest.

Next Week—Barney Gilmore as "Dublin Dan."

BUCKINGHAM THEATER, ONE WEEK. Matinee Daily.

Morning, Noon and Night

BRIGHT AND PRETTY.

Something New in Farce and Musical Comedy.

PROPOSALS.

Notice

Of letting of contract for printing and binding reports of the decisions of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky.

The commissioners to let contracts for the printing and binding of the State Reports containing decisions of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky will receive sealed bids for the printing and binding of said reports for the term of two years, beginning first Monday in January, 1910, on and up to Friday, the 26th day of November, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon.

The work is to be done in accordance with specifications on file with the Secretary of the Board. A copy of the specifications will be mailed to anyone on application to the secretary at Frankfort, Ky. T. J. NUNN.

Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals, chairman.

J. MORGAN CHINN, Secretary.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—We repair old broken sets of teeth and bridges; make them good as new at a small cost. NEW YORK DENTISTS, over Besten & Langen. •

WANTED—To buy furniture, feathers, carpets, stoves, etc. W. SMITH, 103 E. Mkt. Phones, Home 6037, Cum. M. 241—Y. •

WANTED—Copy of Remington Pharmacy. Address B 69, this office.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Men, don't accept any kind of work until you hear from us; make $10 per day selling new household necessity; new article; new plan; 125,000 sold in Minneapolis; costs 6c; sells for 25c; two samples 5c. DOMESTIC MFG. CO., Drawer 1, Minneapolis, Minn. •

WANTED—Good man to take charge of subscription department of Catholic publication, with premium feature, on installment plan; must furnish bond and have experience. Address Box 857, Cincinnati, O. •

WANTED—Machine shop foreman; must have experience, with good references. HENRY VOGT MACHINE CO. •

WANTED—Laborers to work in shipping department at KENTUCKY WAGON MFG. CO., Third and K sts. •

WANTED—First-class bench men; good wages; steady work. Address P. O. Box 553, Shreveport, La. •

WANTED—Presser. Call at the PANTORIUM, Third and Walnut sts. •

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—A good German girl; must have first-class reference; good salary and fine home for right party. Apply 2026 Cherokee parkway. •

WANTED—AGENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Agents; there is at least $15 a week in it for your spare time, and more if you can work all the time; the most liberal proposition ever put up to make money; investigate this at once; you do not need any money or experience. Write for particulars to McLEAN, BLACK & CO., 556 Beverly st., Boston, Mass. •

WANTED—Three good agents to work from our wagons; highest commission paid and the best goods in the city and plenty of them. Call and see me. S. M. CHENOWETH, 707 W. Jefferson st. •

WANTED—Agents sell on commission practical patented tool needed in every home and factory. STOLLE CO., Cincinnati, O. •

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Traveling salesman, with ten years' experience, desires connection where ability and energy will be appreciated. Best references. Address A 93, this office. •

WANTED—Situation as bookkeeper or assistant; years' experience; best reference. D. M. C., 821 Third st. •

MONEY TO LOAN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

MONEY LOANED employed people, housekeepers and others upon their own names without security; cheapest rates; easiest payments. Offices in 66 principal cities. Save yourself money by getting my terms first. D. H. TOLMAN, Room 319 Equitable bldg. ••

IF you need money get our rates before borrowing elsewhere. WEST END LOAN CO., 1619 W. Market st. •

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—LOST—In Jamestown, N. Y., name and address of Louisville osteopathic physician. Address E. D. SIDMAN, Louisville Hotel.

PERSONAL—Massage and baths. MISS McCLELLAN, 536 4th. Tel. M. 3539—A. •

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

Strs. CITY OF CINCINNATI and CITY OF LOUISVILLE

For Madison, Carrollton, Cincinnati and Upper Ohio River points at 5 p. m. daily, except Sunday, at 9 a. m., from foot of Third. Phones 141.

C. C. FULLER, Supt.

FOR EVANSVILLE, OWENSBORO, TROY, CANNELTON, TELL CITY

STR. ROBERT RHEA leaves foot of Fourth street Wednesdays and Saturdays at 4 p. m. Freight also received for Green, Cumberland and Tennessee Rivers. Telephone 827.

M. J. CONNELLY, G. F. A.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

Stations, Tenth and Broadway and First and Water streets. City ticket office 416 Fourth Ave. and corner Fourth and Main. Both 'Phones 258.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. S, Sunday.
a Stops at Fourth street on signal.
x Stops at Baxter Avenue.

This Company reserves the right to vary from the time shown herein without notice to the public, and does not guarantee schedules.

Union Station, Tenth and Broadway.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and East	* 3:15am	a* 2:15am
Cincinnati and East	a* 8:15am	a* 9:20pm
Cincinnati and East	a* 1:15pm	a* 2:20pm
Cincinnati and East	xa* 5:00pm	xa*11:45am
Mobile and New Orleans	* 9:30pm	* 8:00am
Memphis and Hot Springs	* 9:30pm	* 8:00am
New Orleans and Memphis	* 2:30am	* 2:25am
Nashville and Atlanta	* 2:45pm	* 1:05pm
Nashville and Chattanooga	* 8:10am	* 7:00pm
Bowling Green Accommo.	† 5:05pm	† 9:30am
Knoxville and Atlanta	* 8:00pm	* 7:40am
Atlanta and Jacksonville	* 9:00am	* 8:20pm
Lebanon and Richmond	† 7:00am	* 6:30pm
Cincinnati, Frankfort and Lexington	xa† 7:35am	xa 6:40pm
Frankfort and Lexington	xa† 2:00pm	xa†12:05pm
Bardstown and Springfield	† 4:30pm	† 8:20am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 8:10am	† 5:45pm
Lebanon and Greensburg	† 5:00pm	† 9:30am
Lebanon and Greensburg	† 8:00am	† 8:30pm

Sunday Trains.

Frankfort and Lexington	xa6:10pm	xa11:00am
Bowling Green Accommo.	5:05pm	10:50am
Bardstown and Springfield	4:30pm	9:35am
Lebanon and Greensburg	5:25pm	9:20am

From First and Water-Street Station.

Frankfort Accommodation	† 4:30pm	*8:00am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield	* 5:15pm	*8:15am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield	* 8:00am	*6:05pm

Through Pullman sleeping car on the 9:30 p. m. and 2:35 a. m. trains to New Orleans and Memphis; on the 8 p. m. train to Atlanta and Bristol; on the 9:00 a. m. train to Atlanta and Jacksonville, and on the 1:15 p. m. train to New York.

BEARGRASS RAILWAY—Terminal Station, Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth. Effective November 1, 1909.

JEFFERSONTOWN DIVISION—Cars for Jeffersontown leave Baxter and Highland avenues at 5:15 a. m. daily and thereafter leave terminal station 6:03 and 7:03 a. m. and 18 minutes after each hour between the hours of 8:18 a. m. and 9:18 p. m. Last car Sunday night at 10:15 and Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 11:15. Cars leave Jeffersontown for Louisville at 5:55, 7 and 8 a. m. and fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 9:15 a. m. and 10:15 p. m. and 11:15 p. m. Sunday and 12:15 Monday, Wednesday and Saturday nights to Highland avenue only. Extra car leaves Jeffersontown at 7:30 a. m. daily except Sunday.

SALT RIVER DIVISION—Cars leave for Orell at 4:40 a. m. and fifty minutes after each hour between the hours of 5:50 a. m. and 7:50 p. m. Last car leaves for Orell 9:03 p. m. daily except Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 11:10 p. m. Cars leave Orell for Louisville 5:35 a. m. daily and forty-five minutes after each hour between the hours of 6:45 a. m. and 8:45 p. m. daily. Last car for Louisville leaves Orell 10 p. m. daily except Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 12 midnight. Extra cars leave station for Orell daily except Sunday at 5:10 a. m. and 5:20 p. m. Leave Orell 6:07 a. m. and 6:17 p. m.

OKOLONA DIVISION—Cars leave for Okolona thirty-five minutes after each hour between the hours of 5:35 a. m. and 7:35 p. m. daily. Last car for Okolona at 9 p. m. daily and on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays 11:05 p. m. Cars leave Okolona for Louisville fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 6:15 a. m. and 8:15 p. m. Last car for Louisville leaves Okolona 9:45 p. m. daily and on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays 11:45 p. m.

PROSPECT DIVISION—Cars leave for Prospect at 5:32 a. m. and on the hour thereafter until 10 p. m. Extra car will leave for Harrods Creek at 6:10 a. m. and leave Harrods Creek returning at 6:56 a. m. Extra car will leave for Glenview at 7:34 a. m. and returning leave Glenview 8:06 a. m. daily except Sunday. Cars leave Prospect for Louisville 6:15 a. m. and 7:15 a. m. and on the hour thereafter until 11 p. m. On Mondays' Thursdays and Saturdays last car leaves for Prospect at 11:03 p. m. and returning leaves Prospect 12 o'clock midnight.

FERN CREEK DIVISION—Cars for Fern Creek leave Highland and Baxter avenues at 5:05 a. m. daily and thereafter leave terminal station at 5:50 a. m. and fifty minutes after each hour between the hours of 5:50 a. m. and 9:50 p. m. On Monday, Wednesday and Saturday nights last car leaves 11:30. Cars leave Fern Creek 5:45 a. m. and forty-five minutes after each hour thereafter until 10:45 p. m. On Monday, Wednesday and Saturday nights last car leaves at 12:25.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY IN KENTUCKY (Incorporated.)—Seventh Street Station; City Ticket Office, 124 Fourth avenue:

N. B.—Following schedule figures published only as information and are not guaranteed:

ST. LOUIS AND THE WEST.

9:30 a. m. daily, "St. Louis Special," Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton, Princeton, Centralia, Evansville, St. Louis and way stations.

4:30 p. m. daily, "Evansville Limited," Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton, Evansville, West Baden and French Lick.

10:10 p. m. daily, "St. Louis Limited," Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia, Evansville and St. Louis.

8 a. m. daily, Evansville Accommodation, Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton and Evansville.

Trains from St. Louis arrive 5:55 p. m. and 7:10 a. m.* Trains from Evansville and local stations arrive at 12:28 p. m. and 6:50 p. m.

TO FLORIDA AND THE SOUTHEAST.

Trains leave Fourth-avenue crossing twenty minutes later.

7:40 a. m. daily, "Florida Limited," Lexington, Danville, Knoxville, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Florida.

3:30 p. m. daily, Lexington, Danville, Georgetown and way stations.

8 p. m. daily, "Florida Special," Danville, Lexington, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville and Atlanta. Through sleeper to Chattanooga, Asheville and Atlanta.

Trains from Lexington, Danville and local stations arrive at 8:40 a. m. and 11 a. m. and 8:50 p. m. Trains from the Southeast arrive at 8:40 a. m. and 8:50 p. m.

"TAKE THE BIG RED CAR" for New Albany, Jeffersonville, Charlestown, Sellersburg, etc. Depot, Third st., near Walnut. Cars for Jeffersonville via Big Four bridge every fifteen minutes from 5:45 a. m. until 8:15 a. m., then 9:15, 9:30, 9:45, 10:15, 10:30, 10:45, 11:15, 11:30, 11:45 a. m., 12:15, 12:30, 12:45, 1:15, 1:30, 1:45, 2:15 and 2:45 p. m. Commencing 3:15 p. m. every fifteen minutes until 6:45 p. m., then 7:15, 7:45, 8:15, 8:30, 8:45, 9:15, 9:45, 10:15, 10:45, 11:15, 11:45 p. m. and 12:45 a. m.

Cars for New Albany via K. and I. bridge every fifteen minutes from 6 a. m. till 9 a. m. and 4 p. m. until 6:30 p. m.; every thirty minutes from 9 a. m. until 4 p. m. and 6:30 p. m. until 12 midnight. Cars leaving on the hour connect in New Albany with cars for Silver Hills.

Cars for Charlestown leave at 7:20, 9:15, 10:30, 11:30 a. m. and 1:15, 3:45, 5:40, 8:30 and 11:15 p. m.

Cars for Sellersburg and points north leave 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 8:30 and 11:15 p. m.

INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE TRACTION CO.—In effect June 1, 1909.

THE HOOSIER LIMITEDS leave Louisville for Jeffersonville, Watson Junction, Sellersburg, Scottsburg, Crothersville, Seymour, Columbus, Edinburg, Franklin, Greenwood and Indianapolis at 7:30, 9:30 and 11:30 a. m. and 1:30, 4:30 and 6:30 p. m.

LOCAL CARS leave Louisville for Seymour and all intermediate points at 6:30, 8:30, 10:30 a. m. and 12:30, 3:30, 5:30, 8:30 and 11:15 p. m.

Cars make direct connections at Seymour with cars of the I. C. and S. T. Company for Indianapolis and all intermediate points, also with trains of the B. and O. R. R. and Southern Indiana R. R. for all points east and west of Seymour.

For complete time-table and full information call at station, Third street, between Green and Walnut.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—Seventh St. Depot, Seventh and River. City Ticket Office, Fourth and Market. Effective December 1, 1908:

	Leave	Arrive
Memphis and New Orleans	9:40pm	7:50am
Memphis and New Orleans	12:01pm	5:35pm
Paducah and Fulton	7:31am	4:55pm
Central City Accommodation	4:45pm	8:30am
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	7:31am	4:55pm
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	4:45pm	8:30am
Owensboro	12:01pm	4:55pm
Hopkinsville	12:01pm	5:35pm
California points, through cars Tuesdays	9:40pm	5:35pm

All trains run daily, except no Sunday service to Elizabethtown, Hodgenville or Owensboro.

LOUISVILLE AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD CO.—

EAST.

Lv. Versailles	8:00am	12:01pm
Lv. Nicholasville	8:43am	12:43pm
Lv. Richmond	9:40am	1:40pm
Lv. Irvine	10:55am	3:05pm
Ar. Beattyville	12:15am	4:30pm

WEST.

Ar. Versailles	10:20am	5:40pm
Lv. Nicholasville	9:35am	4:55pm
Lv. Richmond	8:40am	4:00pm
Lv. Irvine	7:20am	2:40pm
Lv. Beattyville	6:00am	1:20pm

All trains daily except Sunday.

LEXINGTON AND EASTERN RAILWAY—In effect August 1, 1908.

Trains leave Lexington for Winchester, Beattyville Junction, O. and K. Junction, Jackson and way points daily at 7:35 a. m. and 2:25 p. m. Returning leave Jackson at 6:10 a. m. and 2:20 p. m. Sunday only leave Jackson at 7 a. m. Connections at Mt. Sterling with C. and O., Campton Junction with Mountain Central Railway, Beattyville Junction with L. and A. Railway, O. and K. Junction with O. and K. Railway.

LOUISVILLE AND EASTERN R. R.—(Pewee Valley Line)—In effect November 1, 1909. For Pewee Valley and intermediate stations half hourly from 6 a. m. to 9 a. m.; hourly 9:30 a. m. to 1:30 p. m.; half hourly 2 p. m. to 7:30 p. m. and hourly thereafter until 12:30 midnight. For Beard and Lagrange hourly from 6:30 a. m. until 11:30 p. m. Limited trains arrive Louisville 7:57 a. m. and leave 5:15 p. m.

BOOKS AND THEIR WRITERS.

SOCIALISM OR WHAT?

Mr. Page's New Novel.

All the old favorites seem to be falling down. James Lane Allen gives us a nebulous attempt; Mrs. Ward condemns something or other American; Hopkinson Smith falls into sentimentalities, and now the author of "Marse Chan," Thomas Nelson Page, tries to prove, one knows not what, in his "John Marvel—Assistant."

Mr. Page could not write anything unreadable, so this novel entertains and interests, but he seems on both sides of the fence at once. First one's sympathies are enlisted against Mr. Leigh, a capitalist and owner of roads, then they are brought over to his side by means of his lovely daughter, the heroine. Then one weeps with the poor and takes a dive into socialism and labor unions, only to turn about and condemn the latter as working incredible hardship to the members who are the prey of their unscrupulous leaders and the political bosses who lead the leaders.

Then the intensest sympathy is enlisted for the Jews and for the splendid Wolffert, who gives his life for his race, a Jew proud of the distinction that ages of learning, of ethical study and practice have given him and his people and the reader wishes that he were the center of the story. In the end there is nothing at all decided, worked out or solved, except that the hero loves the heroine, gets her for his life-partner and passes on the road to fame and fortune.

And why the title? John Marvel is a good title, and he is really an assistant of all the poor and oppressed, but one sees comparatively little of him. It could better have been "Wolffert, the Jew," who replies to the young girl who says something against the race and then apologizes because she was not aware that the handsome Wolffert was a Jew,

"Pray don't apologize—don't imagine that I am offended. Would you be offended if I charged you with coming from a race of poets and philosophers and scientists—of a race that has given the world its literature and its religion?"

The plea for the Jew is one of the strong parts of the book, yet it is side-tracked to make way for the evils of bossism. Horrible indeed are these portions, and almost incredible the lengths to which the McSheens will go in their ambitions and greeds, their engagement in the white slave trade and their employment of thugs and cutthroats to rid themselves of the too active workers against them. Mr. Page seems to be getting off his beat, and the reader is only pacified when he is with the real hero. Henry Glave, Dix and Jeams about whom the author knows other than by hearsay and can write charmingly after the way of gifted men who know how to paint certain types of Southern gentlemen, their body-servants and their dogs.

Henry is a good character, even though there are certain inconsistent portions in his history, when he is described as penniless, yet giving to the poor; Jeams is fine—a true darkey with the faults of his race and the merits of an earlier and fast passing age; and Dix—Dix is a dog after one's own—devoted to his master, with strong intuitions, which he follows unswervingly; a fighter good for a ten-dollar bill every time his Jeams gets low in the pocket, or for a rescue every time his real master is attacked by thugs. Dix is a real "motion picture" dog and could be run off the reel as he is painted.

Still a book that can rouse and hold as does this one should not be passed by, and it will not. It has the elements that make popularity, and though it may be a tempting bid for that tempting place of "best seller," one cannot forget the several hours of oblivion that it insures. A little more planning, more care in developing, more definiteness of aim would have improved it a hundred per cent.

JOHN MARVEL, ASSISTANT. By Thomas Nelson Page. Published by Charles Scribner's Sons, New York City.

THE DOORS OF LIFE.

The author in his preface warns the reader that this book is not written for the critical intellect, but to the soul alone; so to be fair the critic should read it with his soul. But even with the fairest intention he will find some difficulty in following these "little studies in the art of self-healing." It is all very well to say that the critical intellect can find little or no meaning in this book, but a few pages further one sees a chapter headed "Health Through Mental Unfoldment," and knows that old brain is getting mixed up with soul thoughts. It comes in again in the pertinent account of the decrease of paresis among agricultural laborers, owing to the establishment of the library, the prevalence of the ten-cent magazine, the telephone and the trolley car, which have decreased not only the dread paresis, but the insanity of former generations.

The author advises every student to learn of his mental possibilities and claims that a delineation by a phrenologist is worth its weight in gold. "He would then have a chart to guide him, and he could take up a systematic course of training." One is carried away by enthusiasm and runs to test some of the healing rules here laid down, to go forth into the quietness of the woods—and become harmonized to the songs of the birds, and in this contemplation of the music of outdoors forget the cares and worries of the days of the past and feel a great and wonderful healing relaxation."

The case of Sanford Bennett, of San Francisco, ought to bring encouragement to millions. At fifty he was to all appearance an old man, rheumatic, dyspeptic, bald, but now at sixty-eight these evidences of decay have vanished, all through the exercise of mental positiveness. Exercises follow this statement to illustrate how Bennett regained all his hair, new strength and muscular development while lying in bed in the morning.

It is all so simple the wonder is that anybody will be fool enough to get old. One may begin thus:

"Grasp a roll of paper, concentrating on the strength of the muscles of the hand; relax and repeat." Surely nothing could be easier. Other exercises follow, but the affirmation "I am strength in these muscles" must be made in order to make them effective. One critic tried it, but without result, but perhaps this was his own fault, because he would correct a vagueness in the assertion and found himself saying "I have strength" instead of "I am strength." On such trifles does perfection depend.

He also tried the experiment which he was assured would arouse a sense of being. He closed his eyes and said firmly and positively, "I am!" This was supposed to "polarize" the nebulous thought elements of the mind," and give one a "sense of poise" that would last all day. He tried it, but some imp of the perverse every time he said "I am" whispered, "Of course you are, who said you weren't?" and made him feel sort of silly. He said he could not go into a fit of rapture because "I AM," even when he thought it in capitals.

It would be perfectly lovely if life and the toothache were so simply treated. Here, it is all re-enforced by the most beautiful scriptural quotations and the best advice about banishing all discordant thought, and concentration and relaxation and ever so many other simple things. In all this goodness, however, there is—one must admit the truth, though possibly the whole defect lies in the reader's soul—a feeling that if one did these things one would have to be thinking every moment of the time about oneself and one's welfare, and so would not have a second to keep house or to work to support the family, or go out to lodges or bridge or any of those little things that have hitherto been so erroneously considered by his poor mortal mind as "relaxations."

THE DOORS OF LIFE. Or Little Studies In Self-Healing. By Walter de Voe, author of "Healing Currents," "Mystic Words," etc. Published by Funk & Wagnalls Company, New York and London.

BOOK FOR BUSINESS MEN.

Considerably improved is this book by revision and enlargement; in fact, it is almost a new volume in that its greater detail makes its subject so much more vivid. To the man out of business imagination would seem on the face of it to be the last requisite in trade and to be business-like to require nothing but stern facts and plain figures. Here one learns the contrary and is convinced that imagination is as indispensable in the business world as in literature itself.

The many instances here given combine to show that while invention, a too eager seeking after novelty has wrecked many a business, imagination, has often and over saved the seemingly unsavable and sold the unsaleable. Mr. Deland says it is not the price of an article which is important, but the reason for the price. "This is one of the backbone truths of merchandising, and when once a seller gets a firm hold of this fact he can almost devastate the trade." The imagination comes in, in the reason for the price. He says that a high price with a good reason will sell more goods than a low price with a poor reason—the imagination again. He finds another instance of the imagination in the difference between the effect of a good and a poor name for an article.

The sine qua non is that the dealer must tell himself the truth. He must face the situation squarely. He must ask himself if there is any reason why buyers should pass by his competitors and make a bee-line for his store, and if he cannot find any reason he must change his tactics, improve his commodities, and make his shop so much more attractive that the buyers will have a reason for preferring him and his goods.

Many things must occur to the reader by inference and comparison that seem to uphold the author in all his contentions. Personally this reviewer knows of a glove trade lost because the girls, in trying on the gloves for the buyer, spit on their fingers and became angry when requested not to do so. Apart from the disgust the customer may properly feel and the inability to wear a glove or anything else unwashable that has been so fouled, in these days of the fight against the great white plague, it is impossible to run such a risk. In another retail dry goods establishment much trade was lost because the shop girls all chewed gum while attempting to induce the customer to purchase. Indeed, this writer has found that chewing gum is generally accompanied by other useless wagging of the jaws. It does not give a good impression of first-class methods when the clerks are chatting with one another, chewing gum or being otherwise inattentive to the business in hand, so that the imagination is excited away from purchase instead of in favor of it, thus making Mr. Deland's theory work both ways. Both retailers and wholesalers in search of increased business will do well to read and ponder here.

IMAGINATION IN BUSINESS. By Lorin F. Deland. Harper & Bros., publishers, New York.

BELLA DONNA.

This terrific arraignment of the courtezan is relieved from grossness by the environment, the poetic surroundings of oriental life, the clear atmosphere, the exceptional climate of Egypt which affect the mind of the reader to a wonderful degree.

Bella Donna is a beautiful woman of 42, owning to 38, who, being a crass materialist, sees life-pleasure to be in store for her only so long as she can fascinate and please men. Life holds nothing else for her. Fate has played her a wicked trick in her youth, so that, reputation gone, she is forced or seems to herself to be driven to adopt a naughty mode of life. But she rouses all her intelligence for a final struggle.

An idealist, Nigel Armine, holds the belief that by thinking people good one can make them so, and that by giving people a chance in the right and honest way one can make them right and honest. Unfortunately the notorious Mrs. Chepstow, with her ability for reading men, crosses his path. Nigel Armine is next in line for a peerage, and she knows that if she can marry Armine she will be received by people as Lady Harwich who have cut her dead as Mrs. Chepstow. She plays her cards finely, wins Armine, marries him in spite of the efforts of Armine's intimate friend, a physician of Jewish descent, who sees what the woman is after and tried everything short of betraying professional secrets to rescue him. For Mrs. Chepstow is very subtle and at the very beginning of her plot to capture the idealist consults Isaacson professionally, telling him the real truth about herself, so that his mouth is sealed.

Mr. Hichens has acquired a finished art in fiction and whatever he puts his pen to is sure to be absorbing. Here he has told more than a clever tale; he has taken an unsavory subject, the life of a courtezan, and even while impressing the reader with the woman's fascination, has taught an awful lesson of the wages of sin. In surrounding it with the poetry of the Nile and the solitude of the desert, as contrasted with life in London, in putting his English characters against the Orientals and drawing both types sharply and clearly, Mr. Hichens has here given a most remarkable study of the fight of vice against virtue.

BELLA DONNA. A Novel. By Robert Hichens, author of "The Garden of Allah," "The Call of the Blood," etc. Published by J. B. Lippincott Company, Philadelphia.

THE CHINESE COURT.

Under the title of "Court Life in China," Isaac Taylor Headland, professor in the Pekin University, has written an intimate story of the little known court of the late Empress Dowager of China, which is one of the most interesting books published within recent years about a country which now claims a very large share of the attention of students of politics and of race questions.

It is not necessary to be interested in international politics to enjoy Prof. Headland's description and explanations of the Chinese court. One of the most impressive figures of the history of the early years of this century was the Empress Dowager, who wielded the scepter upon the Dragon Throne after having removed the Emperor from his position because of his radical ideas of reform and his somewhat erratic methods. It is generally said that the Emperor, whose death was announced under suspicious circumstances just before that of the Empress Dowager, was mentally incompetent. The impression is removed by reading this book. According to Prof. Headland, the Emperor, for a man who had never been beyond the limits of his own court, and who learned of the outside world in a somewhat haphazard way, was a man of remarkable intellect. He devoured all of the books he could lay hands upon and have translated into Chinese. He had an intense interest in all mechanical inventions and his palace was stored with many examples of Western inventive genius. He was an ardent advocate of governmental reforms, although he had the faults, and made the mistakes, that might have been expected of anyone who had not had the advantage of a modern education.

The picture of the Empress Dowager is painted upon a large canvas. In the opinion of the author she was one of the most remarkable women the world has produced. He takes up the narrative of her life when she was a little girl running errands for her mother and playing in the street like other Chinese children of the lower classes. He tells how she became one of a number of concubines in the royal palace where many girls similarly situated never even see the Emperor, of how she won the favor of her royal master, became first concubine and the fast friend of the Empress, and by her great tact maintained that friendship after she became the mother of her country's ruler and the superior of her mistress in power. In different chapters the Empress Dowager is discussed as an artist, as an empress, as a reformer, as a ruler, and as a woman. Her conduct during the Boxer rebellion, when the world outside of China regarded her as a bloody-minded ogress, he explains as having been the natural result of the peculiar conditions under which she ruled, and her lack of knowledge of foreign countries and affairs, coupled with the aggression of European Powers upon Chinese territory.

Following the story of the court are chapters discussing the social life and customs of the higher classes in China. The book is not pretentious in its literary style, but is charming in its simplicity and sympathy. The author states that the source of much of his information was his wife, a court physician.

COURT LIFE IN CHINA. By Isaac Taylor Headland. Fleming H. Revell Company, New York, Chicago, Toronto, London and Edinburgh.

ENGLISH SPELLING AND SPELLING REFORM.

The volume so named is the first attempt, says its author, Prof. Lounsbury, to collect and combine and put in a form easily comprehensible by the general reader the widely scattered facts which go to bring out with distinctness the real nature of the deep-seated disease under which it labors. As English spelling now stands, it fulfills neither its legitimate office of denoting pronunciation nor its illegitimate one of disclosing derivation.

The remedies for this state of affairs are not easy to apply, continues the author. What with the caprice which now controls English spelling, the bondage to tradition and to association, under which the present system lies, the reformer faces difficulties almost insurmountable. Yet though discouraged by the situation, Prof. Lounsbury is not in despair. He seems to believe that those two virtues which eventually bring about beneficent change in other matters will work here—patience and rationality—"just as the creation of literature holds a language fast to its moorings, just as it renders stable by arresting all speedy verbal or grammatical change, so the establishment of phonetic spelling would operate upon orthoepy. * * * This is a counsel of perfection which we can recognize as desirable, but need never expect, at least in our own day, to see realized." None the less, maintains the author further, we can see the benefits that would result from it had we the courage—and might it not be added, the leisure?—to reform our spelling. Certainly we agree with him that had such reform been inaugurated and carried out there had not occurred the wide degredation of the sound a, as in father. That degradation had not gone on till the sound had been used in some quarters to rhyme with clam, as he reminds the reader.

The book is an earnest homily on the subject of English spelling, but it is much more agreeable reading than some homilies. It contains much charm of expression here and there.

ENGLISH SPELLING AND SPELLING REFORM. By Thomas R. Lounsbury. Publishers, Harper Brothers, New York.

MEREDITH TRANSLATION THE LITERARY EVENT OF THE ROMAN YEAR.

New Movement In Italy For Fiction That Can Enter the Family—Books For Children Also Making Their Appearance—Ideal Spot Chosen By D'Annunzio For His Home and Workshop At Marina di Pisa—Englishwoman's Book On Ancient Italy.

Florence, Oct. 25.—The fall season with everything begins in Italy in October, and, in consequence, new publications are being announced now each day. Perhaps the book exciting the greatest interest is "La Piccola Madanigella Christina," by Dora Meligari, published by Treves, of Milan.

The plot is entirely a new thing in Italian fiction and is perhaps a reflection of the change which is taking place in this once exclusive people. Christina is a young girl possessed of a frail body, but an indomitable spirit. She goes to Rome alone to fight her battle of life as a teacher of languages. The book concerns itself not only with the usual Italian love motive, but, what is quite new, gives vivid scenes in the life of the big Roman hotels and of aristocratic circles in Italy and reflects the life of the English and American colony. The reviews of this book are enthusiastic, the Italiana Illustrata drawing attention to the fact that it is a novel fit to enter the family.

"La Vicenda" is another book announced by Treves. Its author is Antonio Beltramelli, whose "Primi Gente" has been translated into German, French and Swedish.

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Italian reviewers are much excited over the Italian translation of George Meredith's "Diana of the Crossways." The translator is the poet Romualdo Pantini. He has triumphed over the difficulties of turning Meredith's profound thought and obscure phraseology into Italian. Another translation exciting much comment is that of the Japanese novel "Hotogiso" ("The Cuckoo"). It has been made by Signorina Fanny Dalmazzo, who has chosen "Nami e Talsio," the names of the hero and heroine, for her title.

* * *

A movement to interest Italian children in literature is a new thing in Italy. There are practically no original books for young people, and not even many translations. Last year a paper for boys and girls, Coriere die Piccoli, was started in Milan, and a club of young readers formed throughout Italy. This summer conventions of young people, an entirely new thing here, were held in Leghorn, Rimini and other places. The work is in the hands of the well-known journalist, Signor Luigi Barzini, who publishes this autumn "The Adventures of Flammiferino," a charming tale for little ones.

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Bemporad announces the second volume of Roux's most fascinating book, also for the young, entitled "The Childhood and Youth of Illustrious Italians." A few of the characters whose early lives are related are Ristori, Verdi, Mazzini, Cherubini.

Another book just now in the public eye is "Il Miracolo." The author is Clarice Tartufani. The Lyceum Club, of Florence, the first woman's club of Italy, has begun the custom of entertaining in honor of women writers visiting Florence, and its last reception was for the author of "Il Miracolo."

* * *

It is always interesting to know just where authors write their volumes and the kind of house and surroundings which give inspiration. Gabrielle d'Annunzio has been at work this summer on a novel and a play. Gossip says the latter is to have its setting partly in Siena and that the famous historic pagenant, "The Palio," is to be part of a scene. However that may be, D'Annunzio chose a most ideal spot to do his work in. At Marina di Pisa, which is a samll seaside resort not far from Pisa itself, he rented a villa, which boasted an old-fashioned flower-grown garden surrounded by gray walls, just where the Arno empties into the sea. From his windows he could gaze on the sand of a splendid beach, with the Mediterranean changing hue with every mood of sun or sky, or on the rush-grown waters of the Arno, or beyond at the Riviera Mountains as opalescent and brilliant in hue as the sea. Across from his villa—a shabby old place—stands a pleasant farm house giving the human touch to the otherwise solitary surroundings. D'Annunzio has had several adventures this summer. He was a witness at the marriage of the daughter of his publisher, Emilio Treves. He was left hours on the road to Bologna by an accident to his motorcar, and he took a flight in an aeroplane at Brescia. Then, too, he at last won a victory over the peasant, named Volpi, who, two years ago, killed his dog, Magog. It was at this trial that D'Annunzio refused to state his age, informing the judge that this was a question which should never be asked of ladies or artists. His son, too, appeared this summer as an actor in his "Nave."

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Not far from Marina di Pisa is lovely Torre del Lago, a lake of exquisite beauty set amid violet hills, rush-grown and guarded by an ancient tower. Here, protected from the gaze of the village street by a pergola of thick vines, stands the Tudor-like house where lives Puccini, the composer. The garden surrounded by a thick hedge through whose openings, however, the curious can see Puccini, perhaps on his terrace or eating a meal in the open air, slopes down to the lake. Puccini spent much of his summer, however, at Bagni di Lucca, where he took the cure while working on his new American opera. His hours of work are two hours before dejeuner and until after midnight in the evening.

* * *

Among the new books on Italy is "Old Etruria and Modern Tuscany," by Mary Lovett Cameron, just published by Messrs. Methuen. This book, the first of its kind on its subject, aims to be a handbook giving the casual traveler a knowledge of the remains and history of one of the most mysterious peoples of antiquity. Miss Cameron, who is known to the English-reading public through her social studies in the Pall Mall Gazette and Westminster of some years back, and also by stories and articles in all the leading English periodicals, has spent a great part of her life in Italy. A number of years ago, before tourists were interested in the Etruscans or knew of the existence of many of their remains, Miss Cameron was staying in an ancient villa near Perugia. To amuse herself she walked or drove to some tombs she was told of, the now much-visited Tomb of the Volumnii.

Gazing at the noble faces of the figures on the tombs she said to herself, "Why, surely these people must have been as civilized as we are! Why has no one written of them?"

Their faces lingered in her mind and after she had read Dennis, the only English writer of note on the subject, she began on Italian manuscripts, wandered about Tuscany, and now publishes her book. The style is easy and full of charm, and the volume is fully illustrated. Miss Cameron is spending her winter at Assisi to make further researches in that region.

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Admirers of Ouida will rejoice over the beauty of her tomb at Bagni di Lucca. On the slope of a lovely curve of the English cemetery, outlined against the green of an English planted and tended hedge, she lies at rest in marble, her feet on the effigy of her much-loved dog.

"Louise de la Ramee (Ouida), writer of incomparable novels," an English lady, who remains anonymous, has had inscribed on the marble to the writer's memory.

The sculptor, who sadly enough has hardly more of the world's goods than had Ouida herself, has given her face a look of the highest intellectuality and nobility. The Italians believe a revival of her books is sure to come, as they hold she is the only foreign writer who has portrayed them as they are.

EVA A. MADDEN.

CHARMING "BEECHY."

Something of inspiration enters into all of Bettina von Hutten's novels, making her principal females so fascinating that sober judgment is warped and the reader and reviewer, however critical otherwise, fall as wildly in love as the hero. Here it is an Italian of good birth on the father's side, but of middle-class English on the mother's, who is early thrown upon the world, but who, by grace of her power of loving all who are good to her and her purity of heart wins her way to fortune, fame and the love of an English rake.

Beechy is a genius. The stage calls her early, and never doubting herself she knows that she will be not only a great actress, but a great singer. That everyone will be nice to her she takes for granted, so when people love her, however hopelessly, she makes use of them quite in her own charming way and holds their love while witholding her own. Her many contradictions go to form a heroine that is surprisingly real. She lies when occasion offers, but one knows she is truthful; she is also blatantly frank and sometimes by this quality puts to flight subtle enterprises. Her generous heart sways a generous mind and makes her as prodigal of affection as of money. And, best and rarest trait—she is no time-server.

The second title of the novel—"The Lordship of Love"—carries one back to prehistoric fiction. But after reading the book one does not mind it in the least—on the whole rather thinks it just the thing, so wonderful are the wiles of this interesting writer which make everything she chooses believed. The fascination of Beechy as a character in no way falls short of the earlier "Pam."

BEECHY, OR THE LORDSHIP OF LOVE. By Bettina von Hutten, author of "Our Lady of the Beeches," "Pam," "Pam Decides," etc. With colored frontispiece. By A. G. Learned. Published by Frederick A. Stokes Company, New York City.

ROMANTIC GERMANY.

This book will be enjoyed by any who would share with the traveler the wide range of interest accruing to one who loves to visit cities that have stories to tell. Every place has stories which it will unfold to those who have hearts open to them, stories of the men who have lived within its boundaries, of the manner in which they lived, and of what they were able to accomplish while they lived.

The tales of those cities that have held great numbers of men living under varying conditions are usually well worth listening to, and the German towns whose stories Mr. Schauffler tells in this book have for hundreds of years been the homes of those whose lives have had great influence for both good and bad on the history of the world. To travel in cities which are full of monuments of the list of past generations, continually revealing to the traveler conditions under which men of other times than ours lived and what were their ideals of life and faith and art, cannot but have a broadening influence upon our lives and must give us a clearer view of the relation that our generation bears to theirs and to the progress of the world; and a book such as this, on the impressions received by a thoughtful traveler in these old cities, will certainly be of value.

Mr. Schauffler treats his subject with insight and sympathy and writes in a lucid and attractive style, and he has illustrated his volume with reproductions from the paintings of modern German artists, thus lending it an added charm. Judging from his beautiful descriptions, Danzig, Brunswick, Hildesheim and the other German towns of which he writes and whose individual characteristics he portrays, would be a Paradise for those who are lovers of the romantic, so full are they of records in art and architecture of the vigorous life and awakened spirit of "the age when Europe was born again" and men saw a great light.

ROMANTIC GERMANY. By Robert Haven Schauffler. Published by the Century Company.

THE STAR OF LOVE.

Florence Morse Kingsley has done a difficult thing with success. She has made one of the Bible stories her theme and she has rehabilitated it as a story that actually lives, that enlists the reader's attention to real people instead of inflicting the reader with the wooden stock figures that are usually the result of an attempt to make novels or dramas out of that fine old material.

The salient personage in "The Star of Love" is Esther. The incidents are those of her ascent to the throne of Xerxes, her effort to save her Jewish people from the edict of extermination issued against them by the connivance of Haman, the high priest.

Xerxes is represented as a king weary of the flattery and artificiality that surrounds him. He longs for some honest relation with humanity, for the genuine love of some woman. In Esther he realizes this ideal. The character of Esther is presented effectively in all the dignity and beauty suggested by the ancient text. A dramatic element is added to the narrative by the character of Nathan, her foster-brother, who loves her. Movement and complications are otherwise added to the plot by the characters of the old queen-mother, Haman, Mordecai and minor persons of the court.

While giving her characterizations and incidents some life, the author has carefully built up her historic background with its splendors of the Persian court, the battlegrounds of the Greeks and Persians, and the other scenes wherein the episodes of the story were enacted.

The illustrations by Arthur Beecher are well done.

THE STAR OF LOVE. By Florence Morse Kingsley. Publishers, D. Appleton & Co., New York.

MR. GILDER'S LINCOLN.

To those who have faith in the triumph of the ideals which gave birth to the United States, the life and work of Abraham Lincoln will always be of vital interest; and of vital interest to them will be any understanding treatment of that life and work.

In a little book of reflective essays on the character of Lincoln, Richard Watson Gilder has thought of him as "The Leader," and in consequence of his realization of the fact that Lincoln's greatness lay in his power as a leader of the purest impulses of men, Mr. Gilder's book is full of interest.

He analyzes those qualities of character and personality which gave Lincoln his power and won for him not only the intense love of the American people but the admiration of the whole world; he points out that singular love of his neighbor which he had; that understanding of the joys and sorrows and the good and bad impulses which make up the lives of men; that great wisdom and simplicity which were born of this understanding; and especially that genius for expression that was his, a quality possessed in greater or less degree by all who have led their fellowmen in the direction of happiness, and which comes of that imagination which, Mr. Gilder says, "is implied in a strong realization of the truth of things in the mind of the writer or speaker; the actual imaged in the mind," that which is "essentially the faculty of seeing clearly and stating clearly the actual reality."

Any earnest and loving interpretation such as this of the character and life-work of this man will always have an influence for good, for it will be by his example more than anything else that Lincoln will lead men to a realization of the ideal for which he gave his life—peace on earth, good will toward men.

LINCOLN, THE LEADER. By Richard Watson Gilder. Published by the Houghton-Mifflin Company.

ON VARIOUS TOPICS.

THE IRVINS AND THEIR KIN. Revised by the author in Scotland, Ireland and England. Compiled by L. Boyd. Published by R. R. Donnelley & Sons Company, Chicago.

"A history of the Irvine family and their descendants; also short sketches of their kindred, the Carlisles, McDowells, Johnstons, Maxwells, Gaults, McElroys, etc., from A. D. 373 down to the present time."

This fine genealogical work contains the history of many families well known to-day in Kentucky and elsewhere. The name was originally Erinvines. In Louisville alone may be found nearly one hundred representatives of the clan by the name and many more of collateral branches, such as the McDowells, and the Carlisles. Illustrations of arms, portraits, residences, family trees, add to the accuracy of the huge book, and to the glory of a huge family that seems to possess more than its share of honor derived from certain traits that in spite of environment seem to have persisted through many centuries.

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THEODORE ROOSEVELT, DYNAMIC GEOGRAPHER. Based on a lecture delivered to the School of Geography, Oxford University, March 8, 1909. By Frank Buffington Vrooman, F. R. G. S. Henry Frowde, Oxford University Press, London, Edinburg, New York, Toronto and Melbourne.

The author finds that in reviewing Mr. Roosevelt's administration one is startled at the array of practical results and the universality of the popular movement tending toward a new democracy. "There is a chance that American destiny may be fulfilled on rational instead of fortuitous lines. Mr. Roosevelt's work has been laid on geographical foundations, carried on in an ethical spirit and conservatively within constitutional limits."

No recent writer has made a summary of Roosevelt's acts more lucid than this. The steps making a panic imminent are recounted. American institutions were developed solely for the benefit of the wealthy classes. Financialism was the great menace to the American Republic. Wall Street was "an insolent and irresponsible gambling and wrecking game beside which the Louisiana Lottery was a Sunday-school." One hundred men controlled the bulk of all the wealth in the country; nearly ninety million people controlled the rest. Mr. Roosevelt decided to put an end to this state of things. "He demanded a 'square deal' for the people. He demanded other things, but every measure won or lost had its ethical value. The various enterprises showed him to be a new kind of geographer. "The dynamic geographer is the efficient geographer, the constructive geographer, the man who gets geographical things done; the man who studies the land and the water with an ethical purpose in the back of his mind with reference to getting from them, for mankind, the highest possible amount of use."

The book closes with a strong plea for the continuance of the Roosevelt policy. The people have never had a chance, according to this writer. "An ethical democracy would offer them a chance." Roosevelt as a constructive statesman compares favorably with the Fathers of our Country.

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THE UP-TO-DATE SANDWICH BOOK. 400 Ways to Make a Sandwich. By Eva Greene Fuller. A. C. McClurg & Co., Chicago, Ill.

Many persons versed in the delectable art of sandwich-making, of late years classed as high art, indeed will take issue with the very first paragraph of this little work, which says that bread for sandwiches should be at least one day old!

Here we say the fresher the better, and when it is delicately sawed—not cut—we wrap it closely in waxed paper and put it into the refrigerator until the party is ready. Apart from this divergence from the Southern way the book is full of toothsome suggestions for fillings for fish, flesh, fowl, salad, cheese, nut, sweet and sour sandwiches.

* * *

SHORT TALKS WITH YOUNG MOTHERS. On the Management of Infants and Young Children. By Charles Gilmore Kerley, M. D., professor of diseases of children, New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital, etc., etc. Second edition, revised and enlarged. G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York and London.

New matter has been added, thus widening the scope of this sensible and useful book which has been a help to so many young mothers in the land since its first printing in 1901.

* * *

A GUIDE TO THE COUNTRY HOME. By Edward Kneeland Parkinson. Illustrated. The Outing Publishing Co., New York City.

The first thing that a person of moderate means must learn is that farming as a fad is the most expensive thing in which a city man can indulge, owing to the haste to be successful, haste in choosing a suitable location in moving, in stocking. Another obstacle is in the idea that farming will ever make the fortune of the original owner. "A good, substantial living, yes; but a fortune, never." The wise way is to rent first and buy afterward.

The book tells the many points to be considered in adopting the country life: the roads to the place, planning for winter, the garden, hothouse vegetables, all sorts of livestock, the curing of hams and bacons, the care, cost and profit of fowls, how and when to plant crops, the orchard, the market, and kitchen garden, bees, trees, lawn and shrubbery, and the harvest. The illustrations are as good and almost as instructive as the excellent text.

* * *

SOCIAL SERVICE AND THE ART OF HEALING. By Richard C. Cabot, M. D., assistant professor of medicine in the Harvard Medical School, assistant visiting physician at the Massachusetts General Hospital. Moffat, Yard & Co., New York City.

In the preface the author states that this book is written to exemplify three forms of what he calls "teamwork"—social service, formerly known as philanthropy, which is becoming more and more interested in medicine, in its efforts to improve the public health; the solution of the moral and spiritual problems that are closely connected with the medical, and the problem of truth, speaking as against the method of deception and concealment formerly considered admissible in medical practice. "To fool a patient is tyranny, not guidance. He must understand what is being done for him if he is to do his part properly. This means teamwork of doctor and patient."

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THE VALKYRIE. A DRAMATIC POEM. By Richard Wagner. Freely translated in poetic, narrative form by Oliver Huckel. Thomas Y. Crowell & Co., publishers, New York City.

The fifth volume of the music drama series, the second in the "Ring." The first, the "Rheingold," published last year, told the story of the magic gold; this recounts the efforts of the daughters of Wotan to save the gods from destruction. The translation shows a fine appreciation of the force and beauty of the elemental drama so well illustrated by Wagner's grand music, but which is so often marred in the English librettos of "The Ring."

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SCIENCE OF TRAPPING. Describing the Fur-bearing Animals, Their Nature, Habits and Distribution, with Practical Methods for Their Capture. By E. Kreps. Published by A. R. Harding Publishing Company, Columbus, Ohio.

This pleasant and profitable sport is an art to be learned. "In order to be successful, one must know the wild animals as a mother knows her child. He must also know and use the most practiced methods of trapping, and it is my object to give in this work the most successful trapping methods known."

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THE EVOLUTION OF THE AMERICAN FLAG. From materials collected by the late George Canby. By Lloyd Balderston, Ph. D., professor of physics at the Westchester State Normal School. Ferris & Leach, 27 South Seventh street, Philadelphia, Pa.

George Canby, the last surviving grandson of Elizabeth Claypool (Betsy Ross) collected most of the material contained in this book. He was a scholar, fond of separating fact from fiction, aiming at truth and accuracy. He searched the records and read all publications referring to the flag. He had arranged all of his material and was preparing his book for the press when he died in 1907. The present author, a nephew of Canby, has been at great pains to carry out his uncle's ideas and plans. The work is one of the most dependable ever printed concerning flag history.

AUTHOR AND PUBLISHER.

In a series of lectures and recitals on the modern drama to be given by such distinguished lecturers as Mr. Hamilton Wright Mabie and Mr. Percy MacKaye, the leading modern dramas selected are: Maeterlinck's "Sister Beatrice" and "The Blue Bird," Schutze's "Hero and Leander," MacKaye's "Jeane d'Arc," "The Canterbury Pilgrims," and "Mater," Hauptmann's "Hannele," Zangwill's "The Melting Pot," Kennedy's "The Winterfeast" and "The Servant in the House," and Alice Brown's "My Lady's Ring."

Among this week's publications of B. W. Dodge & Co., were "My Quest of the Arab Horse," by Homer Davenport, an account of the cartoonist's trip through the desert in search of his prize horses, illustrated with numerous photographs and drawings by the author. "In Lockerbie Street," a little appreciation of James Whitcomb Riley, by Mabel Potter Daggett, and "The Players o' London," a love story of Shakespeare's day, by Louise Beecher Chancellor, got up in dainty gift book style.

It seems as though a new spirit had come into publishing when Mitchell Kennerley, who has published so many successful novels, announces seven volumes of poetry in a single season. They are by Bliss Carman, John G. Neihardt, Charles Hanson Towne, Theodosia Garrison, Richard Le Gallienne, John Davidson and Blanche Shoemaker Wagstaff.

Last year one of the most attractive books of the Christmas season was "A Midsummer Night's Dream" with Mr. Arthur Rackham's fantastic, delightful illustrations. This year the Rackham book that Doubleday, Page & Co. are to bring out is Grimm's Fairy Tales.

Gen. A. W. Greely's "Handbook of Polar Discoveries," an authoritative resume of polar explorations from the earliest voyages, has just been thoroughly revised, and the new edition announced for immediate publication by Little, Brown & Company, includes the latest discoveries by Cook, Peary and Shackleton.

William A. Locy's "Biology and Its Makers," comes in very appropriately in the year of the Darwin centenary. Messrs. Henry Holt & Company announce that they are already having to print a second edition of this notable book.

Many American reviewers have delivered opinions of "Marriage a la Mode" that conflict greatly. The publishers have conducted a review contest on this book; and the results, soon to be made public, show that Mrs. Ward's American readers have thought earnestly over "Marriage a la Mode," whether they agree always with the justice and logic of her conclusions or not.

A suffrage book which does not contain a line of argument is sure of at least one kind of popularity at the start. Such a book will be "Equal Suffrage in Colorado," which the author, Helen H. Sumner, Ph. D., describes simply as "the report of an investigation made for the Collegiate Equal Suffrage League of New York State." It took two years, however, to prepare the report, the method being that of investigation of the suffrage States, counties and cities throughout Colorado, an equal-suffrage State. There will be extensive tables of statistics, a comparison of evidence, and a statement of results as thorough, it is believed, as even a man could wish. The book will be published by the Harpers in November.

The author of "Municipal Government," Frank J. Goodnow, Eaton professor of administrative law and municipal science in Columbia University, has just been given the degree of Doctor of Laws by Harvard University.

To anyone who has ever visited, or intends visiting, Washington, a copy of the newly revised edition of "Washington: Its Sights and Insights," by Harriet Earhart Monroe, just published by Funk & Wagnalls Company, will prove of great interest and value. This volume forms a complete, right-up-to-the minute guide to the national capital—with many interesting illustrations.

Dr. John H. Clarke may appear a trifle iconoclastic at times in "Vital Economy, or How to Conserve Your Strength," but in the main he is moderate, thoughtful and ready with reasonable advice which the ordinary person may easily put to practical use.

Theodore Roosevelt's book, "The Strenuous Life," has just been issued in the Portuguese language, for circulation in South Africa, under the title, "A Vida Intensa."

FICTION.

THE WARES OF EDGEFIELD. By Eliza Orne White. Publishers, Houghton-Mifflin Co., Boston.

A receipt for the incipient novelist might run: Take any family you know; study the variety of characters therein; observe how these interact upon one another; and there you are with materials enough for many stories—if you can just learn how to put them together. Eliza Orne White knows—and with quite a little charm and verisimilitude she has brought over into a story the Wares, an old family of Edgefield. Especially the love affairs of this family give interest to the book, and these include the romances of two generations. Sufficient distinctiveness and attraction have been given the several characters to hold the attention of those who like a simple, pleasant story of the little loves and rivalries of a small town such as Edgefield. Boston supplies the background for one or two chapters, but only to throw into greater relief the close connection of the Wares with their native Edgefield, a typical provincial town.

* * *

THE CASTLE BY THE SEA. By H. B. Marriott Watson. Publishers, Little, Brown & Co., Boston.

To those who love a good, breezy story, with some plot, considerable suspense, several surprises run in for good measure, Mr. Watson's story will recommend itself. The scene is laid off the Devonshire coast of the English Channel, in a castle high up on the rocks. Mr. Watson paints a beguiling picture of the place with its outlook on the sea and estuary. The author tells the story with zest, the reader feeling that he is walking along with the hero, Sir Gilbert, whose merry twinkling eyes make the tale just a pastime in which the narrator and the listener perfectly understand each other—so if everything is not exactly true, there is no hard feeling. This Sir Gilbert is an insolvent English lord who in order to recoup his disappearing fortune rents his old castle for several months. Among his tenants are two charming damsels. After he decides to rent them the castle he conceives the original idea of staying in this neighborhood of his own estate, considering it the least likely place his vindictive creditors would look for him. This was a good coup, for he had spent nearly all his time in London and foreign parts, and was not known at all in his native place. The situation is rife with opportunities for misunderstandings, complications, ghostly manifestations, a kidnaping, and similar exciting incidents and phenomena, which end with the happiest of conclusions, for which the reader's pleasure must not here be spoiled.

* * *

THE GREATER POWER. By Harold Bindloss. Published by Frederick A. Stokes Company, New York.

Canada is here the setting for a story of some interest in detail, but little originality either in subject or treatment. The hero, Nasmyth, an Englishman of good family, who has come to British Columbia to retrieve his fallen fortunes, falls a victim to pneumonia and general exhaustion in a woodchoppers' camp in Western Canada, and is nursed to health by a girl of courage and common sense. Nasmyth, however, does not fall in love with her. It is another woman, a girl of less stamina, who attracts him, and how they are drawn together and then apart forms the love story, together with his return to the right woman. Most of the action takes place in the lumber districts, in the wilds of the bush, among the bronzed and burly Canadians, with several English men and women as the principal characters, and many of the scenes are characteristic of the life of woodchopper, lumberman, ranch owner and woodsman.

* * *

THE VEIL. By Ethel Stefana Stevens. Published by Frederick A. Stokes Co., New York.

Something of the mystery of the Orient has been captured within these scarlet-clad pages. Its three books are called "The Veiled House," "The Veiled City" and "The Veiled Prophet," and it is a veiled woman who is one of its central group of figures. In the first chapter one hears of the little girl with the Circassian skin and coloring who was of Si Ismael's household, who could chatter in sketchy French, who gave promise of being a pretty woman and who was petted by the officers' wives in Algiers. But Algiers is civilization, and the little village of Silga is not Algiers. Two French officers find themselves in Silga; one of them inquires for the child he knew several years ago when his host, Si Ismael, lived in Algiers. She "has gone on a visit," his message will be delivered to her; but that night it is her message which is delivered to him, the desperate plea of the caged wildbird frantic for freedom. In five short chapters the author, prodigal of the material she has heaped by in such generous store, gives enough of plot and incident to rival many a slender modern novel, yet it is only her opening. The girl Mabrouka wins her freedom, by desperate means; she fights for it and renounces it, claims it and refuses it, in varying moods, yet remains always the veiled woman, a creature of mystery and allurement, of half-concealed grace and soft perfume and haunting sadness. It is done artistically, the pink and white flamingoes of the child Annunziata, the red curtains of the carriages, the rich dyes and scarlet and lemon-colored shoes in the market place, all add their note of brilliance, in direct contrast to the stark tragedy, the short, terrible life stories that are mere incidents in the development of the tale, a gaudy background for figures gaunt and woeful and helpless.

* * *

ZANDRIE. By Marian Edwards Richards. The Century Company, New York.

Zandrie is an improbable but charming young lady, for whose realness one does not stickle so long as she furnishes such entertainment. She is a little girl during the first half of the volume, a delightful child, and here at least there is no suggestion of improbability, for the convent atmosphere is caught with fidelity and the child is a real figure, pathetic and lovable, a brilliant little red rose set incongruously among the pale violet sisterhood. The nuns, too, live with individuality, the comfortable Sister Isidore, Zandrie's comforter at the convent, Sister Gertrude, although of each there is the merest glimpse. Of Sister Isidore indeed one could wish there was more, her account of the accident to the horse when they "fetch Sister Gertrude for his head and Sister Angela for his tail" proving that it was her mission to take the bitter edge from the tragedy, which is never allowed to shadow the reader's sunny sky of enjoyment, for he is so sure that it will turn out well. And he is right. Zandrie, naughty and unexpected and full of fairy dreams, is a delicious little heroine. Ordered to remain in her bedroom on her honor, and forgotten by Sister Angela, "she would go to bed and die of starvation and honor—gladly die! And Sister Angela would lose at one swoop all the years wrested at such pains from purgatory. Sister Angela would be sorry." Zandrie finds the knight of her dreams and loves him devotedly, and helps to nurse him when he lies half dead within the convent walls, bringing all the freshness of youth and amazing innocence to try his man's soul almost beyond his strength.

* * *

THE HOUSE OF THE NORTH SHORE. By Marion Foster Washburne. Published by A. C. McClurg & Co., Chicago.

Here is a problem novel with a vengeance, a problem worthy of any pen, but by no means given its value in the present instance. It is the problem Heredity, the bugbear which fills mankind with such helpless fear. It is not at all new in fiction, yet the central idea is new, the thought, in line with the latest doctrine of optimism, that heredity is not to be feared, since it can be conquered. Heredity is powerful, but intelligent opposition is more powerful still. The story deals with the domestic affairs of a family, father, mother, young son and daughter, which on the paternal side is tainted with mental degeneracy. The woman, young and beautiful, married the man she loved in spite of his family history, both being earnest and intelligent and agreeing to make the test, to bring their children into the world and to fight the heritage with confidence in their own powers. The fight is long and hard, but they conquer. The idea is inspiring, full of courage and new truth, but it is very poorly presented. Mrs. Washburne has written some charming essays, but is evidently quite unequal to the sustained effort of a novel; the result is a mixture of melodrama and Sunday-school story, with a smattering of "talks to young people."

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SATURDAY. NOVEMBER 13, 1909

"Business."

Friday Evening, Nov. 12.—The New York stock market continues dull and featureless, closing prices showing no material change.

Money on call was strong at 4¾ to 6 per cent., ruling at 5. Time loans were firm at 4¾ to 5¼. Sterling exchange was steady.

The Chicago wheat market ruled strong on lively demand for cash wheat in leading Northwest and Southwest markets, closing prices being ⅜c to 1⅝c net higher. Corn was up ⅛c to ⅜c. Oats were a shade to ⅛c higher. Provisions were also firm.

The cotton market opened barely steady at a decline of 10 to 14 points, was less active, with an easy tendency most of the day, and final prices were 3 to 5 points lower than opening prices.

The Chicago cattle market was steady, the hog market 5c to 10c higher and the sheep market strong.

Will Try It Again.

While definite information as to the fate of the good roads amendment is lacking, the outlook is that it has been defeated. It is gratifying to note, therefore, that State Senator J. F. Bosworth, of Bell county, has announced his intention of taking steps toward its resubmission. Mr. Bosworth is one of the hold-over members of the Senate, as is Senator G. T. Wyatt, of Logan county, who collaborated with him in the work of drafting the amendment and looking after the legislation necessary to its submission. Friends of the movement will be glad to know that these two earnest advocates of good roads are so situated as to continue active and effective work in that direction.

Senator Bosworth believes that in offering another amendment there should be a provision for the employment of convicts in building roads in the various counties. He thinks such a feature "would meet with general approval and solve in a measure the problem of convict labor, as it would not bring them into competition with skilled or union labor." Such a plan as Senator Bosworth suggests is now in operation in Georgia, and that State probably is making more rapid progress in road improvement than any other Southern State. Georgians, notwithstanding, are holding good roads conventions and agitating the question from one end of the State to the other, with the object of awakening interest in every county.

The Wyatt-Bosworth amendment was unfortunate in that it was submitted to the voters at a time when county, municipal and judicial district elections were held all over the State. These elections militated against the success of the amendment. Local questions naturally predominate at such times and in the excitement of the occasion any general measure like a constitutional amendment is overlooked by a large number of voters. The chances of the proposition would be infinitely better at an election where there is no multiplicity of candidates and no overshadowing aggregation of local issues.

In their earnest and capable advocacy of the good roads movement Senators Bosworth and Wyatt are doing a good work for Kentucky. It is to be regretted that the electorate has not shown a better appreciation of this work and a stronger disposition to break away from the present unsatisfactory conditions. Given another vote, with local contests out of the way, there is good reason for believing the voters will adopt the amendment by a handsome majority.

Mr. Warriner's Stealings.

It is apparent that Mr. Warriner, of Cincinnati, stole some money. Reports differ as to the aggregate amount that he stole, but it is a conceded fact that the Big Four railroad, of which he was an official, lost at least half a million dollars as a result of his peculations. He had been stealing for some years, hitting the Big Four strong box with heaviness and frequency. Others, it is believed, knew of his thefts and profited thereby. To prevent exposure he was compelled to pay tribute to certain persons who knew of his dishonesty.

The surprising feature of the whole case is that Warriner should have been able to rob a railroad company of so much money; to persist so long in his stealings without being detected. Railroads are conducted on business principles. One would suppose that their systems of accounting and auditing are about as near perfect as can be devised. The ordinary station agent has his regular call from the auditor. The conductor who would knock down a fare must risk the presence of a "spotter" who will promptly report his delinquency to headquarters. Even the accounts of the section boss and the bridge-tender do not escape the eye of the inspector. All along the line there is rigid inspection, inquiry, investigation.

That a high official should be able to steal millions, or thousands, or any material amount, is incomprehensible. Of course, the treasurer might clean out the safe and flee the country with the proceeds. A theft of that kind is always possible where a man is acting in a fiduciary capacity. It is a different matter where a treasurer continuously steals for a period of years and where the victim of his stealing is a railway corporation supposed to be infallible in its checking-up methods. Was Mr. Warriner exempt from such methods?

A system of espionage which is equal to the running down of a pilfering conductor or to the discovery of a five-dollar shortage in a station agent's accounts should not exhaust itself in such petty operations. To quote a homely proverb, it would appear that the Big Four has been "saving at the spigot and losing at the bung."

Has Japan Bought the Times?

The publicity system established some years ago by the Japanese Government has so many ramifications, in its present development, that it is difficult for the world to grasp its significance or measure its dimensions. Some surprise will, however, be created by the statements of the press of the Far East that the Imperial Government has bought the London Times, to be used as a part of its press bureau. Is there sufficient reason for taking these statements seriously?

It is not at all unreasonable to suppose that, granting the opportunity to exist, the very up-to-date Japanese Government would gladly take over a controlling interest in so valuable a medium of publicity as the London Times.

The China Gazette, of Shanghai, publishes the following editorial with regard to the diplomatic situation at Pekin:

"Knowing, as we in Shanghai know, how completely out of harmony of late are the British and American legations in Pekin in their policies toward China and upon many Chinese questions, there is a clear intention to convey an unmistakable hint in the Hochi's sly reference to the part which Japan expects America to play should China find herself, as she may very likely do at an early date, at loggerheads with one or more of the Powers.

"That the present attitude of China toward certain of the Powers is largely the outcome of the reliance which she has been led to place upon American promises of support, is a view very generally held in the Far East. We must say we think there is a good deal in that view. At the same time we do not believe America's support will ever get beyond the 'moral' stage. The Hochi admires the adroitness with which Chinese authorities have tried to turn the tables on Japan and raise a new demand in regard to the branch line of the South Manchurian. This resolute attitude on the part of China is owing, in Count Okum's paper's opinion, a great deal to the promised support of America. But the paper would advise the Pekin authorities to listen calmly to the counsel of the London Times, which urges the wisdom of reconciliation and the undesirability of disputes between the two Asiatic Powers. 'The Anglo-Japanese alliance,' says the Hochi, 'stands as a bulwark against any disturber of the Far Eastern peace, even against the powerful neo-Monroe Dictrine of President Taft.' The Hochi would recall the Chinese people to their senses, showing them that the boycott with which they would retaliate upon Japan is a false step and a violation of the treaty of commerce and navigation, and as such would drive Japan into taking extreme measures, for which she would be amply justified, and China alone would be held responsible for such measures.

"The Hochi, however, does not tell us that the Japanese Government, in the name of certain of its financial and commercial institutions in London, has lately obtained a very large interest in The Times Limited, which is now a mere Harmsworth organ in which pure commercialism and American Book Club tactics play a controlling part, and the advice of the Times on Chinese affairs is not any longer the voice of the Delanes or the Walters, but the voice of the Japanese Foreign Office speaking through the Harmsworth mask."

That the correspondence of the London Times from the Far East is of little value as information, and that its advice is in line with the wishes of the Imperial Government of Japan is indisputable, even if it is not true that the Japanese Government has secured control by purchase. The disciplining of Dr. Morrison, the Pekin correspondent of the London Times, upon the occasion of the visit of the Times' foreign editor to the Far East last June, was widely commented upon in the press of the East and West. In order to convince Dr. Morrison of the error of his course in upholding the position of the Chinese Government with regard to its rights in Manchuria, the Times sent him to Tokio for conference with the Tokio correspondent and the foreign editor, and the Mikado smashed all precedents by receiving the journalists somewhat informally. It was the subject of comment that the Emperor did not merely grant the correspondents an audience, but invited them to tiffin at the palace. It was supposed that Dr. Morrison returned to Pekin enlightened as to the policies of the Times, and persuaded by representatives of the Imperial Government of the error of his recalcitrant ways.

Did the foreign editor of the Times journey to Tokio to meet his new employers?

It is well understood that for political purposes, the London Times, with its history and traditions, is a tremendous asset to any one who is able to use it as a medium of publicity. So daring a project as the purchase of a majority of its stock to make the journal the backbone of its international publicity service would be in line with the policy of the Imperial Government of Japan, which is said to have spent millions of yen, before and during the Russo-Japanese War, to secure a favorable showing in the public prints of two hemispheres.

The late Prince Ito was so great an appreciator of the benefits of printers' ink, when properly applied to the lubrication of the machinery of governmental projects, that he established an "Editorial Department" at Seoul when he took charge of affairs there as resident general, and dictator of Korea, and put in charge of it a Japanese graduate of an American university. This was regarded by persons familiar with the methods of the modernized Japanese as a mere detail of the giant publicity system which has been a substantial factor in Japanese affairs for the last dozen years. It would certainly require no stretch of the imagination to conceive the possibility of so astute a man as Prince Ito—or even Count Okuma, an editor and a man of pronounced perspicacity and public spirit—planning such a coup as the secret purchase of a controlling interest in the leading political newspaper of the world. The China Gazette, edited, if we are not mistaken, by a British subject, speaks of the purchase as a matter of common knowledge in the Far East. There is at least an element of probability in the story of this latest Japanese conquest.

The Manila Cable News, commenting upon the situation which Mr. Crane has said is being discussed by the Department of State at Washington, declares that the interference of American diplomacy in China has provoked resentment in Japan that has reached the boiling point. It calls attention to the signs of a disturbed mind reflected in the utterances of the newspaper organs of the Japanese Government. It especially mentions the statement of Hochi that Great Britain is as much put out as is Japan. The Cable News ventures the assertion that if this is true Great Britain is not showing any signs of enmity toward, or interest in, the attitude of America in China, although the "moral support" given to China by America is supposed to be the cause of the "stubbornness" the Chinese have recently manifested toward Japanese aggression.

Although there exists a British-Japanese alliance it is commonly said, and it is credible, that Great Britain does not look with any especial favor upon Japan's ambition to become the Great Britain of Asia. Any interference with the Japanese programme that might come from America would doubtless be pleasing rather than annoying to Great Britain, which has, just now, enough trouble upon hand nearer home than Asia, to be glad for America, or any other Power, to take action to maintain the status quo in China. If it should become necessary for someone to resort to arms to prevent Japan from closing and spiking the much-talked of "open door," Great Britain, which never looks with unmixed kindliness upon ambitious nations, would probably be glad if it should fall to the lot of the United States to undergo the expense and misfortune of a clash with Japan. But despite the Hay note, the Root note, and what a Japanese statesman has called the "Neo-Monroe Doctrine" in Asia, the American people do not seem to feel a fighting interest in Chinese politics. The prospects of the Washington Government going the length of calling a halt, unsupported, upon the Japanese programme in East Asia, seems remote, notwithstanding the assertion of one of the New York newspapers that our national honor is at stake.

The outlook is for the uninterrupted continuation of the encroachments of Japan in Manchuria. If the Imperial Government has acquired the London Times as its organ to further its projects on the mainland the astuteness of the Imperial Government is demonstrated. It is easy to assert, but more difficult to prove, that the Times is edited in Tokio. So long as there is no positive proof the historic London journal may constitute a valuable part of Japan's truly marvelous Government press agency.

Cone Johnson Prohibition.

Down in Texas there is a man whose name is Cone Johnson, and he wants to be Governor of Texas, as the younger brother of the bridegroom wanted to be married, "right now and damn bad." He is, therefore, a Prohibitionist.

The Houston Post says of Mr. Johnson's platform:

"Of course Cone Johnson does not believe in the principle of prohibition at all. He announced but a short time ago that it did not appeal to his judgment, but that the 'good' people and the women seemed to want it and he was willing for them to have it. It is, therefore, with him a matter of political expediency or opportunism.

"And having progressed thus far in the doctrine of suppression of personal rights, he hints that if his prohibition views are not extreme enough he is willing to go further and embrace the doctrine of Rangerism to attract the support of that element who deem the occasional crime of some loafer or other, who violates a prohibitory law, as serious enough to warrant inflicting a community with the sort of anarchy that has prevailed in Amarillo for some months."

"Rangerism" is a new issue in Texas. It arises, it seems, partly or wholly, from the employment of the Texas rangers in an effort to enforce prohibition laws. The controversy has become so heated that the Houston Post is demanding the abolition of the rangers. The situation is unique. A sound-minded newspaper desires the constabulary to be disbanded because its use as an arm of the law in "dry" territories has resulted in greater evils than the nonenforcement of prohibition laws which represent the results of political jugglery and flim-flam, rather than any real desire upon the part of a majority of the voters to eliminate the liquor traffic.

In this part of the world the rangers, whose antecedents are honorable, have been regarded as a desirable feature of the civil government in Texas. During the war of 1812 seventeen companies of United States rangers were organized and made a part of the regular army. A battalion of six companies of mounted rangers was organized twenty years later for service in the Black Hawk war. They were replaced by dragoons because of the reduced expense, but in the Mexican War rangers were mustered into service in large numbers and acquitted themselves well. Texas has maintained companies of rangers to run down cattle thieves and other law-breakers, and their service, particularly along the Mexican border, has been useful. The troops are permanently in the employ of the State at a fixed stipend per man, and have, in addition to military power, the authority of Marshal or Sheriff.

Such a force, to do police duty where local sentiment is not sufficiently hostile to law-breakers to make their apprehension and conviction possible, is certainly valuable when rightly employed. In charge of the town of Amarillo, the rangers, if the correspondents of the Post do not exaggerate, have been drunk and disorderly most of the time, capturing enough whisky from the bootleggers to hold continual high carnival in camp. It seems that the company of rangers at Amarillo have made the red-light district their headquarters most of the time, and have been guilty of much gross misconduct toward respectable citizens, yet the fanaticism of the prohibitionists led them to excuse all of the "mistakes" of the rangers.

The Post, referring to an exposition by a staff correspondent, says:

"Mr. Petit's story shows that men and women in the fervor of their hatred for infractions of the local option law were ready to overlook if not excuse the brutal assaults the rangers made upon women and unoffending men and even to spread the mantle of oblivion and possibly charity upon the gross immorality which was practiced by the officers among the denizens of redlight districts."

In the course of the same editorial, the Post says that if the ranger system is continued the chief function of the force will be, hereafter, to aid in the enforcement of prohibition laws, and that the State will be compelled to maintain a standing army of large proportions "empowered to put any community under martial law, responding to calls growing out of the fury and strife of local option contest and utterly destroying the guarantees of civil government, all for the purpose of catching a few bootleggers."

Inasmuch as it seems to require a whole company of rangers to police a single town the Post's forecast does not seem exaggerated.

The correspondent, Mr. Petit, whose article is referred to by his newspaper, ascribes the demoralization of the rangers at Amarillo to a fault in the system of payment. He asks whether it is to be expected that responsible, sober and intelligent men can be secured for service to the State in a dangerous calling, at $40 a month. When there is considered the fact that the armies and navies of the whole world are composed of men who are paid much less than that, and much less than half of $40 a month in most countries, the obvious answer is that it is quite feasible to form a force of reliable and courageous men at such wages.

The difficulty in Texas, as it appears from this distance, is that hysteria among the prohibitionists has reached such a degree that a certain portion of the public where the rangers are stationed sanctions any sort of outrage provided it is done by representatives of an arm of the law that is being directed against the enemies of prohibition.

The melancholy feature is that perfectly innocent and well-meaning citizens are worked up to this pitch of excitement—this degree of aberration—by wholly impracticable advocates of abstinence who believe that private morals may be molded by legislation, and by wholly unscrupulous political adventurers who make a choice of platforms from motives of expediency, "coming out" for prohibition not because they are sincerely in favor of total abstinence, not because they care whether temperateness or drunkenness prevails, but because they hope to fool the people into giving them office.

It is the Cone Johnson stripe of prohibition, rather than the character of the men enrolled in the ranger forces, that is responsible for conditions in Texas.

The Ballinger-Glavis controversy is second only to the Cook-Peary brawl in pure bitterness. The matter under discussion is, by the way, of much more importance to the present generation and to posterity than the question of who climbed the pole.

An entirely logical outgrowth of tolerance of night riding was the burning of the barn of an Owen county road overseer who angered the neighbors by calling them out, under the law, to work the roads.

Very probably the "man higher up" is guiltiest in the sugar-weighing swindle. But very probably he roosts too high to be reached.

Of all of the miserable dwarf-brained creatures that crawl between the earth and the sky the "boy bandit" is the most despicable.

Cairo is in Illinois. The newspapers of the North will please not make an error in this matter.

In the great prohibition State of Tennessee all is not licker that's red, but it's guzzled all the same.

ON NEW TACK.

Aldrich Listens To Minneapolis Bankers.

ASKS ABOUT FINANCIAL PROBLEMS OF NORTHWEST.

SYSTEMS IN USE BY EUROPEAN NATIONS DISCUSSED.

ALL HAVE CENTRAL BANKS.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 12.—In this city to-day Senator Aldrich entered upon a form of procedure somewhat different from that which he has pursued elsewhere during his tour in the interest of the Monetary Commission. He was the principal guest at a noonday luncheon and an evening dinner, both given under the auspices of the bankers' organizations and both taking place at the Minneapolis Club.

The innovation was made at the noonday meal. There was a general exchange of views and the chairman of the committee took occasion to ask a number of questions which were intended to bring out facts bearing upon the currency and banking problems.

Heretofore the days' gatherings have been purely social and at night Mr. Aldrich has been the only speaker. To-day's after luncheon proceeding took the form of a symposium.

* * *

Need of Cash To Move Crops.

The subject of consideration was the necessity for increased sums of money with which to handle the grain crops of the Northwest. Senator Aldrich expressed a desire for information on the fluctuations and was told that from thirty to forty millions are sent West annually from Minneapolis and St. Paul during the crop movement. The further fact was developed that ordinarily this money does not return until the next year.

The fact was brought out that after the panic of 1907 there was especial difficulty in getting the money returned. Mr. Decker, who presided, stated that it was withheld until the bankers of Minneapolis and St. Paul made an appeal to their brethren of Chicago to stand behind them in insuring a return the next year of the money to the various localities.

This assurance received, the cash came pouring back in the usual volume.

* * *

The Value of Credit.

"Another evidence," remarked Mr. Aldrich, "that credit is as good as cash."

The Rhode Island Senator found the sentiment here to be very decidedly in favor of a more elastic currency. There were many expressions in advocacy of a system that would insure a sufficient volume of money to meet the demands of the harvesting and other shipments of the crops of the region.

The fact was also developed that one of the great difficulties the bankers of the Northwest have is in handling foreign exchange, in which many of the mills deal. One of the speakers declared that after the panics of 1893 and 1907 business had come to almost a standstill because of the difficulty in handling the foreign paper. This, he said, was true notwithstanding that wheat had dropped to a point where it could have been milled and the product utilized to bring back to the United States the money which was needed so badly.

"That," said Mr. Aldrich, "is just the point I have in view."

* * *

International Conditions.

Both in the day and the evening meetings the visiting Senator discussed the questions of international exchanges, in connection with the credit systems of other countries. He declared that of the $2,000,000,000 worth of goods which we sent out of this country every year, 90 per cent. is forwarded by foreign banks.

"Now," he added, "we are becoming such a creditor nation and the men who come into here are growing to be so prosperous that in another generation I do not know where you are going to find your borrowers. You may find an impecunious railroad occasionally I suppose, in want of money. But everybody, it seems to me, has become a capitalist in this country. And I think, in any event, that we can have a much more satisfactory credit organization with reference to our foreign business than now exists. The time will come in the future when the banks of the United States, I trust will do this business and make the profit, instead of permitting foreign institutions to do so."

* * *

Sweden's Experience.

Taking advantage of the fact that a large percentage of the population of this section of the country is of Scandinavian origin, Senator Aldrich took occasion at night in his after-dinner speech to review the Swedish banking system as worthy of study in any effort at reform of our own system. He said that a most important change had taken place in Sweden within the past few years, and he instanced it with the view, evidently, of showing that there might not be such great difficulty in bringing ordinary banks to accept a central bank issue if decided to be desirable.

Saying that the central bank system had been adopted in Sweden in 1902, he told how the twenty-seven banks which had the right of issue, had been brought to surrender the right by what he termed "a most peculiar provision," requiring the National Bank to discount the paper of the other banks or issue at a constantly diminishing rate and ending in 1911 at 2 per cent. less than the current rates. As a consequence of this law the small banks had, he said, immediately surrendered their note circulation, with the result that now there is but one bank, the central, which enjoys the right of issue.

* * *

Systems of European Nations.

Reference was also made to the banking system in vogue in other countries of Europe, where the central bank idea uniformly prevails, but not, as the speaker was careful to explain, with a view of influencing the views of anyone.

Here as elsewhere Mr. Aldrich disclaimed any desire for a sectional banking system or for a system that could be utilized by politicians. He would have a system that would serve the trade demands of the country, domestic and foreign, and he would have it of uniform and universal beneficence. He asserted that the commission was working to this end, but declared that so far neither the commission or any member of it had developed any pet scheme which it or he desired to promote.

"We are striving to find the best possible way out of our difficulties," he said, "and we want your help and support in this effort."

F. M. Prince, president of the Minneapolis Clearing-house, presided over the night meeting. There was no lack of enthusiasm at either the day or night gathering.

GAYNOR SPENT NOT A CENT IN CAMPAIGN.

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 12.—William J. Gaynor, Mayor-elect of New York, to-day filed a statement with the Secretary of State, in which he swears that he did not expend any money in aid of his election.

LIQUOR QUESTION

Bobs Up In American Federation of Labor.

FIGHT TO KEEP SUBJECT FROM DEBATE ON FLOOR.

GOMPERS TALKS OF LEGAL PHASES OF INJUNCTION CASE.

EXPECTS TO WIN ULTIMATELY.

Toronto, Ont., Nov. 12.—During the five days the American Federation of Labor has been in session there has been much suppressed speculation as to the attitude the convention might take on the question of labor and the saloon. When it was announced early in the week that a mass meeting would be held Sunday under the auspices of the labor department of the Presbyterian Church, the delegates representing the International Union of the United Brewery Workmen and the Hotel and Restaurant Employes' International Alliance, and the Bartenders' International League of America began to canvass the situation quietly with a view to learning whether the liquor question was likely to reach the floor of the convention.

The Rev. Charles Stelzle, a fraternal delegate from the Federal Councils of the Churches of Christ in America and a warm advocate of the principles of trades unionism, has been advocating the establishment of a prohibition brotherhood among the trades unions and will preside at Sunday's meeting.

* * *

Count On Cigarmaker's Support.

In the event of an attack by resolution or otherwise in the convention the representatives of the liquor interests count on the support of the Cigarmakers' International Union of America, in whose delegation is Samuel Gompers, president of the Federation. Edward Hirsch, Baltimore Federation of Labor, also is credited with being an opponent of the Stelzle programme.

It is understood, however, that President Gompers is anxious to avoid a debate on the liquor question in the convention and was instrumental to-day in bringing about a meeting between Jere L. Sullivan, representing the Bartenders' Union and Mr. Stelzle. They had a talk during which Mr. Stelzle gave Mr. Sullivan to understand that he contemplated an attempt to get trades unions to stop holding meetings in back rooms of saloons.

President Gompers, it is said, has agreed to lend his support to the resolution urging the erection of labor temples and other places for holding labor union meetings.

* * *

Mitchell's Views.

Sunday's meeting will be addressed by the Rev. Mr. Stelzle, John Mitchell and John B. Lennon, treasurer of the Federation. Mr. Lennon is understood to take the attitude that the use of liquor by workingmen affects the rate of wages because it lowers the degree of efficiency of the men and Mr. Mitchell will discuss the contention that increased wages and shorter hours mean added profits to the saloons.

Committee meetings occupied the majority of the delegates during the greater part of the day, following a brief session of the convention this morning at which Mr. Gompers was called upon by one of the delegates to discuss the status of the present contempt proceedings as a result of which Mr. Gompers, John Mitchell and Frank Morrison may have to serve terms in jail.

Mr. Gompers said the question of an appeal and the line of defense will be discussed at a conference between the defendants and their counsel to be held soon after the convention adjourns.

* * *

Three Roads Open.

Mr. Gompers declared that Justice Wright was guilty of "outrageous conduct in so cruelly excoriating the honest conduct of three citizens who undertook to test the law and in imposing unusual sentences."

Mr. Gompers said there were three ways in which the case could reach the Supreme Court of the United States: by writ of error, by writ of certiorari or by writ of habeas corpus after the defendants had been placed in jail. Mr. Gompers expressed doubt whether a writ of error was available in the District of Columbia. He said that if that course were decided upon by the defendants' attorneys the Supreme Court might grant a writ of certiorari, in view, Mr. Gompers said, of the "generally accepted opinion that this case ought to be brought to the highest court of the United States in order that the principles involved may be tested."

The speaker was doubtful whether the principles involved could be properly brought before the court by writ of habeas corpus.

* * *

Believes Cause Is Just.

"Either we have the right of free speech and free press or we have not," said Mr. Gompers, "and we want the court to say so. Whether we will go to jail I do not know. I have an abiding faith in the justice of our cause, and I can only express the hope that the higher courts of our land will immortalize themselves by the reincarnation of the Magna Charta and the Constitution of the United States."

An extension of fifteen or thirty days will be asked for by the defendants, and the conference with their counsel will be held soon after the convention adjourns in order to determine what steps shall be taken in their defense.

No committee reports were ready for presentation at to-day's session. An appeal for moral and financial support from the striking garment workers in St. Louis, Mo., was read and deferred, several resolutions were presented and at 10:40 o'clock the convention adjourned until to-morrow.

ADVOCATES PHYSICAL TRAINING IN SCHOOLS.

At a meeting of the Physical Culture Club of Louisville held Thursday night at the home of Dr. O. P. Nuckols, 862 Third avenue, Prof. George A. Keene, the president, delivered an instructive talk on "Up-to-Date Physical Culture." He laid particular stress on the importance of breathing deeply of fresh air, filling both lungs with oxygen, day and night, in order to fill the blood with red blood corpuscles and assisting in ridding the body of its impurities.

Prof. Keene called attention of the members to the idea of teaching all the scholars in the city schools physical culture.

The next meeting will be held Friday night, November 26.

COLORED Y. M. C. A. MEETING FOR MEN.

A men's meeting of the colored department Y. M. C. A. will be held to-morrow afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at Chestnut-street C. M. E. church. C. C. Stoll will be the principal speaker.

Jeremiah Ngubegusha Menze, a native African tenor, will sing. There will be instrumental music by the colored Y. M. C. A. orchestra. These meetings will continue every Sunday during the fall and winter and the members of the colored Y. M. C. A. are working to make them the best and most successful of any yet attempted.

Points About People.

Mrs. F. M. Sackett will be the hostess to-day at a charmingly appointed buffet luncheon, to be given at her home on Third avenue in honor of Miss Susan Morton, who is an attractive debutante. The house will be artistically decorated in yellow chrysanthemums.

Mrs. Sackett's invitations are limited to the debutantes and a few members of the younger set.

The receiving party will include the following:

MESDAMES.

William Shallcross F. M. Sackett. Speed.

MISSES.

Susan Morton, Elizabeth Bruce, Mary Craig Hobbs, Christine Belknap. Isabelle Hobbs,

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Hiram P. Roberts will give a theater party at Macauley's on the evening of December 6 in honor of their debutante daughter, Miss Hettie Roberts.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Weissinger will be hosts at a dinner party to be given early in December in honor of their debutante sister, Miss Katherine Thomas.

* * *

Mrs. Jane Ewing Speed, of New York, arrived last evening to visit her daughter, Mrs. Calvin M. Duke, and family at their home in Crescent Hill.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Robert M. Blackerby will leave to-day for a two weeks' stay in Falmouth, the guests of their parents, Dr. P. N. Blackerby and Mrs. Blackerby.

* * *

Mrs. George M. Davie will entertain at bridge this afternoon in honor of the Misses Norton.

* * *

Miss Elizabeth Titzel, of Chicago; Miss Nell Martien, of New Orleans, and Miss Josephine Rayon, of Ohio, are the guests of Miss Dora Whayne. They have come to attend the wedding of Miss Whayne and Mr. Everett Roe, which will take place next Tuesday at the Highland Baptist church.

* * *

Mrs. Huntley Mason, who has been making her home in Danville for some time, will spend this winter with her son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Mason, at their home, 1305 Third avenue.

* * *

Mr. William H. Shanks, of Stanford, will return to-day after a short stay at The Seelbach.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Shelby Williams Bonnie chaperoned a theater party at the Masonic Thursday evening to see Jeff de Angelis, followed by a supper in the Rathskeller. The party included Misses Edith Norton, Mildred Norton; Mrs. Van Leer Wills, of St. Louis; Messrs. Richard Menefee, Prather Zanone and Morris Robinson.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John Fox, Jr., of Big Stone Gap, Va., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jefferson D. Stewart.

* * *

Miss Minnie Marvin will entertain at a tea this afternoon in honor of Misses Margaret Allis, Claude Coleman, of San Antonio, and Helen Munson, of Paris, France.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. George Garvin Brown were hosts at a dinner party last evening given in honor of their debutante daughter, Miss Amelia Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. Brown's guests included the following:

MISSES.

Amelia Brown, Margaret Curd, Elizabeth Boyle, Louise Marshall, Marian Woodcock, Maud Bland, Mary Craig Hobbs, Emily Bland. Hettie Roberts,

MESSRS.

William Otter, Rowan Morrison, Pratt Dale, Chenault Dearing, Cary Peter, James Kellar, John Price, Joe Dumesnil. Kilbourne Dennis,

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Franklin T. Gump have returned from a two months' trip in the East and South. They visited New York, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Washington, Richmond, Va., and Toledo, O.

* * *

Miss Eunice Lemon will entertain at a bridge party this afternoon at 1444 Fourth avenue in honor of Miss Caroline Goodman.

* * *

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Davis, of Long Plain, near New Bedford, the marriage of Miss Anna E. Davis and Freeman Scales, of Louisville, Ky., son of Mrs. E. M. Roberts, of East Chatham, N. Y., took place on Wednesday, with a large gathering of guests. Among these Boston was well represented, Miss Davis is known here from her long service as a church visitor of the Union Congregational parish, at Columbus avenue and West Newton street. The bride was given in marriage by her father and was attended by her sister, Miss Harriet Davis, as bridesmaid, and by Mrs. Decatur, of Boston, as matron. Mr. Larcher, of Wareham, was best man. Rev. Allan Stockdale, of the Union Congregational church, performed the ceremony.—(Boston Evening Transcript.

* * *

Mrs. George Allen Armstrong has returned to her home in Shelbyville after attending the meeting of the Colonial Dames. She has been the guest of Mrs. F. M. Sackett during her stay.

* * *

Mrs. J. Peart, of Regina, Canada, announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Florence May Peart, to Mr. Raymond McCulloch, of Jeffersonville. The wedding will take place early in December.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. William J. Seaman have issued announcement cards of the marriage of their daughter, Miss Ollie Seaman, to Mr. Samuel Walton Severance, which took place on Wednesday, November 10. They will be at home after November 20, at 2014 Alta avenue.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Rogers entertained the W. K. I. fraternity of the Methodist Temple Tuesday evening with a skating party, followed by a luncheon at their home. They were assisted by Miss Willie Frances Dunsmore, of Chicago, and Miss Miriam Wheeler, of Indianapolis. Members of the fraternity present were: Messrs. Thomas McConn, Laurie Briers, Dr. Jos. Phillips, F. E. McDowell, Larkin Dunsmore, of Chicago; Frank Ducker, Martin S. Curry, T. Carroll Rogers, Emmet T. O'Brien and Joseph K. Foster.

* * *

Announcement is made of the approaching marriage of Miss Blanche Koch to Mr. J. W. Monroe, which will be solemnized on the evening of November 15, at the home of the bride's parents, in the West End.

King—Nelson.

Evansville, Ind., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Morgan Nelson and Miss Nannie King, both of Union county, Kentucky, were married here to-day by Magistrate Eben C. Poole.

FARCES BY THE HANOVER COLLEGE DRAMATIC CLUB.

Madison, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—The Hanover College Dramatic Club, consisting of twenty-six members, will put on three short farces at Assembly Hall on the night of December 3—"Her Busy Day," "Blighted Buds," and "The Real Thing."

A new ruling has been passed by the faculty of Hanover College, barring any student from participating in athletics, press club, dramatic club and other student activities the next week who falls below passing grade in two subjects.

The alumni who were graduated during the '70's will have a reunion during the commencement week next June.

The class of 1902 is planning a reunion in 1912, when the four missionaries who graduated with the class will be back in the United States.

George E. Allison is president of the Senior class and captain of the football team; E. L. Reynolds, vice president; Miss Abby Marble, secretary, and Miss Frances Culbertson, treasurer.

WILL LOSE HAND FROM HUNTING ACCIDENT.

Evansville, Ind., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—While hunting to-day James Wilson shot himself in the hand and it will be necessary to amputate the member.

ON THE FUNNYBONE.

Nothing To It.

Football is a manly sport,
We opine;
Bringing traits of proper sort
Into line.

At all counter-claims we scoff
And assert
There are more who play at "goff"
Getting hurt.

Tennis slays its thousands, too,
As you know.
Men take chances that canoe,
Sail or row.

As for football, more go lame
Every day
At the highly risky game
Of croquet.

* * *

No Chance.

"Can't you people make up your differences?"

"Well, judge, my wife believes in Cook and I believe in Peary."

"The divorce is granted."

* * *

A New Industry.

"I see that some of these theatrical stars have plays written especially for them."

"What of it, Senator?"

"Why couldn't I have a few anecdotes written especially for me to figure in? Eh, what?"

* * *

Waiting.

One year the ladies rounded grow,
Another, slim and flat.
I wonder what this fall will show
In feminine anat.

* * *

His Painful Duty.

"Mr. Soandso, your daughter has referred me to you."

"Then I guess your chances with her are nil, young man. Referring 'em to me is her way of letting 'em down easy."

* * *

Driven To It.

"Have a drink, old man?"

"No; I've cut it out."

"Aw, be sociable."

"Well, my companion here will have a drink with you. He's my social secretary."

* * *

Birth of a Romance.

"And how did your romance start?"

"Oh, my wife worked in an axle-grease factory. She wrote her name and address on a box of axle-grease that I bought."

TURKEYS PLENTIFUL.

(Larue County Herald.)

Lovers of the Thanksgiving bird can begin to whet their appetite with the satisfaction of knowing that it may be appeased without having to dig into the vitals of their pocketbooks, for turkey, always good, and at his best on Thanksgiving, is a numerous article this year, and will not command a price that will encourage him to strut above and out of sight of the hungry poor man. Local produce dealers say there are more of the fowls this year than last, though the crop is not above a normal one. The price is now eleven cents, and it remains for the elements to determine whether it shall remain stationary or soar higher. Should cold and disagreeable weather set in, the dealers say the price will go somewhat higher, but should a favorable season prevail for the next ten days we may all have turkey a-plenty and some to spare, and still be able to jingle some of the coin of the realm after it's paid for.

WORK ON LINCOLN FARM.

(Larue County Herald.)

Landscape work has been begun at the Lincoln Farm, a large force of hands having been put at the task of grading the ground and building a beautiful scenic arrangement surrounding the Lincoln Memorial. The landscape artist from New York has arrived and is pushing the work to a rapid conclusion. Besides the improvement of the grounds around the building and the beautifying of the farm in general, a crushed rock thoroughfare will be built from the main road to the Museum.

This work will require some time to complete it, and an extra force of hands will be added to the regular force in order to rush it to completion within as short a time as is possible.

The work on the Hall is progressing rapidly and with the number of hands now at work little time will be required to complete it.

INTERESTING PROGRAMME FOR LUTHER DAY SERVICES.

To Be Held At Second English Lutheran Church To-morrow Evening.

The Second English Lutheran Sunday-school will celebrate Luther day, the 426th anniversary of the birth of Martin Luther, with a special service in the church auditorium, 2115 West Jefferson street, to-morrow night at 7:30 o'clock.

The following is the order of the exercises:

Organ prelude.
Opening order of service by pastor.
Responsive reading, The Parable of the Sower.
Singing, "Great Is the Harvest," school and congregation.
Recitation, "The Children's Greetings," Laurene Duke.
Singing, "Tell Out the News."
Recitation, "The Master Wants Workers," Viola Draut.
Recitation, "The Fields Are White," Willie Jockel.
Recitation, "Children's Work," Harlan Hartman and Sweety Rollings.
Singing, "We Are On the Winning Side."
Recitation, "Sowing and Reaping," Lillie Sillman.
Recitation, "Forth to the Fields," John Peck.
Recitation, "We Are Sowing," Mary Seeger.
Responsive reading, "Martin Luther."
Singing, "We Claim Our Land for Jesus."
Recitation, "Prayer for Home Land," Karl Jockel.
Singing, "To the Work."
Responsive reading, "Sheaves Gathered."
Address by the pastor, the Rev. Harlan K. Fenner, D. D., "Glimpses of the Wartburg."
Reading, "Raising Corn for Missions," Louise Bachman.
Recitation, "Throw Down Your Gold," Ada O'Neal.
Offering.
Singing, "Our Country's Voice Is Pleading."
Prayer, closing with Lord's Prayer.
Benediction.
Silent prayer.
Organ postlude.

Internal Revenue Collections.

The internal revenue collections yesterday were larger than they have been for a number of years in any single day. D. B. Edmiston, chief deputy under Collector Craft, said that the collections were by far greater yesterday than on any other previous day since he had been connected with the office. While the whisky collections were large, yet they were not as large as they have been, but the collections on tobacco reached a high mark. The collections were as follows:

Lists, $910; beer, $300; cigars, $601.85; tobacco, $24,066.66; whisky, $62,430.41; special tax, $36.67; case stamps, $1,040. Total, $89,385.09.

TURNS TABLES.

Louisville Railway Co. Gets Damages From Plaintiff.

LOUISVILLE BRICK COMPANY TO PAY FOR STRIKING CAR.

SOUGHT $225, VALUE OF MULE KILLED IN COLLISION.

IN THE COURTS YESTERDAY.

With the aid of a jury in Judge Gordon's court yesterday afternoon the Louisville Railway Company reversed the usual order of things, not only winning the decision in the damage suit brought by the Louisville Brick Company, but also getting a verdict for damages against the plaintiff in the action. Such a situation as this seldom occurs, and the oldest lawyers around the courthouse do not recall many similar instances. It was vindication with a vengeance for the Louisville Railway Company, which, to paraphrase a classical quotation, is more sued against than suing.

The suit was only for $225, the value of a Louisville Brick Company mule, which was killed in a collision between a street car and a wagon of the plaintiff. The suit dated from November 7, 1907. The collision occurred at Nineteenth and Rowan streets. The wagon and team of mules of the plaintiff was proceeding eastwardly on Rowan street. The car was going southward on Nineteenth street, and they came together at the crossing, the mule being injured so that it had to be shot at once.

The defense was that the driver of the plaintiff's wagon was wholly at fault and the defendant responded to the suit with a counter-claim, asking $10, alleged due for damages to the car. There were four or more witnesses to the side, those for the defendant testifying that the mule team was being driven rapidly and carelessly along the street, and that the tongue of the wagon crashed through the side of the car. The jury took the same view of the situation as did the street railway counsel, and in finding for the defendant in its unanimous verdict, decided also that the brick company must pay the railway company $10 for the damages done to the street car.

Damages Against City.

Mrs. Lizetta Buddeke, of 526 East Broadway, aged 60 years and crippled as the result of a fall she had on February 23, 1908, on the Breckinridge-street bridge over Beargrass creek, was awarded damages of $2,750 last evening by a jury in Judge O'Doherty's court, before whom the case was on trial Thursday and yesterday.

Mrs. Buddeke, a slight, kindly old woman, was present in the courtroom for the two days of the trial and was much affected when the verdict was read. She was crossing the bridge in question, which is on Breckinridge street, between Logan and Underhill streets, on the date named, when one of the planks in the floor gave way beneath her and she fell part way through.

Her left hip was fractured and her left leg badly lacerated and bruised. She was compelled to lie in bed for a full year, and when she was able to get on her feet again her left leg was weakened and shortened as a result of the injuries, and she is compelled to use a crutch to get about at all.

Report of the Grand Jury.

The following indictments were returned yesterday by the grand jury, which adjourned until to-day:

Malicious Striking—Fred Cook and Robert Leath.

Grand Larceny—Charles Wilson, Sam Brigham and J. R. Ryans.

Mule Stealing—Arthur Robinson.

Knowingly Receiving Stolen Property—J. R. Ryans.

Charges of malicious striking against Ed Andrews and Thomas Smith, charges of malicious cutting against Alice Radcliffe, and charges of malicious shooting against Andrew Burns, all were dismissed.

The Day In the Criminal Court.

Charles Ross, charged with the robbery of Theodore Deddens and his substitute barkeeper, Harry E. Ritter, was found guilty yesterday in the Criminal Court, Judge W. Allen Kinney sitting in the absence of Judge Pryor, and sentenced to serve five years in the penitentiary. He was accused of having entered the saloon of Deddens at Thirtieth and Walnut streets on the night of June 24 last, and at the point of a revolver of having relieved Ritter of $25 and taken $10 out of the till.

Louis Marshall, charged with malicious cutting, got three years in the penitentiary. Arch Claybrook, charged with robbery, was sentenced to a year in prison. Sidney Bean, charged with malicious striking, was fined $50 and sentenced to six months at hard labor. Lee Grant, charged with petit larceny, was sentenced to six months in jail. John Thomas, charged with pointing a deadly weapon, was fined $50. Ellenora Norenbeck was adjudged an idiot and Todd Vandergrift adjudged a lunatic and committed to the asylum at Lakeland.

Accused Wife of Drunkenness.

Judgment in favor of Samuel M. Long was entered yesterday in Judge Miller's court and against Atha Long, upon whom notice was served at 808 Eighth street. The plaintiff accused his wife of habitual drunkenness extending over a period of three years. Voiney Irvine, of 519 Fifth street, the grandfather of the defendant, in a deposition appearing among the pleadings, testified that the plaintiff's allegations were borne out by the facts in the case. The two were married in Frankfort on November 10, 1902.

Tenant Gets Stable, Too.

In a forcible detainer proceeding heard yesterday in Judge Batson's court the jury decided that when Charles F. Aufenkamp leased the grocery building at Second and Hill streets to J. F. Storch he leased the stable on the premises with the building, too. This was the point at issue in the trial and the jury decided that the forcible detainer proceedings were without merit.

Court Paragraphs.

—Carnie Pope sued Eliza Pope for divorce, alleging abandonment. They were married in March, 1903.

—William Brooks sued Vernela Brooks for divorce, alleging improper conduct. They were married on May 13 of this year.

—Charles B. Thomas sued the National Life and Accident Insurance Company for $60, alleged due under an accident policy.

—W. H. Dickerson sued Jane Dickerson for divorce, alleging abandonment. They were married in Shelbyville in April, 1868.

—Louis F. Steuerle, an administrator of Marie Mohr, sued George H. Mohr and others, seeking a settlement of the estate of the decedent.

—Hoke Williams sued the Louisville Railway Company for $5,000 as damages, alleging that a conductor for the defendant company assaulted him.

—Bertie L. Kanzler sued Louis F. Kanzler for divorce, alleging abandonment and asking for the custody of their son, Richard Lee Kanzler. The parents were married on October 10, 1907.

—Will Wallace sued the Camden Coal Company for $2,000 as damages for injuries suffered when in the defendant company's employ. He stepped on a nail, which penetrated his right foot.

—Martin Furey sued the L. and N. for $25,000 as damages for injuries suffered while in the employ of the defendant. One eye was destroyed by a chip off a brass bell that struck him when flying through the air.

Court of Appeals.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 12.—Present: Eastern division sitting.

Steerman vs. Crabtree, McLean; reversed.

Sebastian vs. Rose, Owsley; reversed.

Corrigan vs. Hunter, Jefferson; reversed.

Everman vs. Everman, Carter; affirmed.

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company vs. Brashears; appellee's motion to dismiss appeal passed to be heard with the merits.

James, Auditor, vs. Lusher, Franklin; appellee's motion for extension of time to December 1 to file petition for rehearing and motion sustained.

Rothwell vs. Corum, Knox; appellant filed reply brief, with notice.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company vs. Setzer's administrator, Bell; appellee filed affidavit of R. B. Rice and copy of petition and moved court to strike bill of extension and transfer from record; motion submitted.

Richie vs. Owsley, Knott; appellee filed affidavit of B. F. Combs and moved for twenty days' extension of time to file petition for rehearing; motion submitted.

Kearn's guardian, etc., vs. Anderson, Harrison; agreement filed with affidavit of W. W. Van Deren and motion to set aside judgment of dismissal and for ten days' leave to both parties to brief; motion submitted.

S. R. Wolf introduced by Charles Carroll and sworn as an attorney.

Grayson County National Bank vs. Elbert, etc.; First National Bank vs. Bickel, etc., Jefferson; first argued by S. H. Wolfe for appellee and by Charles Carroll for appellant, and second argued by Benjamin F. Washer for appellee and by James P. Helm for appellant and submitted.

Ordered that court adjourn until 11 o'clock Tuesday morning.

Court of Appeals Decisions.

Garth vs. Runner's extx. et al. and same vs. Davis & Johnson et al.—Filed October 19, 1909.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Warren Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Carroll, affirming.

First—Principal and Agent—Powers of Agent.—An order from one to his banker referring to the execution of a mortgage and the transfer of a bond to give another check for a stated amount, if he believed the loan good, limited to that extent the banker's powers as agent and did not confer upon him any authority to release the lien upon property or to direct a sale of it, and neither the banker to whom the note directing the execution of the check was written, nor any other person, had authority to direct the Sheriff to make the deed in controversy acknowledging the payment of the money, and it follows that the Sheriff committed no breach of duty in failing to make and deliver the deed acknowledging the payment of the purchase price. The purchasers of the lots in question were justified in refusing to comply with the terms of their purchase because of the facts which developed showing that the vendor had not at any time a merchantable title.

John W. Ray, W. E. Garth for appellant; W. E. Settle, Jr., Thomas W. Thomas for appellees.

Lewis & Potter vs. Commonwealth of Kentucky.—Filed October 19, 1909.—(To be reported.) Appeal from Warren Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Chief Justice Nunn, affirming.

Liquor License—Revocation Of—Partnership—Sale by One Partner Binds Both.—It is contended upon this appeal that the license of P. was properly revoked because of his illegal sale of liquor, but that because the evidence failed to show the guilt of L., other partner, his license should not have been revoked. Held, that the word "his" in Section 4208 Kentucky Statutes as used was intended to include a partnership and a corporation as well as an individual, and appellants being partners, a sale by one is equivalent to a sale by both, and the action of the lower court in upholding a revocation of the license was proper.

Wright & McElroy, Sims, DuBose & Rodes for appellants; James Breathitt, Attorney General, and Tom B. McGregor, Assistant Attorney General, for appellee.

Dycus et al. vs. Brown et al.—Filed October 21, 1909.—(To be reported.) Appeal from McCracken Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Carroll, reversing.

First—Bankrupts—Discharge Of—Claim Against Bankrupt—Provable Claim—Failure to Present Claim.—The judgment against the bankrupts appealed from was erroneous. The claim relied on against the bankrupts was a provable one, and failing to present it to the bankrupt court appellees are barred by the discharge in bankruptcy of recovering the amount of it in this action.

Second—The creditors here having actual notice of the bankruptcy proceedings and all the steps taken therein, they occupy the same attitude toward them as if they had been mentioned in the petition as creditors of the bankrupts, and the claim being a provable one their right to recover it is barred by the bankruptcy discharge.

Miller & Miller, E. H. James for appellant; J. D. Mocquot for appellee.

Smith vs. Smith. (Two cases.)—Filed October 26, 1909. (Not to be reported.) Appeals from Jefferson Circuit Court, First Chancery division. Opinion of the court by Judge O'Rear, affirming.

Lands—Holding in Trust for One Furnishing Consideration—Parol Agreement—Valid Consideration.—Where one furnishes a valuable consideration to buy land a parol agreement of the grantee in the conveyance to hold it for the use and not in trust for the one furnishing the consideration is valid and not within the statute of frauds.

Ernest McPherson and George A. Brent for appellant: Thum & Roy for appellees.

Garrard, etc., vs. Kendall.—Filed October 27, 1909. (Not to be reported.) Appeal from Fleming Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Chief Justice Nunn, affirming.

First—Wills—Devisee Under Dying Before Testator—Estate Passes As If No Will Had Been Made.—Where the devisee under a will dies before the testator, the devise lapsed, and under section 4843, Kentucky Statutes, the estate passes at the death of the testator as if no will had been made.

Second—Same—Persons Having No Interest In—Court of Equity Will Not Interpret.—A court of equity will not entertain a suit brought simply for the purpose of interpreting a will at the instance of persons who have no interest and who can obtain no relief by an interpretation of it.

John B. McCartney for appellants; Worthington & Cochran, A. S. Kendall and B. S. Grannis for appellee.

Paducah Cooperage Company vs. Paducah Veneer and Lumber Company.—Filed October 22, 1909. (To be reported.) Appeal from McCracken Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Settle, reversing.

Lands—Controversy as to Ownership of—Instructions—Claim of Possession—Evidence.—In this action involving the ownership of a strip of ground an instruction was erroneous in that it submitted to the jury the question of appellee's claim of possession as there was no evidence upon which to base it. While the answer denied appellant's title and alleged title in itself and pleaded the statute of limitation on its alleged actual, adverse possession for more than fifteen years, the evidence did not prove such possession or any other except to a small part occupied by its boiler for a period of seven years. Therefore, its plea of the statute was unavailing, and the instruction was erroneous as there was no proof showing actual possession, or an inclosure of the ground in controversy for the statutory period.

J. D. Mocquot for appellant; Wheeler, Hughes & Berry for appellee.

Bronston's administrator vs. Lakes.—Filed October 27, 1909. (To be reported.) Appeal from Madison Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Carroll, affirming.

Action on Note—Failure to Aver Consideration—Imports Consideration.—The purpose and effect of the act of 1812, as well as the subsequent legislation, was to abolish the common law distinction between sealed and unsealed instruments, and since the enactment of this legislation every writing, signed and delivered, whereby the obligor unconditionally promises to do a specified thing, imports a sufficient consideration, and it is not necessary in declaring upon it to aver that it was executed for a consideration or to prove that there was any consideration for its execution, unless the consideration is denied.

J. A. Sullivan, S. M. Wallace for appellant; Smith & Smith for appellee.

Winstead, etc., vs. Hicks.—Filed October 26, 1909. (To be reported.) Appeal from Henderson Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge O'Rear, affirming.

Indemnity Bond—Action Upon—Exemptions—Pleading.—In an allegation upon an indemnity bond it was sufficient to state that the two horses seized were the debtor's only work beasts, and that by the levy and sale he was deprived of their use * * * and as to exempt provisions and provender, it was sufficient to state "that he did not have sufficient provisions * * * to sustain his family for more than one week, nor sufficient provender to sustain his livestock for more than one week, nor did he have any other property out of which the said provisions and provender could be provided. Had these allegations not been sufficient the verdict and judgment would have cured the defect.

Second—Same — Exemptions—Absolute—Need Not be Expressly Claimed by Debtor.—Under our statute the exemption is absolute and to be availed of his statutory right, the debtor need not expressly claim it.

Yeaman & Yeaman for appellants; Robt. G. Hill, Vance & Heilbronner for appellee.

WEIGHTY MATTERS TO BE DISCUSSED

KENTUCKY BOARD OF FIRE UNDERWRITERS MEETS HERE.

PROMINENT INSURANCE MEN TO DELIVER ADDRESSES.

IN SESSION TWO DAYS.

Next Wednesday morning prominent insurance underwriters from all over the country will be in Louisville to attend the big annual meeting of the Kentucky Board of Fire Underwriters, which will be in session two days at the Galt House. After months of deliberation on the part of the committee appointed to arrange the preliminary details of the conference, the programme for the sessions was partly announced yesterday. Some very weighty matters will be acted on and many prominent underwriters will read papers and make addresses.

At the opening session Wednesday morning President J. C. Lucus, of Nashville, Tenn., will make his annual report embracing the work of the organization during the past year under his administration. This report will contain many interesting features, chief among which may be a reference to the Kentucky Inspecting Bureau, an institution established in Louisville at the last annual meeting to govern the State with regard to maintaining a uniform system of rating fire hazards.

The condition of the organization will be clearly set forth at the opening session in the annual report of Secretary-Treasurer H. C. Bean, who is at the head of the local offices in the Columbia building.

Wednesday afternoon at the second session two important addresses will be made. The first will be devoted to "Harmony," by M. Barden Russell, special agent of the firemen's fund. J. V. Parker, of the Actuarial Bureau, Chicago, will discuss "Universal Necessity of Measurements."

The final day will be a busy one, for the programme includes innumerable matters that will require careful attention. In the morning a half dozen or more committees will report and new business will be accepted.

Thursday afternoon, besides an address on "Publicity and Education," by Young E. Allison, of Louisville, a full staff of officers and an executive committee will be elected. It is anticipated that this closing session will be prolonged more than any of the others. Thursday night delegates will make merry at the festal board.

The following men compose the regime elected last year:

President, J. C. Lucus, Nashville; vice president, John H. Curry, Harrodsburg, and secretary and treasurer, H. C. Bean, Louisville.

The executive committee has fifteen or twenty men. The committee in charge of the preliminary arrangements which gave out the programme yesterday is composed of the following:

Chairman, John P. Young, Louisville; William Sowards, Cincinnati; C. F. Snyder, Louisville, and J. M. Picton, Nashville.

SPECIAL SERVICES AT MASONIC HOME SUNDAY.

Willis Stewart Lodge, No. 224, will conduct services at the Masonic Widows and Orphans' Home Sunday afternoon, beginning at 3 o'clock. The order of services will be as follows:

Song..................Children of the Home
Prayer..............The Rev. William Mehl
Anthem, Babylon's Wave..........Gounod
Choir of St. Paul's Evangelical church, William Conen, organist and director.
Reading of Scripture,
The Rev. William Mehl
Male quartet, Die Kappelle"........Kreuzer
Messrs. Pohlman, Stein, Beck and Wolff.
Song..................Children of the Home
Address.............The Rev. William Mehl
Soprano solo, My Redeemer and Lord,"
Dudley Buck
Mrs. William Conen, William Conen, accompanist.
Male quartet.......................Selected
Messrs. Pohlman, Stein, Beck and Wolff.
Song..................Children of the Home
Benediction.........The Rev. William Mehl

DECREE FINAL.

Court of Appeals Makes New Divorce Ruling.

WOMAN REPUDIATES COMPROMISE BY FATHER.

TROOPS ORDERED TO RETURN FROM MASON COUNTY.

CORRIGAN WINS A CASE.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—In reversing the judgment of the Owsley Circuit Court in the case of Daisy D. Sebastian against W. C. Rose, Judge O'Rear, who wrote the opinion of the Court of Appeals, goes into some new phases of the laws regulating divorces. The appellant and appellee were married in 1901, and after a short honeymoon the husband deserted his wife. She brought suit for divorce and alimony for the support of herself and infant child and was awarded a decree of divorce and $1,500 alimony. Her father, one of her attorneys, compromised the case for $500 and $50 for attorney's fees. The woman repudiated this compromise and appealed to the higher court. The opinion says that the decree of divorce is final and the grounds for the judgment cannot be examined, even if this was in issue. Judge O'Rear says in writing the opinion:

"Grounds for divorce may not be confessed; they must be proved. They cannot legally be the subject for agreement. Not the consent of dissatisfied parties, but the judgments of the courts alone may dissolve the marital relations. True, a defendant to an action for divorce may decline to defend, even though he has a defense. The act may be the result of agreements, nevertheless, when the decree is entered, it is the court's judgment upon the record as made and establishes a new status not subject to retrial in court. But judgments allowing or refusing alimony are subject to review on appeal or to new trial upon proper grounds therefor being shown." He says $1,500 was wholly inadequate alimony.

* * *

Another Decision.

The court reversed judgment of the Jefferson Circuit Court in the case of Edward Corrigan against Mary Hunter. She is the mother of Richard Hunter, a jockey, who was injured while riding one of Corrigan's horses. She was given judgment for $750, but the court here says, from the evidence, that Corrigan was not responsible.

* * *

Soldiers Ordered Home Again.

Considerable speculation has been indulged in as to just what is the status of the military movements in Mason county, since it has been learned that Capt. J. R. Sams and his troop of five men from the Lexington company had not made their appearance at their homes following the announcement from here that they had been ordered off duty at the Longnecker place.

Both Acting Gov. Cox and Gen. Johnston said to-day that the reason that Sams and his men had not returned home was that the order issued at first had been countermanded, following the visit here of George Longnecker.

However, the order has now been issued for the return of the soldiers to their homes, as it appears that there is no further danger of attack. It is possible, however, that arrangements may yet be made for the presence of soldiers at the troubled places should any further necessity for their protection seem to arise.

* * *

Ballplayer Stenographer.

Louis Crutcher, the well-known baseball pitcher, has taken a position as stenographer in the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction J. G. Crabbe. Crutcher studied shorthand and typewriting before he began to shine as a diamond star, and finds it quite profitable during the winter months.

* * *

Help To Farmers.

State Immigration Agent Elijah J. Green has reported to the State Department of Agriculture the result of his work for the month of October. He is developing his office into a first-class employment bureau, where not only farmers, but other classes of business men and employers desiring help find it to their advantage to apply.

During October Mr. Green sent out seventy to fill applications for employment, of whom fifty-three were immigrants to Kentucky. He has on hand at present eight unfilled applications for farm help, in four of which transportation has already been advanced. He also has on hand applications for machinists and laborers. During the month just ended 100 registered in his office for positions.

* * *

County Superintendent R. L. Allen, of the Daviess county schools, was here this morning to see Gov. Cox on official business.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to the following:

Alex. Sherman and Dora Kauffman.
Sam Berry and Mattie Lee Porter.
George Gwyn and Louise Skrobonek.
Owen Corbin and Mamie Singer Malone.

It's necessary to know values and ought-to-be prices of things nowadays—and to do so you must read the ads.

WAREHOUSE

Question Before Burley Executive Board.

ABOUT FIFTY BUILDINGS MUST BE PROVIDED.

CHARLES I. STEWART BUYS AN OKLAHOMA PAPER.

WILL MOVE TO NEW STATE.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—The meeting to-day of the executive board of the Burley Tobacco and Insurance Company was devoted to consideration of propositions for the sale or lease to the company of warehouses in which to store and prize the tobacco which has been pooled with the company.

Warehouses must be provided in about fifty counties, and the matter of completing the chain is the most important undertaking before the board. In most instances warehouses will be leased. This morning the board voted authority for President LeBus and Secretary Brooks to sign papers in the purchase of two acres in Lawrenceburg on which a warehouse will be erected.

Senator R. H. Elliston, of Grant county, submitted propositions from Williamstown, Dry Ridge, Crittenden, Jonesville and Corinth, and was given instructions looking to the renting of houses. The matter of graders was brought up, but action on the matter was deferred.

J. E. Hughes and J. Whitson, of Boone county, presented propositions from Richwood, Verona, Burlington, Hamilton, Walton, Belleview and Petersburg. The latter town is clamoring for the erection of a warehouse and offers inducements to the company. Action on these propositions will be taken as soon as practicable.

E. B. Ayers, representing the Philadelphia Textile Machine Company, was called before the board and given a proposition for the erection of from one to three redrying plants to submit to his firm. An answer was promised Monday.

* * *

Mr. Stewart Buys Oklahoma Paper.

A telegram was received here to-day from Enid, Okla., stating that Charles I. Stewart, business manager of the Lexington Herald and Evening Gazette, of this city, had purchased a controlling interest in the Enid News and will take charge of the paper at once. The News is a daily paper with a circulation of 3,500. The city of Enid has a population of about 18,000. It is understood that Mr. Stewart was backed by Lexington capitalists in the purchase of the paper and that he will remove to Enid and take personal charge of the purchase. Miss Margaret O'Brien, formerly of this city, who has been in Oklahoma City for several months, will also be connected with the News.

* * *

Appeal To Free Negro.

N. H. Hobbs, an attorney of this city, will to-morrow file with the Court of Appeals an appeal in the case of Charles Gillis, the negro who is serving two years in the penitentiary on conviction of having stolen, several months ago, a diamond brooch valued at $150 from Mrs. Walter Scott, of this city, and which Mrs. Scott found among some clothing in her wardrobe a few days ago. Mrs. Scott at once appealed to Gov. Willson to pardon Gillis, but before Gov. Willson had time to investigate the case he was called to New York, and Gillis is still in the penitentiary. Attorney Hobbs was preparing his appeal in the case when the recovery of the brooch was reported a few days ago, and he decided to go ahead. If Gillis is not pardoned in the meantime, he hopes to get a reversal of the decision of the local court and a new trial, when he will easily be able to establish the negro's innocence.

* * *

Class Rings.

A representative of a Chicago jewelry house has been at Kentucky State University for several days taking measurements for the class rings that have been adopted by the senior class. The rings selected by this year's class have been adopted as a standard ring, and will be worn by each succeeding class, the only change being that the numerals to the year in which they are graduated.

The ring is a heavy Roman gold seal design. Upon its center are the class numerals and words, "State University of Kentucky." These are surrounded by the coat of arms of the State and an eagle. Upon the inside of the ring are the owner's initials and the degree he has attained.

* * *

Confederate Daughters Elect.

At a meeting yesterday evening of the Lexington chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy the following officers were elected, a number of them being the old officers, who were given additional terms: Mrs. James G. White, president, re-elected; Miss Margaret LeCompte, first vice president; Mrs. C. D. Chenault, second vice president, re-elected; Mrs. A. T. Parker, third vice president, re-elected; Mrs. Edwin Muller, recording secretary; Mrs. Frank Atkins, corresponding secretary; Mrs. Allison Holland, treasurer; Mrs. Matt Walton, auditor, re-elected; Mrs. E. D. Potts, historian for life.

* * *

Tribble—Prather.

W. P. Prather, of Lexington, and Miss Clara Belle Tribble were married yesterday at the home of the bride, in this county. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Tribble, who moved to Fayette several years ago from Clark county. Asa Barrow, of Hedges, was best man, and Mrs. Barrow, a sister of the bride, was matron of honor. Elder John F. Shouse was the officiating minister.

* * *

Roger D. Gannon Laid To Rest.

The funeral services over the body of Roger D. Gannon, formerly of this city, who was murdered in Oklahoma City last Sunday, were held at St. Peter's Catholic church this morning, the Rev. Father Punch officiating. Mr. Gannon had a large number of relatives and friends in this city and county, who assembled to pay the last tribute to his memory. The Knights of Columbus, of which order Mr. Gannon was a member, took part in the ceremonies. Sister Editha, of Memphis, and Sister Mary James, of Clinton, Iowa, members of Catholic orders and sisters of Mr. Gannon, attended the funeral. The interment was in the family lot in the Catholic cemetery.

* * *

Lexington Notes.

Miss Annie Hannon died last night at the home of her mother, Mrs. Johanna Hannon, 711 West Maxwell street, after an illness of several weeks. A singular circumstance in connection with Miss Hannon's death was that she died just one month to the day after the death of her father, James Hannon. Miss Hannon is survived by her mother and five brothers—William L., John, Peter, James and Joseph, all of this city.

* * *

Sherman Sebastian, of Magoffin county, who several months ago mysteriously disappeared in this city, has been located at Torrent, Ky., but his brother, James, who came to this city several days ago to search for him, has in his turn disappeared and search is now being instituted for him.

* * *

Maurice Hunt Karsner, 5 years old and son of W. C. Karsner, died last night at the home of his parents, two miles from this city on the Nicholasville pike, from spinal meningitis.

* * *

Charles Mitchell and Miss Bettie Myers, of Versailles, were quietly married Thursday by the Rev. J. T. Watson, at the home of Mrs. Margaret Lambert on South Spring street in this city.

* * *

Thomas E. Henton, of Versailles, has purchased from Warner S. Kinkead his handsome two-story residence on Madison Place, between High and Maxwell streets, in this city, and will take possession this week. Mr. Kinkead and his family have moved to Louisville. The price paid for the property was not made public.

* * *

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Waterworks Company this afternoon Rudolph R. Harting was elected secretary and treasurer of that company to take the place of W. E. McCann, who recently resigned.

UNCOVER PLOT.

Roosevelt's Friends Declare "Interests" Are At Work.

ATTEMPT MADE TO DISCREDIT "TEDDY'S" ADMINISTRATION.

REPORT ON IMPROVEMENTS OF INLAND RIVERS.

THE LOCO WEED DISEASE.

Washington, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—And now the story comes out of New York that friends of former President Theodore Roosevelt are to-day preparing to actively fight what they declare to be a diabolical plot to discredit his administration.

They openly assert that the giant monopolistic interests of the country, alarmed as never before by the growth of sentiment for Roosevelt which, starting with the first speech made by President Taft in the West indorsing the new tariff bill and defending Senator Aldrich against the assaults of the Progressive Republicans, followed the President throughout his 13,000-mile trip, and to-day is in evidence in every section of the country.

* * *

Knocking "Teddy's" Administration.

They are said to be planning to check it by trying to prove that Roosevelt protected the sugar trust, the tobacco trust and the powder monopoly through his Attorney General, Charles Jerome Bonaparte.

Finance and politics are being well mixed, according to Roosevelt's friends; every big monopoly which was assailed by Roosevelt, they assert, is concerned in an attempt to check the Roosevelt movement at once.

The Rooseveltians see the beginning of the plot in the circulation by a monopoly of the report that Roosevelt was dead in Africa. This, they declare, was but a feeler to ascertain beyond doubt just how strong Roosevelt is in the country.

* * *

Victim of the "Interests."

The response was spontaneous and unmistakable. Roosevelt seemed as much the popular idol as when he was in Washington flooding Congress with messages denouncing the "wickedness in high places." Then, according to the people who believe the former President is to be made a victim of the hatred of the "Interests," came the first broadside. The New York Sun, which is supposed to be closest to the money powers and the one that continually opposed the African hunter, printed a page-and-a-half story which purported to prove that the prosecution of the sugar trust for its many crimes was prevented by President Roosevelt.

* * *

South Making Rapid Strides.

The South is making more rapid strides with its gains in manufacturers than it is with the advancement of agriculture. This is the conclusion reached by James Wilson, Secretary of Agriculture, who has just returned from the annual meeting of the National Farmer Congress at Raleigh, N. C.

"The manufacturers of the South," says the Secretary, "have wrested the control of cotton and other mills from outsiders, but the farmers have not been keeping up to the same standard of enterprise."

* * *

Ohio River Improvements.

The annual report of the Chief of Engineers, the most voluminous single document issued from the Government printing office, was made public at the War Department to-day. It deals in detail with the various river and harbor improvements now under way throughout the United States. The work at the "head of Louisville and Portland canal" has progressed satisfactorily to the War Department. The funds provided by the last Rivers and Harbors bill are being applied to the removal of rock in the enlargement at the head of the canal, and to the reconstruction of the boule dam immediately north of the north wall of the canal; the construction of 500 feet of boule dam in middle chute; about 1,000 feet of boule dam between the middle and Indiana chutes; 648 feet of Chanoin dam in Indiana chute and about 600 linear feet of concrete between Indiana chute and the north bank of the river. The height of these sections of the dam is such as will afford a minimum depth of nine feet up stream to Madison, Ind., and a minimum depth of six feet on the lower miter sill of lock No. 1, Kentucky River.

It is proposed to apply the $50,000 recommended as a profitable expenditure in the year ending June 30, 1911, in preparatory work connected with the further items of improvement recommended by the Ohio River board and not yet appropriated for the same, procuring the necessary additional land needed for the enlargement of the canal, preparing data, etc., with a view of advertising the work for contract. The estimated amount required for the completion of the existing project is $1,446,000. There is an available balance of $83,249.

* * *

Kentucky River Improvements.

The chief of engineers states that up to date $3,000,000 has been expended in the Kentucky River. The present unexpended balance will become exhausted with the completion of lock 13. The estimated cost of lock 14 is $415,650. This has not been provided for in any existing legislation. Gen. Marshall states:

"There are not likely to be any decided changes in the volume or character of the commerce benefited until the improvement is carried to the head of the river, where it is expected that coal lands may be developed and the product shipped by river. The development of coal lands, with the resultant traffic, is the specific purpose to which the expenditure will be applied. It is believed that the project has so far had no material effect on freight rates."

* * *

Big Sandy Improvements.

Three locks and dams on the Big Sandy River have been completed and opened to navigation. They provide a minimum depth of six feet on their lower miter sills, except at lock No. 1, Catlettsburg, Ky., where the depth on the lower miter sill depends upon the stage in the Ohio River, and is uncertain and will remain so until a dam is placed in the Ohio River immediately below Catlettsburg.

It is deemed advisable that provision should be made for the necessary survey to locate sites and for acquisition of land required for additional locks and dams, to be constructed under the adopted project, in order to avoid delays incident to such work after appropriations for actual construction have been made.

* * *

Bulletin On Loco Weed Disease.

The Department of Agriculture has issued a bulletin on the loco weed disease. It is now very common among horses and cattle of the West, owing to their feeding upon the plant. The losses of horses, especially in parts of Texas, have at times been great, while in some localities in Colorado, Nebraska and Kansas it has been found impossible to run horses freely upon the range because of large numbers that die from this disease. The losses of cattle have been heavier, perhaps, in Colorado than in any other State.

A large amount of investigation, both in the field and in the laboratory has been undertaken, but the results were very contradictory. Many people were convinced that while there was a diseased condition among the stock, which doubtless caused very heavy losses, this was due to food or other causes rather than to any specific poisonous effect produced by eating plants. The majority of stockmen, however, were convinced that the disease was caused by eating certain plants, which on this account were known to them as "loco plants."

* * *

Additional Pay.

Officers of the army are to have an addition to their pay, provided they furnish their own mounts in place of the Government animals furnished for the army. In case an officer provides one horse the increase is $150, and for two horses he gets $200 in addition to his regular pay.

PREPARATIONS MADE FOR ANNUAL DINNER.

One of the very pleasing features of the work of the Laymen's League is their annual churchmen's dinner. The attendance at this dinner is not limited to members of the league, but is intended to include every male communicant of the church who can possibly attend. Arrangements are now well under way for the next annual dinner, which is to be at The Seelbach Hotel on the evening of Monday, November 22.

DEATHS.

FAWCETT—J. Hangary Fawcett, on the 11th inst., aged 41 years.

Funeral services will be held this (Saturday) afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from his late residence, 15 DePauw Place, New Albany, Ind.

MONSTIERS MERINVILLE—On Tuesday, October 5, 1909, in New York, Mary Gwendolen Byrd Caldwell, Marquise des Monstiers Merinville.

Services at the chapel in Cave Hill cemetery this (Saturday) morning at 10 o'clock.

SCHENK—At 4605 Second street, Beechmont, Thursday morning, November 11, Mrs. Mary Frances Schenk, aged 69 years.

Funeral at 2 p. m. Saturday from the residence. Interment in Cave Hill cemetery.

MEETINGS.

Daylight Lodge, No. 760, F. and A. M., will meet in stated communication in the blue room, Masonic Temple, Fourth and Chestnut, Saturday afternoon, November 13, 1909, at 3:30 o'clock, for business and work on the Entered Apprentice degree. Members of sister lodges and Master Masons sojourning in the city fraternally invited to be present.

THOMAS E. BASHAM, Master.
STEPHEN D. SMITH, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Notice.

Creditors of the estate of MARY E. SOMERS, deceased, are hereby notified to present their claims, proven as required by law, to the undersigned representative.

KENTUCKY TITLE SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST COMPANY, Administrator; Embry L. Swearingen, President.

Notice.

William Bemis, who was convicted of the crime of burglary in the Circuit Court of Jefferson county, at the June term of said court, 1900, will ask the Governor for pardon, and all who object will notify the Governor and state in writing any objection.





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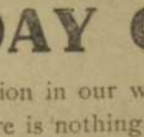
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Society In Kentucky

FRANKFORT.

FRANKFORT, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. Jennie C. Morton is spending a week with Mrs. Judith L. Marshal, of Louisville.

Mrs. George F. Berry and Miss Elizabeth Pepper have returned from a week's stay in Cincinnati.

Mrs. J. C. W. Beckham has returned from Owensboro.

Mrs. John Griffin has returned from Louisville.

Mrs. Jennie T. Cardwell, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. James L. Watson, in Lexington, has returned home.

Mrs. Hiram Berry and Miss Clint Cunningham left last week for Mt. Clemmons, Mich., for an indefinite stay.

Mrs. W. J. Bennett and daughter, Miss Anna Bennett, who have been spending several months in the city, have returned to Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Silas Mason, of Virginia, are the guests of Mrs. H. P. Mason and family at their country home.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Stone Bush and sons came up in their auto Sunday and spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. George F. Berry at Juniper Hill.

Miss Jessie Wilmot has returned from a three weeks' visit with Miss Cox, of Vanceburg, Ky.

Mrs. Lula Longmoor and son, Mr. W. W. Longmore, have returned from a visit with Mrs. Handy at Cynthiana.

Mr. and Mrs. Ike Kennedy, who have been spending their honeymoon with Louisville relatives, have returned home.

Miss Leila Berryman, who has been the guest of her cousin, Miss Elise Leavey, of Midway, has returned to Louisville.

Mrs. W. W. Cannon and little daughter, Florence, of Midway, were the guests of Mrs. Hiram Berry yesterday.

Miss Lottie Bridgeford has returned from a visit with friends in Winchester.

Miss Mary Scottow has returned from a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Robert Rogers in Shelby county.

Miss Alice Trabue, of Louisville, has concluded a visit with Mr. French Hoge and family at their country home, near this city.

Mrs. John W. Rodman has returned from a visit with Louisville friends.

Mrs. James Eggleston and daughter, Miss Gray Eggleston, have returned from a visit with relatives in Pleasureville.

UNIONTOWN.

UNIONTOWN, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. Ella Green, of Morganfield, spent Saturday afternoon in our city.

Mrs. William O'Daniel, of Morganfield, was a visitor here Saturday afternoon.

Miss Margaret Thomas, of Waverly, spent Sunday in and near the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Dick Guten, of Kansas City, are visiting relatives in the county.

Miss Leona Hite, of St. Vincent's Academy, spent the week-end with her parents here.

Miss Gertrude Clements, of St. Vincent's Academy, was in the city Saturday afternoon.

Misses Mary McCallister, Ottie Gough and Margaret Beaven visited Mrs. James Livers near Morganfield Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. I. H. Pike and little son have returned from a visit to Henderson.

Misses Etola and Myrtle Beaven, of Morganfield, visited Miss Margaret Beaven here Sunday.

Miss Mary Emma Medley spent Tuesday in Morganfield.

Mrs. Frank M. Ward spent Tuesday last in Morganfield, the guest of Mrs. Bernard Medley.

Mrs. G. H. Chapman spent Wednesday in Evansville shopping.

Mrs. R. L. Orme spent Wednesday in Evansville.

Mrs. Dan Alvey, of Morganfield, visited relatives near Uniontown Sunday.

Mrs. James Livers, of near Morganfield, was in the city Wednesday.

Mrs. Tom Hamner, of Antioch, was in the city Saturday.

Mrs. W. C. Bland spent Wednesday in Evansville.

Miss Sudie Whitehead, of Dekoven, was a visitor to Uniontown Saturday.

Miss Austin Frain, of near Morganfield, was in the city Sunday.

Miss Ida Houston attended the ball at Uniontown Wednesday.

Miss Helen Waller, of Morganfield, attended the ball here Wednesday night.

MORGANFIELD.

MORGANFIELD, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. Henry Dunnaven, of Evansville, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John M. Waggener.

Mrs. G. S. Severin and Miss Sophia Mauzy went to Evansville Monday, Miss Mauzy returning that evening, but Mrs. Severin remained several days with her brother-in-law, Mr. Henry Severin, and family.

Miss Mary H. Waller is in Evansville.

Mrs. A. G. Mason entertained with bridge and five hundred on Wednesday for her guest, Miss Mattie Terry, of San Antonio, Tex.

The marriage of Miss Hattie Elizabeth Whorton to Mr. J. Iva Medeoris, both of Greensboro, N. C., was solemnized at the home of the bride's brother, the Rev. C. N. Whorton, Wednesday. Mrs. Medeoris had been the guest of the Rev. C. N. Whorton and Mrs. Whorton for two weeks, having come here to have her brother perform the marriage ceremony.

Mrs. L. R. Richards entertained with bridge and five hundred on Saturday afternoon. There were twenty players. A two-course lunch was served.

Mrs. Alphonso Wilson and Miss Morris have returned to their homes in Obion, Tenn., after an enjoyable visit to Mrs. John T. O'Nan.

Mrs. Walter Higginson gave a noonday dining on Friday for Mrs. O'Nan and guests, Mrs. Wilson and Miss Morris.

Misses Elma and Sue Robertson entertained on Monday night for Miss Morris, of Obion, Tenn., the evening being happily spent in playing bridge and five hundred.

Mrs. Mary C. Ledbetter, of Uniontown, and guest, Miss Sallie Bridges, of Louisville, arrived Thursday to visit Mrs. G. P. Robertson.

Mrs. H. M. Harris gave a dinner on Tuesday to Miss Mattie Terry, of San Antonio, and Lieut. Robert Y. Rhea and Mrs. Rhea, of Dixon, Ill. Covers were laid for twelve.

Mrs. D. M. Rhea gave a dinner on Thursday evening complimentary to Lieut. R. Y. Rhea and Mrs. Rhea and Dr. R. H. C. Rhea and Mrs. Rhea.

MT. WASHINGTON.

MT. WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—The Rev. H. E. Newton and Mrs. Newton left this morning for their home in Cincinnati after a visit with friends.

Dr. W. W. Coleman and Mrs. Coleman have returned from Louisville, where they visited Mr. and Mrs. Varble.

The Rev. Brandon and Mrs. Brandon had as their guests the first of the week Mr. and Mrs. Cole Pratt, of Louisville.

Dr. W. E. Landam, wife and daughter arrived Monday from Covington to visit relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. John Etheredge have as their guests Mr. and Mrs. Lee Etheredge, of Denver, Col.

Miss Ethel Smith is the guest of relatives in Boston.

Miss Amelia Winsette, of Livingston, is the guest of Miss Annie Lane.

Misses Clarence and Mary Andrews went to Dayton, O., to visit Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Johnston.

Mrs. W. L. McGee has returned from a visit with relatives in Owensboro.

Mrs. W. L. Hall entertained Tuesday night in honor of her guest, Miss Edna Perkins.

Miss Mary Graves was given a party Wednesday night by her hostess, Mrs. G. M. Love.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Guthrie, of Lagrange, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Tyler.

Miss Mary Armstrong, of Henderson, left to-day for her home after a visit here.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Lawson left this week for New York, where they will spend the winter.

RUSSELLVILLE.

RUSSELLVILLE, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Miss Alma Johnson has returned to Owensboro after a visit to Miss Addie Herndon.

Mrs. Wade Lyon, of Knoxville, is the guest of relatives here.

Mrs. Joe Barclay has returned to Louisville after a visit to friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Smith have returned to their home in Owensboro after a visit to relatives and friends here.

Mrs. S. A. Bass has returned from a visit to Auburn.

Miss Polly Dickason is visiting in Allensville.

Mrs. B. B. Andrews has returned from a visit to relatives in Los Angeles.

HARRODSBURG.

HARRODSBURG, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. M. F. Hansford is the guest of friends in Nashville.

Judge James Y. Kelly and Mrs. Kelly and Miss Eliza Kelly, of Georgetown, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Davis Bohon.

Mrs. Lee Riker left Friday for Peoria, Ill., to visit her daughter, Mrs. George R. Boyer.

Miss Nell Dedman was hostess at a pleasant meeting of the Sewing Circle Tuesday afternoon.

Miss Daisy Harris, of Indianapolis, is the guest of Mrs. Florence Fales.

Mrs. James F. Van Arsdall is spending the week with relatives in Somerset.

Mr. John B. Moore, of Lethbridge, Alberta, Canada, is visiting his mother, Mrs. Nannie B. Moore.

One of the social events of the autumn was the coming-out party given Thursday at "Aspen Hall" by Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Grubbs, Mr. and Mrs. Lafon Riker and Mrs. Florence Fales in honor of Miss Marie Louise Riker.

Mrs. W. Con Bell is at Battle Creek, Mich.

Miss Virginia Terhune, of Frankfort, spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Terhune.

Mrs. Cleo Bell Meader left Friday for Readville, N. C.

Miss Lillie Hunter was hostess at an interesting meeting of the Harrodsburg Art Circle Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. Florence Fales was the leader for the afternoon. Miss Daisy Harris, of Indianapolis, and Miss Eliza Kelly, of Georgetown, were guests of the circle.

Misses Mary Hope Carpenter and Lula Kern, of Perryville, were week-end guests at Beaumont College.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Carlisle have as their guests Miss Emily Howe, Dr. Hamilton, Mr. Harry Moore, of Muncie, Ind., and Mr. Lora Lillard, of Marion, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Duckworth, of Nicholasville, visited Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Handy last week.

GREENUP.

GREENUP, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. W. J. A. Rardin has returned from a month's visit with relatives in Cincinnati and Dayton.

Mrs. William Sowards, of Cincinnati, is the guest of Mrs. R. E. L. Wilson and other relatives here.

Miss Minnie Kilgore visited friends at Ashland this week.

Miss Zola Perry, of Huntington, W. Va., was the guest of Miss Sweetland Wilson this week.

Miss Lucy Lawson was the guest of Mrs. Mary Womack at Oldtown this week.

Miss Lucy Lacock was the guest of Mrs. Ben Roe at Portsmouth, O.

Mr. and Mrs. John Coleman have returned from Virginia.

Mrs. Laura Baldwin, of Leet, W. Va., is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Hertel.

Miss Ethel Taft, of Normal, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. George A. Corwin.

Mrs. Matt Warnock was the guest of relatives at Fullerton this week.

Mrs. R. C. Biggs has returned home from Columbus, O.

Miss Mary Schmutz visited her sister, Mrs. Lida Mauck, at Princess this week.

Miss Kate Bennett is the guest of relatives at Fullerton.

BOWLING GREEN

BOWLING GREEN, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mr. and Mrs. John W. Eubank celebrated their golden wedding anniversary with an informal reception at the residence of Dr. G. E. Townsend and Mrs. Townsend, on Tuesday evening. The house was decorated with yellow chrysanthemums, and refreshments were served.

Mrs. Eugene Mitchell has returned home after a pleasant visit to friends at Glasgow, Ky.

Miss Corinne Barr left Tuesday for Montgomery, Ala., to be the guest of her sister, Mrs. C. G. Hewitt, for an indefinite space.

Mrs. F. N. Downer was the hostess of the Ladies' Afternoon Euchre Club on Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Daphne Dickey and Mr. Harry Berry were married Saturday at Louisville, and returned to this city to reside.

The Current Topic Club was entertained Thursday afternoon by Mrs. R. S. McCaslin. "Irrigation" was the subject discussed. Mrs. D. M. Lawson read an interesting paper.

Mrs. Max B. Nahm left this week for Paducah to be the guest of her mother until after Thanksgiving.

Misses Mattie Oaks and niece, Callie Oaks, who have been visiting relatives in Texas for the past several weeks, have returned home.

Mrs. Monor Thompson and two little daughters left for Panama this week, where they will join Mr. Thompson.

Miss Marjorie Obenchain is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. W. D. Kline, in Nashville. She was a guest of honor at a reception this week.

Miss Bessie Stark, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Paul Cassady, at Covington for the past month, has returned home.

Miss Mary Larmon, of Alvaton, who has been visiting her cousin, Miss Lucy Stark, returned home Wednesday.

FLEMINGSBURG.

FLEMINGSBURG, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. W. H. Barksdale is home from a visit to Cincinnati.

Judge J. M. Harbeson and Mrs. Harbeson are home from a visit to relatives in Augusta.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Cumber left Tuesday for Denver, Col., to spend the winter.

Mrs. Lucien Norris, of Mason county, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Mamie Cassidy.

Miss Julia Van Arsdale is home from a visit to her sister, Mrs. Woodward, in Maysville.

Mrs. Frazee is visiting relatives in Lexington.

Mrs. John E. Wells, of Maysville, has returned home after a visit to friends.

Mrs. Lizzie Frank is home from Lexington.

Mrs. Charles Atkinson has returned to Lexington after a visit to friends here.

Dr. C. L. Robertson and Mrs. Robertson are home from a visit to relatives in Aberdeen, O.

Mrs. W. G. Dearing, of Louisville, is visiting friends here.

Mrs. C. E. Cooper is visiting friends in Carlisle.

Mrs. Rachael Hart and Miss Theodosia Hart are home from Maysville.

Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Andrews are home from a visit to Mrs. W. P. Ross in Carlisle.

COLUMBIA.

COLUMBIA, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. J. D. Walker, of Gradyville, spent a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Bruce Montgomery.

Miss Dimple Conover has returned from Lexington.

Miss Mattie Sharp, of Amandaville, visited friends here a few days of this week.

Miss Erean Howard, of Tuskegee, Ala., is here on a visit to her aunt, Mrs. P. D. Neilson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Goodman are home from a short visit to relatives at Burksville and Rowena.

Mrs. Bob Rowe, of Amandaville, was shopping here Saturday.

Miss Laura Smith left last Friday morning for Lafayette, La., having accepted a position to teach in a college in that city.

Mrs. James L. Johnston, of Bliss, has been visiting relatives and attending the Pinkerton meeting here.

Mrs. J. A. Page is home from a few weeks' visit to her daughter, Mrs. A. L. Myers, at Monticello.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Grant, of Bonnieville, arrived Monday for a visit to relatives.

FALMOUTH.

FALMOUTH, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. J. B. Thomas was a visitor to friends in Cincinnati this week.

Miss Louise Long spent the first of the week with the family of J. W. Rollins at Boyd.

Mrs. Edward Garrard, of Manchester, came here Monday for a visit to friends.

Miss Hettie Redman has returned after a visit to friends in Mt. Olivet.

Miss Helen Hitch came from Covington Monday to be the guest of Mrs. Geo. L. Myers.

Miss Louise Barbour and Miss Gladys Sutton went to Cincinnati to visit friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson W. Woodhead, who have been in Richmond for several weeks, came home Saturday.

Miss Virgie Fryer returned home Tuesday from a visit to friends in Dayton, O., and Connersville, Ind.

Leader In Horse Cave Society.



MISS FLORENCE EDWARDS.

VERSAILLES.

VERSAILLES, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Misses Agnes McKee and Evelyn Gray are visiting Miss Ida Dowling, of Lawrenceburg.

Mrs. Joe Cohen is visiting Mr. John Wagers and family, of Richmond.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Perkins, of Burlington, Ia., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Sam L. Wooldridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry McConnell, Jr., of Lexington, visited their aunt, Mrs. Mattie Wooldridge, several days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. William Simms and daughter Elizabeth left Thursday for New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Moss, of near New Castle, arrived to visit their daughter and son-in-law, the Rev. J. W. Crates and Mrs. Crates, at the Methodist parsonage.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawson Smith, of Cleburne, Tex., came Wednesday, and are guests of Mrs. Alma Heimiller.

Misses Aggie Brown and niece, Norma Stevenson, of Lexington, spent Thursday and Friday with friends.

Mrs. Sanders Hunter and Miss Minnie Nuckols left yesterday for a three weeks' visit to friends in Chicago, Indianapolis and Madison, Mich.

Miss Vernon Marguerite Magoffin is spending this week with Mrs. Sam Shackelford, of Frankfort, at The Seelbach in Louisville.

Mrs. D. M. Ball returned Tuesday from a two weeks' visit to her daughter, Mrs. D. L. Moore, of Lawrenceburg.

Mrs. Hardin Field was hostess Thursday afternoon to the Pastor's Aid Society of the Christian church, comprising twenty members. A delicious salad course was served.

Miss Minnie Botts, assistant nurse at the Woodford Hospital, has been quite ill for the past week with typhoid fever.

Mrs. Sallie Carter and son, Mr. Joseph Carter, moved this week to their country home, which has been in the hands of workmen since its purchase last April, making it one of the handsomest places in Woodford.

COVINGTON.

COVINGTON, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Miss Fanny Ballard, of Louisville, was the guest of Miss Sara Ernst for the Hall-Collings wedding in Cincinnati Saturday, October 6.

Mrs. Jack Edwards entertained with bridge whist Friday afternoon in compliment to Miss Margaret Cracraft, of Charleston, W. Va., who is the house guest of Miss Mary Laidley.

Mrs. Brooking Gex, of Ghent, is visiting relatives here this week.

Mrs. Walton and daughter, Miss Ida, who have been the guests of their kinswoman, Mrs. A. J. Whipps, and assisted at her ninetieth anniversary October 20, left Wednesday for their home in Germantown.

Miss Betty MacKoy is entertaining Miss Cook, of Louisville.

Miss Inez Goodwin entertained Tuesday evening with bridge whist in compliment to Miss Dimf Laidley and guest, Miss Cora Craft, of Virginia.

Miss Rita O'Shaughnessy is home from a charming visit with her sister, Mrs. Ogden Bates, who is beautifully established in her new home in Memphis, Tenn.

Mr. and Mrs. Hawthorne Lewis, of San Antonio, Tex., have arrived to make their home in Newport.

Miss Elizabeth Hoge, of Pewee Valley, was guest of honor at a theater party Wednesday evening given by Miss Bright Kelly.

Mrs. N. S. McLoughlin and daughter, Miss Nancy, are attending the State suffragist convention in Louisville.

Mr. and Mrs. James Layne, of Huntington, W. Va., arrived this week for a stay with Mr. and Mrs. James C. Layne.

Miss Sophia Arnold is visiting in Paris.

Mrs. Harry McKoy entertained with bridge whist in honor of Miss Elizabeth Hoge, of Pewee Valley.

Mrs. James Stoughton is entertaining Mrs. Markberry, of Lancaster.

MAYSVILLE.

MAYSVILLE, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. Harry S. Ellis and son Vincent are visiting relatives in Cincinnati.

Mr. John O'Harran and daughters, who have been visiting in Ireland for the past two months, returned to their home in Aberdeen Tuesday.

Mr. Harry S. Ellis accompanied his mother, Mrs. Jane Ellis, to Bakerfield, Cal.

Mrs. Walter B. Brooks, who was called here from Huntington, W. Va., by the death of her brother, Mr. Walter Blatterman, is the guest of Mrs. James C. Owens.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Hinton, of Paris, were guests of her mother, Mrs. Joseph Peed, at Mayslick this week.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Emmitt, of Terre Haute, Ind., are guests of Mr. D. A. Emmitt.

Mrs. Walter Wormald, of Newport, was called here by the death of her brother, Mr. Walter Blatterman.

Miss Louise Best and niece, Alice Bisset, have returned from a visit to relatives in Cincinnati.

Mrs. Joseph Miller and Mrs. Robert Barnes, of Millersburg, and Mr. and Mrs. Dwire, of Quincy, Ill., have returned to their homes after a visit to Mrs. Thomas Best.

Miss Ellen Kirk is the guest of friends in Cincinnati.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Downing have returned home after a visit in Cincinnati.

Miss Sadie B. Hunter is visiting at Huntington, W. Va.

Mrs. Louis Marshall, of the county, is visiting her mother and sister in Newport.

Miss Beulah Walker has returned to her home at Zanesville, O., after a visit to her brother, Mr. J. M. Walker.

BAGDAD.

BAGDAD, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. Retta Bryant, of Cropper, and Mrs. Lou Baker, of Christiansburg, were guests of Mrs. Nat Boshardt.

Miss Lillie Ballard, of Lexington, who has been visiting her cousin, Mrs. Jim Clark, returned home Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Victor Gabby and daughter, Clara Davis, of Christiansburg, and Mrs. Charles Van Arsdale and son, Byrain Boyd visited Mrs. John Miles last Thursday.

Mrs. B. Wilcoxson, of Covington, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Ed Bonduraut.

Miss Esther Miles was in Shelbyville last Thursday.

A Book Club was organized Wednesday afternoon at Mrs. George Sacrey's with a membership of twenty-six.

Misses Ethel and Helen Hulette spent Saturday night and Sunday with Miss Minnie Van Arsdale.

WARSAW.

WARSAW, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Miss Mary Louise Herrick entertained at dinner Wednesday evening. The guests were Miss Maud Kelly and Messrs. Will Clark and John Allen Kirby.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Thompkins, of Walton, spent Thursday here with relatives.

Mrs. J. O. Hanks left Saturday for Oneida, Tenn., where she will join her husband, who located there a short time ago.

Miss Louella Van Dyke entertained the senior class of the Warsaw High School at dinner Friday evening at the home of her uncle, S. J. Crucher. Those present were Misses Nell White, Eunice Conradi, Florence Abbott, Lillie Allen, Mariam Morris and Dilver Scudder.

Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Morton were visitors to Cincinnati Thursday and Friday.

Dr. S. B. Robinson accompanied Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Graham and daughter, Miss Ruth, to Cincinnati last Friday, where Miss Ruth was operated on for appendicitis.

Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Sippenfeld and Misses Bertha and Nora Grobmyer, of Carrollton, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Louis Guttig.

Miss Grace Caplinger, who has been visiting at Augusta, arrived here Monday to reside with her mother, Mrs. J. W. Barker.

SCOTTSVILLE.

SCOTTSVILLE, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Miss Grace Huntsman entertained the Sans Souci Club at "hearts." Mrs. Pearl Garrison won the club prize and Mrs. H. P. Gardner, of Fountain Run, the guest's prize.

Mrs. J. L. Henninger has returned from a short trip to Nashville.

Miss Alma Agee left for Sentinel, Okla.

Mrs. Will Wade is visiting her daughters, Mrs. John W. Love and Mrs. Thos. George Hill, of Nashville.

Misses Rena Huntsman and Kate Hinton visited in Franklin this week.

Mr. and Mrs. B. S. Huntsman and daughter, Miss Mary Clyde Huntsman, of Bowling Green, spent Sunday with Mr. S. H. Welch and family.

Mrs. R. O. Huntsman and daughter, Grace Cameron, of Mobile, Ala., are the guests of Mr. A. S. Gardner and family.

Mrs. S. S. Binion has returned to her home in Oklahoma City.

Miss Bessie Sarrer, of Petrolium, who has been the guest of Misses Lena and Rena Huntsman, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Brown, who have been visiting Mrs. Brown's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Porter, of Bowling Green, have returned home.

HAWESVILLE.

HAWESVILLE, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. A. B. Hinkle is sick with neuralgia.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Harmon, of Patesville, Ky., were in town last week.

Mrs. George Bennett, of Vinita, Okla., spent several days here the past week with friends and relatives.

Mrs. George H. Mickel was in town Wednesday.

Mrs. John Garman was in town Saturday.

Mrs. Mike Emmick was in town Saturday.

Mrs. Frances Eagan, of Evansville, was in town Sunday.

Miss Nannie Scifres was in town Wednesday.

Misses Sherley Montgomery and Mary Ayres returned to Memphis Sunday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lander spent several days in Daviess county with friends and relatives.

Mrs. Nancy Gilliand, who has been visiting in Larue county, has returned home.

Mrs. Sarah Priest, of Rockport, Ind., was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Squire Aldridge last week.

Mrs. Ida Uehlien, of New Albany, Ind., was the guest of friends and relatives here Monday.

Mrs. W. H. Hook, of Hardinsburg, is visiting friends and relatives in Lewisport.

Miss Maud Taylor, of Lewisport, who has been visiting in Owensboro, has returned.

ELIZABETHTOWN.

ELIZABETHTOWN, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. J. W. Woodring is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. T. De Rossette, of Louisville.

Mrs. George Turner, of Haleswell, is visiting Mrs. J. H. Yager.

Mrs. Virinda Reid and granddaughter, Miss Bessie Reid, are visiting Messrs. Beverly and David Reid, of Louisville.

Mrs. L. A. Jones, of Chicago, is visiting her brother, Mr. C. C. Talbott.

Miss Lucile Gardner, of Leitchfield, visited Mr. and Mrs. Harve Gardner, of Long Grove, this week.

Mrs. Charles Amant has returned from a visit to relatives at Cloverport.

Miss Elizabeth Beeler, of Louisville, was the guest of Miss Pirtle Dyer this week.

Miss Neoma Gibbons, of Hodgenville, is visiting Mrs. Avery Frank.

Mrs. A. D. McCaus is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Robert Vaughn, of Louisville.

Miss Florence Dyer and Miss Alice Munford are guests of Mrs. Wyatt Vaughn, of Tonieville.

Mrs. M. A. V. Reed, of Chicago, is visiting her son, Mr. Charles Reed.

Miss Elizabeth Hinzen, of Trenton, N. J., is the guest of Misses Florence and Bessie Dyer.

Mrs. Henry Gorauflo is visiting relatives in Louisville.

Miss Anna Eliza Robertson is a guest of Miss Jennie Green, of Falls of Rough.

SHARPSBURG.

SHARPSBURG, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Ratliff and daughter, Miss Ella; Mrs. O. H. Knight and Mrs. J. W. Shankland took an automobile trip to Lexington and Frankfort Tuesday and returned Thursday.

Mrs. Fannie B. Talbert and Mrs. F. S. Allen spent Saturday in Carlisle.

Mrs. J. R. Savage, of Covington, and Miss Nancy McLoney, of Cynthiana, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. N. H. McLoney.

Misses Mattie Woodson Barnes and Miss Elizabeth Ratliff spent Saturday in Lexington.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Roth visited relatives at Shawhan Thursday and Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gay T. Shropt visited at Paris Monday.

Mrs. William Pike, of Mahomet, Ill., is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Charles Spratt.

Mrs. J. H. Doty, of Paris, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Perry.

SHELBYVILLE.

SHELBYVILLE, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. W. Hardin Caldwell has returned from a week's business trip to Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Gillis returned the first of the week after spending a month with relatives at Bryan, O.

Miss Josephine Smith has returned from a visit to friends in Lexington.

Mrs. James Eggleston and daughter, Miss Gray Eggleston, returned to Frankfort the first of the week after spending several days with relatives in the county.

Miss Alice Hill, who has been a guest of Mrs. J. V. Glass for the past two weeks, has returned to her home at Petersburg, Va.

Miss Mattie Neal has returned from a visit to friends in Frankfort.

Mrs. Belle Tevis Speed and Miss Carrie Allen, of Louisville, spent the week end with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Long returned the first of the week after a visit to their son, Mr. A. C. Long, Jr., and other relatives in Kansas City, Mo.

Mrs. J. A. Logan and daughter, Miss Mary Edna Logan, returned home Tuesday after a visit to Mrs. J. W. Graybill in Louisville.

Mrs. Letha Robinson is visiting Mrs. Thomas Bishop in Versailles.

Mrs. Hugh McLellan, of Richmond, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Pryor R. Beard, has gone to Chicago to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Meguiar.

Capt. George Buchannon and Mrs. Buchannon and daughter, Miss Victoria Buchannon, of Holly Springs, Miss., arrived Tuesday for a stay at their country home south of town.

Judge and Mrs. E. B. Beard and Miss Iva Beard leave next week for a visit to Amarillo and other points in Texas. Miss Beard will be one of the bridesmaids at Miss Virginia Nunn's wedding at Amarillo the last of the month.

OWINGSVILLE.

OWINGSVILLE, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mr. and Mrs. James Harper, of Catlettsburg, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Harper.

Miss Edna Byron is the guest of friends in Cincinnati this week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Byron are in Cincinnati and Covington the guests of friends and relatives.

Mrs. John W. Honaker and two sons are visiting friends in Mt. Sterling.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles McMath, of Moscow, O., were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Hurst, of Millersburg, are the guests of Mrs. Laura Kash.

Miss Laura Cole, of Jeffersonville, is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. S. Phelps.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Vallandingham, of Elizaville, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Hendrix.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie McCormick, of Mt. Sterling, are visiting Mrs. L. D. Brother.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Evans are the guests of friends in Cincinnati this week.

Mrs. W. P. Baird is visiting friends in Cincinnati.

Mrs. George Alexander, of Paris, is the guest of relatives here.

Miss Lena Alexander, after a brief visit to friends at Leon, Ky., has returned to her home.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Fratman are visiting friends in Lexington this week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Turner were the guests of friends in Millersburg last week.

BARDSTOWN.

BARDSTOWN, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. L. B. Samuels and little niece, Emily Carothers, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Terrill in Paducah.

Mrs. J. I. Barlow is visiting her sister, Mrs. Joseph Claybrooke, in Springfield.

Mrs. Lee W. Dupin is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Earnest Dupin in Louisville.

Mrs. Robert Vardeman and children, of Marshall, Mo., will arrive next week to visit her sister and other relatives here.

Mr. R. C. Cherry and family have had as their guests their brother, George W. Cherry, and family, of Alaska, now of Berkley, Cal.

Miss Pauline Cook, of Louisville, is the guest of the Misses Wickliffe.

Mrs. Louis Seeger was called to Louisville by the death of her father, Mr. McNairie, Wednesday.

Mrs. Mattingly and Miss Mattingly, of Louisville, are guests of Capt. J. D. Wickliffe and Mrs. Wickliffe and Misses Brown.

Mrs. Bettie Stillwell has returned from a visit to relatives in Taylorsville.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Wiggington visited Dr. Price Wells in Louisville the first half of the week.

CENTRAL CITY.

CENTRAL CITY, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. S. F. Howey entertained Thursday evening at her home in honor of Mrs. Tina Allison Barker, of Kensee.

Mrs. Finis Garrett left Wednesday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Railley, of Morganfield.

Mr. and Mrs. John Metcalf have returned from an extended visit to relatives in Texas and Mexico.

Mrs. E. B. Miler returned Wednesday from a visit to Mrs. Mary Shea, of Louisville.

Mrs. Kate Hill was the guest this week of her sister, Mrs. Grundy, of Greenville.

Mrs. Charles Sowden was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Tonks, of Paducah, several days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Betts returned this week to their home in Mound City, Ill.

Mr. H. T. Claggett and bride returned this week from Leitchfield.

Mrs. Clark Bryant, of Calhoon; Mrs. H. W. Gates, of Houston, Texas, and Mrs. Nancy Rhodes, of Elizabethtown, have returned to their homes after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. James T. Morehead.

Mr. and Mrs. William Parsley returned Sunday to their home in Rockport, Ind., after a visit to their children, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Parsley.

Misses Grace, Daisy and Louise Hancock have returned to Depoy after a visit to Mrs. Lucy W. Yontz.

Mr. and Mrs. Carson Brooks and daughter have returned to Guyman after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wooten and Mrs. Alwilda Brooks.

Miss Eleanor Clarke spent the week-end with Miss Katherine Robertson, of Moorman.

The Cotillon Club entertained on Thursday evening at its clubrooms.

Miss Hallie Roark, of Greenville, was the guest of Mrs. Hutchings the first of the week.

MT. STERLING.

MT. STERLING, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Miss Anna May Armstrong, of Tennessee, is a guest of relatives and friends in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Emmet Nelson left Wednesday for Falls Mills, Miss., where they will spend several weeks on a business and pleasure trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Newton Woodford have returned to their home in Texas after a visit here with relatives.

Mrs. L. T. Chiles was in Indiana the past week at Martinsville for her health, which has been bad for some time.

Mrs. John W. Honaker, of Owingsville, visited Mrs. James H. Wood the past week.

Miss Louise Morris was in Lexington this week, a guest of the family of W. H. Barkley.

Mrs. Charles W. Heck is in Cleveland, O., visiting relatives and friends.

Miss Mary D. Sullivan has returned from a visit to relatives at Willington, O.

Miss Flo Shirley is at Charleston, W. Va., where she is being entertained by Miss Anna McWhorter.

Miss Lizette Parker, of Paris, was a guest the past week of Miss Elizabeth Laughlin.

Mrs. Nettie Thomas is visiting her mother in Cleveland, O., and will be gone several weeks.

BRANDENBURG.

BRANDENBURG, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Drury, of Bewleyville, were guests of Mrs. Alonzo Moorman last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Casperke, Sr., have returned from a visit to Louisville and Jeffersonville.

Mrs. Harvey English, of Stephensport, has been the guest of J. K. Ditto and family and Mrs. Rose Dooley.

Mrs. Clara Lewis and son, Walter Lewis, spent Sunday in Louisville.

Mrs. D. C. Pusey has returned from a visit to Indianapolis, Chicago, Lebanon and Louisville.

Mrs. J. H. Bishop, who went to Evansville last Friday, has returned home accompanied by Mrs. Brennan and Bobbie Bishop.

Mrs. Hance Hamilton and daughter, Miss Mattie, were in Louisville last week. They will leave shortly to visit Will Hamilton in California.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Killey were in Louisville last week.

Miss Jen Hardin is visiting relatives in Ekron.

Mrs. S. P. Parks, of Irvington, is the guest of Mrs. W. D. Ashcraft.

Miss Ada Vreeland has returned from Colorado.

A Young Glasgow Belle.



MISS CHRISTINE STRANGE.

LANCASTER.

LANCASTER, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Miss Mary Elmore is visiting Mr. Charles Alexander and family, of Versailles.

Mrs. E. M. Walker is visiting her mother, Mrs. Annie Ramsey, of Eminence.

Mrs. H. A. B. Marksbury has gone for a visit to her daughters, Mrs. J. M. Staughton, of Covington, and Mrs. A. H. Rice, of Richmond, Ind.

Mrs. George T. Farris is expected home Saturday from a visit to Mrs. Elbert Smith, of Jellico, Tenn.

Mrs. Donald McDonald, of Danville, was a recent visitor of Mrs. W. H. Kinnaird.

Mrs. Erle Galbraith and children, of Oklahoma, have been guests of Mrs. J. W. Elmore.

Mrs. Leander Davidson is home again after a visit to her son, Attorney R. L. Davidson, of Tulsa, Okla.

Mrs. Sue Beatty Bennett has returned to Oklahoma after a visit to Miss Katie Lee Denny.

Misses Al and Bettina Anderson were hostesses of the Tuesday Afternoon Club.

The Woman's Club held its regular semi-monthly meeting Wednesday. The new officers of the Woman's Club are Mrs. J. B. Kinnaird, president; Mrs. D. W. Bridges, vice president; Mrs. W. R. Cook, corresponding secretary; Miss Frankie Kauffman, recording secretary; Mrs. R. E. McRoberts, chair of education; Mrs. Emma Higginbotham, chair of civics.

Mrs. Ruth Taylor, of Harrodsburg, has been visiting Mr. Joe Arnold and family.

Miss Susie Stone, of Lexington, is the guest of Mrs. T. S. Elkin.

Mr. William Murphy and family, of Turnersville, were entertained at dinner by Mr. and Mrs. U. D. Simpson.

Mesdames W. R. Cook and W. B. Mason have been recent visitors to Danville.

NICHOLASVILLE.

NICHOLASVILLE, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. T. W. Duckworth was hostess to the Daughters of the Confederacy Monday afternoon.

Mrs. G. W. Stanley gave a delightful euchre party Tuesday afternoon.

The Hon. Hugh Mahin entertained with a stag dinner at his home in the country Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Mayme Sparks and sister, Mrs. J. S Smither, entertained at cards Thursday afternoon.

The members of the Khaki Fishing Club were guests of honor at a dinner given by Mr. R. M. Sparks Thursday evening.

Mrs. Harris Posey and Miss Mollie Berry, of Frankfort, are guests of Mrs. Charles Deering.

Mrs. Amelia Bronaugh has returned from an extended visit to relatives at Carrington, N. D.

Mrs. Earl Dickinson, of Leitchfield, Mich., is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Cannon.

Miss Louise Bronaugh is visiting at Louisa.

Mrs. Virginia K. Hoover has returned from a visit to Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Miller left Thursday for Oklahoma City, Okla., where they will reside.

Mrs. M. H. Guerrant has returned to Louisville after a visit to her father, Mr. E. R. Sparks.

Mrs. J. H. Osborn and daughter, Miss Hattie, left this week for Memphis to reside.

Mr. and Mrs. George Edwards, of Harrodsburg, and Miss Mollie Fife, of Richmond, have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Lowry.

HOPKINSVILLE.

HOPKINSVILLE, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. Fan Ware and son, Fairleigh, have returned from Louisville.

Mrs. R. O. Hester is visiting in Clarksville.

Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Underwood are at Dawson.

Mrs. Arthur McCormack has returned to Bowling Green.

The Euchre Club was entertained Thursday afternoon by Mrs. W. R. Howell.

A bridge club has been organized here. The initial meeting was with Mrs. Jouett Henry, Wednesday afternoon.

Misses Mary Jones and Cornie Bass are visiting Miss Marion Hines in Bowling Green.

The Rev. J. A. Kirtley and Mrs. Kirtley, of Madisonville, are visiting here.

G. W. Feagin and family have come here to reside.

Miss Lady J. Summers is visiting Miss Ida Chappell.

Mrs. Robert Johnson and son, of Middlesboro, are visiting Miss Fannie Phelps.

Miss Myrtle Hight and Mr. W. E. Pace, of Haleys Mills, this county, were married Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Mary Willis, of Leitchfield, is visiting the family of Mr. G. H. Stowe near the city.

J. S. Quarles and family, of Pembroke, have come here to live.

BLOOMFIELD.

BLOOMFIELD, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. P. R. McMakin is visiting in Louisville.

Mrs. Robert Graham, of Louisville, is visiting her father, Mr. James Hays.

Miss Fee Cokendolpher is visiting Mrs. Curtis Hall in Shelbyville.

Miss Julia Muir is visiting Miss Nantie Houston at Taylorsville.

Miss Viola Brown, of Springfield, is visiting Miss Ethel McClasky.

Miss Corinne Hall is the guest of Miss Lillian Murphy in Louisville.

Miss Myra Wells, of Louisville, is visiting her brother, Mr. C. P. Wells, and wife.

Miss Mattie Hays is visiting in Louisville.

Miss Lila Gore has returned from a visit to Mrs. Yager at Elizabethtown.

Mrs. Ben Black, of Taylorsville, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hardesty.

Mrs. W. V. Grant, of Shelbyville, is the guest of Mrs. Isaac McMakin.

FRANKLIN.

FRANKLIN, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. Lawrence Adams, of Cincinnati, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Vincent Lewis, returned home Wednesday.

Mrs. Mary E. Haggard, of Winchester, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Will M. Farlin.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Fletcher, of Clarksville, Tenn., were the guests of friends this week.

Mrs. R. N. Lawson, of Greenbrier, Tenn., is the guest of her father, Mr. H. G. Booker.

Mr. and Mrs. Miles Potter, of Richpond, were guests of Mrs. Charles F. Potter the first of the week.

Dr. and Mrs. J. G. Gray have returned from Colorado.

ASHLAND.

ASHLAND, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. W. A. Berry and daughter, Mrs. T. A. Young, Jr., called on Huntington friends Monday.

Miss Mary Holly, of Ansted, W. Va., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. H. McClurg.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Hord, of Greenup, have returned home after a visit with Mrs. Hord's mother, Mrs. Geiger.

Mrs. Carl Mace was a visitor in Ironton, O., this week the guest of Mrs. Kate Henry.

Mrs. Oscar Henthorne was "at home" to about 200 of her friends Friday afternoon.

Mr. James E. King and Miss Lula Belle Kitchen were married at the parsonage of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, Tuesday evening. Miss Kitchen is the daughter of Charles Kitchen. Mr. King is one of the most prominent young business men in Ashland. They left after the ceremony for Washington, New York and other Eastern points.

Miss Bertha McClelland spent Sunday in Ironton with the Misses Scott.

Miss Margaret Bertram has returned to her home in Vanceburg after a visit with relatives in Ashland.

Misses Belle and Anna Coles and Mrs. F. B. Moore are spending the week in Cincinnati.

The Misses Poage and Mrs. E. H. Townsend entertained with a reception Saturday afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Gunnell, of Catlettsburg, came down in their touring car Sunday and visited with Ashland friends.

Miss Emma Ball, of Columbus, O., has returned to her home after a visit with her aunt, Mrs. John Parks.

Mrs. Douglas Hughes, of Huntington, W. Va., is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Mary Tiernan, in Thirteenth street.

Mrs. J. H. McCleary is the guest of her sister, Mrs. McCoy, in Columbus, O.

Miss Pansy Argo, of Ironton, is the guest of Miss Goldie Jones this week.

Miss Angeline Smith is spending a few weeks in Louisville, where she took her mother for treatment at the Norton Infirmary.

Miss Julia Stevenson was a guest of Huntington friends this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Seaton, of Rush, were the guests of relatives here Monday.

PERRYVILLE.

PERRYVILLE, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. B. A. McGraw is visiting her son, Mr. J. M. McGraw, near Danville.

Miss Mary Hope Carpenter entertained the following women at a fudge party: Misses Sarah Mitchell, of Lexington; Mary and Elizabeth Bruce Hallie and Bessie Harbeson and Cagie Stevens.

Mrs. Andrew Gore and daughter, Mary, and Master Christopher May Bryant, of Harrodsburg, visited their relatives, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Guthrie.

Miss Givens Harmon entertained a number of her friends Saturday evening at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. B. Harmon, in the county.

The Misses Tarkington, of Parksville, were guests of Miss Sarah Mitchell.

TAYLORSVILLE.

TAYLORSVILLE, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. C. Scott Stratton and daughter, Miss Mary Scott Stratton, of Bloomfield, were guests this week of Miss Annie M. Anderson and of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Stratton.

Miss Grace King, of Normandy, is visiting her sister, Mrs. E. T. Holloway.

Mrs. Charles Grigsby and daughter have returned to Nokomis, Ill.

Mrs. George C. Hardesty, of Louisville, came Sunday to be a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Kern Hunter.

Miss Mary Hall Stone is in Louisville a guest of her aunt, Mrs. John C. Young.

Miss Grace Doncaster, of Wakefield, spent a part of the week in visiting Miss May Elder.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stone returned to Louisville after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Bourne.

Misses Lilly Ashe and Hallie Lilly were guests of Miss Mary Hall Stone this week.

Miss Enola Russell, of Colross, has gone to South Dakota.

Mrs. Hiram McCloskey, of Wakefield, is visiting relatives at West Point.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wakefield have as their guest Mrs. Ray Wakefield, of Americus, Ga.

Miss Nellie Roberts, who has been a guest of Dr. Willis and family, of Louisville, has returned to her home at Elk Creek.

LEITCHFIELD.

LEITCHFIELD, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Miss Lucile Gardner is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Ben Craddock, of Nolin.

Miss Gertrude Gentry has returned to Louisville after a visit to Mrs. James L. Dent.

Mrs. G. W. Long and daughters, Misses May and Vera, have gone to Louisville to spend the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Mauzey have been visiting relatives at Owensboro.

Mr. Lem T. Moorman and Miss Ruby Stone have returned from a visit to friends at Glendeane.

Misses Mattie and Kate Burtle have returned to Bowling Green.

Mrs. John E. Stone has returned from Louisville.

Mrs. Clarence Goodwin, of Elizabethtown, is visiting her mother, Mrs. H. C. Rogers, Sr.

Miss Mary Willis has gone to Hopkinsville to attend the Stone-Caudle wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. George Bailey, of Hartford, have been the guests of Dr. G. W. Armes and Mrs. Armes.

Mrs. C. M. Vertrees and Miss Bess English have returned to Cecilian after spending a few days with Mrs. Kitty Moore.

WEST POINT.

WEST POINT, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Applegate and Miss Minnie Applegate, of Kosmosdale, were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. Guy McClure.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Ridgeway, of Cloverport, have returned home after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Brashear.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Williams have returned from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Pickerel.

Miss Winnie Murnell has returned from a visit to friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Will C. White, of Kosmosdale, were recent guests of Mrs. Belle Sheets.

Mrs. Annie Burke and daughter, Miss Mayme, of Louisville, spent Sunday here, the guests of Mrs. J. M. Lynch.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Miller and children, of Louisville, have returned home after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Grable.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Bland have returned from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Cowley, of Irvington.

HENDERSON.

HENDERSON, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—The wedding of Miss Juliet Alves and Mr. Robert Johnston was solemnized Thursday morning at St. Paul's church.

Miss Rosalie Kleiderer and Mr. George J. Knietsch were married at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Kleiderer, Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

Mrs. George Givens and Miss Jo Eakins received Wednesday afternoon for Miss Helen Johnston.

Mrs. Charles McAhan and Mrs. Wesley Rutledge gave a miscellaneous shower Saturday evening for Miss Rosalie Kleiderer.

Miss Bessie Clay entertained the Library Club Monday afternoon.

Mrs. Nathan Lauchheim was hostess for the Whist Club Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Kleiderer gave a dinner Monday evening for the Kleiderer-Knietsch wedding party.

Mrs. Chapman Mason entertained the Literary Club Monday afternoon.

The Rev. J. A. Chandler and Mrs. Chandler were given a reception Tuesday evening by the congregation of the Methodist church.

The Misses Towles gave a linen shower Tuesday afternoon for Miss Juliet Alves.

The New Century Club was entertained Friday afternoon by Mrs. N. Powell Taylor.

Mr. and Mrs. Starling Thompson gave a dinner Thursday evening at their country place, "Tiptop," for Miss Susan Young, of Virginia.

The Woman's Club gave a very delightful reception at the clubrooms Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Mabel Meale, of Mt. Vernon, Ind., is the guest of Mrs. Stanley McCallister.

Miss Lottie Stith, of Hopkinsville, is visiting the Misses Williams.

MIDWAY.

MIDWAY, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Miss Leila Berryman, of Louisville, spent several days with her cousin, Miss Elsie Leavy, this week.

Mrs. E. Waring Wilson, of Philadelphia, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Steele.

Miss Tera Cassell has returned to Nicholasville after a visit to Mrs. John Withrow.

Miss Judith Boyer, of Pottsville, Pa., and Miss Miss Amy Brandeis, of Louisville, have returned to their respective homes after a visit to Miss Caroline Steele.

Misses Katherine and Agnes Welch and Miss Margaret Paynter have returned home after a few days' visit to Miss Katherine Shouse near Lexington.

Miss Louise Kasselman is visiting Mrs. Bassett Collins in Lexington.

Miss Mattie Hughes is at home after attending the fox hunt in Lawrenceburg this week.

Miss Carrie Lorrine Shropshire has returned to her home in Georgetown after a visit to Miss Leonora Winn.

Miss Nancy Cooper, who attended Miss Jessamine Barnett's houseparty in Versailles, has returned home.

Mrs. John M. Withrow entertained twelve of her friends at luncheon Friday in honor of Mrs. C. R. Richardson, who leaves in a short time for Louisville, where she will reside. The guests were: Mrs. C. R. Richardson, Mrs. John H. Cooper, Mrs. S. J. Anderson, Mrs. Ike Parrish, Mrs. E. L. Davis, Mrs. J. B. Moore, of Lexington; Misses Mary Sleet, Katie Rodgers, Elsie Leavy, Mayme Cogar and Tera Cassell, of Nicholasville.

OWENTON.

OWENTON, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Miss Opal Holbrook is in Louisville, the guest of Miss Mary Bettie Roberts.

Miss Martha Wolf, of New York, arrived for a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Wolf.

Miss Margaret Gayle entertained a few friends at bridge Wednesday evening.

Mrs. W. J. Humber has returned from a visit to relatives and friends in Louisville, Shelbyville, Frankfort and Waddy.

Mrs. Charles Holman entertained the Owenton Shakespeare Club in a very pleasant manner Wednesday evening. Delicious refreshments were served.

Miss Nannie Brown, of Warsaw, is the guest of Mrs. Walter Brown.

Mrs. Henry Glauber, of Carrollton, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Wilhoite, in this county.

Miss Opal Holbrook was hostess to the Young Ladies' Sewing Club Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Jake Morrow, of Lexington, are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. W. P. Swope delightfully entertained the Sewing Circle Wednesday afternoon.

Dr. A. P. Taylor and Mrs. Taylor, of Lexington, and Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Hunt, of Georgetown, were here this week, the guests of the family of Mr. B. F. Holbrook.

Miss Zula Chrisman entertained a dinner party Saturday evening.

WINCHESTER.

WINCHESTER, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. W. R. Dulaney, of Wichita, Kan., is visiting Miss Lizzie Taylor.

Mrs. A. T. Hillis, of Greencastle, Ind., has returned home after a visit here.

Mrs. J. B. Hampton, of Owingsville, is the guest of relatives in the city.

Mrs. Lucy Wooten has returned from a visit to Richmond.

Miss Ruth Scott, of Lexington, is the guest of Mrs. Leslie Scott.

Miss Lula Dulaney, of Kansas, is the guest of relatives here.

Miss Jane Gaitskill has returned from a visit to Mt. Sterling.

Miss Julia Graves has gone for an extended visit to New York and Boston.

Mrs. J. E. Grubbs is with friends in Eminence.

Miss Sallie Shearer, of Richmond, is visiting Mrs. Joyce Burgin.

Mrs. H. P. Carpenter, of Willmore, is the guest of friends here.

Mrs. J. E. Jouett, of Texas, will spend the winter in this city.

Mrs. Charles Finnell, of Lexington, is visting Mrs. Charles Attersall.

Miss Anne Duerson is with relatives at Mt. Sterling.

Miss Blanche Hanneman, of Lexington, is the guest of friends here.

SMITHS GROVE.

SMITHS GROVE, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. T. W. Cooper, of Brownsville, Tenn., is the guest of her niece, Mrs. T. D. Ewing.

Misses Anna Phillips and Gertrude Oldham, of Bowling Green, were guests of Miss Kate Phillips at the college this week.

Mrs. J. C. Thomas, of Barren county, who has been visiting friends here, left Wednesday for her home.

Miss Lois Bishop is visiting friends in Hays this week.

Miss Valley Poynter, of Glasgow, was the guest of Miss Fannie Witherspoon the first of the week.

Mr. Walker Marr, wife and children, of Kansas, are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. W. L. Martin and Mrs. June Richeson, of Bowling Green, were guests of J. M. Richeson and family this week.

Mrs. W. J. Wade left Wednesday for Metcalfe county to see her mother, who is quite ill.

Mrs. Susan Blackerby and Mrs. J. W. Dean, of Bowling Green, are guests of Mrs. J. A. Hendricks.

Miss Florence Wilson, of Cave City, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. W. Lawson.

Mrs. J. H. Brite and Mrs. N. O. Brite, of Bowling Green, were guests of Mrs. Harry Barner Sunday.

Mrs. L. M. Crosswaite, of Bowling Green, visited Mrs. Harry Barner this week.

HORSE CAVE.

HORSE CAVE, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Miss Marie Pitzer, who was the guest of Mrs. Louis Goodbub for six weeks, has returned to her home in Louisville.

Mrs. James S. Withers entertained the members of her club Friday afternoon.

Miss Stella Middleton, of Munfordville, and Miss Grace Larimore, of Rex, were guests of Miss Lizzie Martin a few days this week.

Miss Dixie Mansfield, of Rowletts, and Miss Ora Burks, of Hardyville, visited Mrs. John Altsheler this week.

Miss Donna Bullock and Judge W. A. Bullock have returned from Denver, where they visited Mr. John Bullock's family.

Miss Florence Edwards will entertain the Priscillas next Friday afternoon.

Miss Nellie Veluzat, of Seattle, Wash., is visiting relatives here.

CLOVERPORT.

CLOVERPORT, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. Roy Heyser, of Logan, W. Va., and Mrs. David Brainard Phelps were guests of honor at a pretty party given by Miss Lula Severs Tuesday afternoon.

Miss Margaret Burn delightfully entertained Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. John Babbage returned home from

(Continued On Tenth Page.)

MANY PLAYERS FOR LOCAL TEAM

Owner Grayson Arrives and Talks About Plans For Next Year.

OLSON'S BROTHER ON SECOND

Says Heine Peitz Will Have Full Charge of Men On and Off the Ball Field.

DATES WITH LEAGUE CLUBS.

WILLIAM GRAYSON, Jr., owner and president of the Louisville ball club, arrived here yesterday morning. He was all smiles when asked to tell about his plans regarding the local club. He was immensely pleased with the manner in which he was treated by the other baseball magnates at Memphis, where he attended the meeting of the National Association of Minor Leagues.

It was the first gathering of the kind that Mr. Grayson had attended, and in addition to being delighted with the reception he received he succeeded in making himself popular with those who were at the session. Although he is a newcomer in baseball politics his ability as a student of baseball matters was recognized when he was selected to serve on a committee for the purpose of revising the old agreement between the association of minor leagues and the major leagues, which expires in the fall of 1910.

Owner Grayson did not hesitate to say that he was very much delighted with the fact that he was placed on this committee. Questions which will arise and other matters relating to the new agreement will require tact and study in order to secure protection and other benefits for the life of the clubs comprising the minor leagues.

* * *

The head of the Louisville club spoke enthusiastically regarding the players he had already signed and other men he hoped to get soon. He was jubilant concerning the chances of the Colonels for next year. He is doing all he can to strengthen the team and will continue to do this until the team is ready to capture another banner.

Having signed Heine Peitz to a contract several weeks ago Grayson intends to give the veteran backstop complete charge of the team and does not expect to interfere in any way with the handling of the men. Grayson will do all in his power to surround Peitz with the best material money will secure. The owner of the Louisville club, since he became a magnate in the American Association, has succeeded in making connections with several of the leading magnates in both of the major organizations.

To date President Grayson has secured signatures to contracts from many of the Colonels who played on the team last year. Including those who have signed and on the reserved and suspended list there will be about forty-one or forty-two players to report here for spring practice, which will begin on March 15. It is likely that within the next three or four weeks an infielder and another catcher will be secured from one of the big league clubs.

The local magnate has succeeded in arranging dates for games with big league clubs before the regular season opens in 1910. On March 27, 28 and 29 the Athletics, in charge of Connie Mack, will play here. The American leaguers will be followed by the Chicago Nationals. The Cubs will engage the Colonels in four games, April 1, 2, 3 and 4. On April 7 and 8 the Boston Nationals will be the attraction at Eclipse Park, and on April 9 and 10 the St. Louis Browns, headed by Jack O'Connor, will play a series of two games. Efforts are being made to arrange dates with the Detroit Tigers to play here on April 11 and 12. This will bring the preliminary practice season almost to the opening day of the American Association season, which is likely to begin on April 15.

* * *

Frank Delehanty, who covered one of the outfield positions during most of the 1909 season, is the only player who has been sold, traded or released. Frank was disposed of to the Indianapolis club at a satisfactory figure. His usefulness as a player was marred by the fact that he had some unknown grievances and also that the weather here did not suit him. Delehanty is a good ballplayer and in all probability will give a good account of himself under Manager Carr. For the present the local owner does not intend to sell or release any of his players. Mr. Grayson said:

"I had a good time in Memphis and the men there treated me well. It was the first gathering of the kind I ever attended, and I am well pleased with the results. I met a good many owners of ball clubs, and I am confident that my stay in the Bluff City will prove fruitful. I met practically all of the leading men in the baseball world, and all of them promised to help me all they could in building up another winner for Louisville. I was, of course, much pleased with the fact that I was appointed on one of the most important committees in the national association. This committee is for the purpose of revising the old agreement and writing the new one which will be on a broader scale and prove more beneficial to the clubs in Class A and below. I was the only club owner of the American Association at the meeting in Memphis. However, several of the managers were there. These included Charley Carr, of Indianapolis; Mike Kelley, of St. Paul; John McCloskey, of Milwaukee; Secretary and Treasurer Bobby Quinn, of Columbus, and George Wild, secretary of the Toledo club.

* * *

"I expect to have about forty-two players to report here for spring practice on March 15. Had it not been for the fact that the California State League is now under the national agreement I would have several more players. I will have fourteen pitchers to begin with, not counting those who are on the suspended list. I will have three catchers. Heine Peitz, whom I have signed, in addition to doing his share of the backstop work, will have complete charge of the men on the field. I do not intend to interfere with him in any manner. I intend to place material at his disposal, and I will leave it to him to produce results. He did it last season and I am satisfied that he will do the same next year. I am confident that he will have a better team to start with, and I am almost sure that the Colonels will be in one of the first three positions from start to finish. Besides signing Peitz to a contract I have also secured the signatures of several other players who were with the team during the past season. The pitchers I have signed are Puttmann, Selby, Hogg, Decannière, Halla, Packard, Baker, Huber, Higginbotham, Burden, Rickter, Clayton, Roy Golden and Coakley. My infielders will be Salm, Tate, S. Olson, a brother to Emery; Goosetree, Soffel, Callahan, Moriarity and Sullivan. In the outfield I will have Woodruff, Dunleavy, Fenlon and Smoot. The other players I have secured but who are on the suspended list are Pitchers Muskimon, Lattimer, Jimmy Durham, Dunkle and Fielder Neal.

"There is no truth in the story regarding Jimmy Williams, who played second base for the St. Louis Browns, coming here. Emery Olson's brother and another man who I expect to get, as soon as I can get waivers on him, will be the candidates to cover the second sack. The only deal I have on now is for another catcher, which I hope to close in about thirty days.

* * *

"I believe I have arranged some good games for the Colonels for their preliminary practice season. The Philadelphia Athletics will be here for three games, the Cubs for four, then the Boston Nationals will come for two days and the St. Louis Browns will follow them for two days. I am trying now to secure dates with the Detroit Tigers to meet the locals on April 11 and 12. This will give the A. A. champions splendid practice until the season will start, which I believe will be on April 15. Delehanty is the only man I have sold and I don't expect to let any of the present men go. I am always on the lookout for material which will benefit the team. Whenever possible I intend to strengthen the club. Peitz will decide on what positions are to be filled by the players under him, and whenever there seems to be a weak spot I will do my best to bolster it up.

"I have bought a 125-foot steel pole on which I will fly the flag which the Colonels won this year. The pennant will be raised after the playing schedule for 1910 is decided on. I have not determined where the clubhouse will be located. I will see about it after the other improvements are finished. The chances are I will select a spot back of the left field bleachers. There is a big space behind this stand and it ought to be a splendid place for the members of the Louisville club to dress in.

"I intend to stay here for a few days looking after certain matters pertaining to the club. Then I will leave for St. Louis, where I will remain until after Thanksgiving day. After that I will go to New York City and attend the meeting of the National League, which I believe will be held on December 14. The chances are I will take Manager Peitz along. I will likely make Louisville my permanent home. Mrs. Grayson likes it very much here and I have formed a number of friends.

* * *

"In regard to Tom Chivington's candidacy for the presidency of the American Association, will say that I am certainly for him if he wants it. Personally, I don't want to lose him as general manager of the Louisville club, but if the other owners in this association select him to be the head of this league I will heartily lend my efforts in behalf of Chivington. It is difficult to say what chances Chivington or O'Brien or any other person has to become president for the next three years of this league. Heretofore it has always been the case that this was decided upon at almost the last moment at the gathering of baseball magnates of the American Association. I will say this much, however, that it is an opinion of mine that if Chivington is elected president he will fulfill the position in a most capable manner. I look for him to come back to-morrow from his vacation. He has been away for thirty days motor boating down the Mississippi River. He did not go the distance he figured on, as the trip, I understand, was too strenuous. Chivington has agreed to remain general manager of the Louisville Colonels for another season and I hope he will remain with me. However, if he gets the chance to be president of the A. A. he will not let the opportunity slip.

* * *

"I tried my utmost to secure the next meeting of the National Association for Louisville. I had the promises of many of the minor leaguers, and I would have succeeded had they decided to gather in a minor league city. As it was agreed to meet in a big league city Chicago was selected on account of being centrally located. I met several of the big league men at Memphis, but they did not care to say much about their affairs. When I asked them about Heydler's chances for presidency of the National League they refused to say anything. While at the Bluff City I was with the president of the Chicago Nationals, Charles W. Murphy, a great deal. And that reminds me that I had to laugh heartily when I read the story of the pool game I had with Murphy. The story was true. I did play several games of pool with Murphy at Cincinnati when I was there a short time ago. We had a lot of fun out of it and he asked me what we were to play for and I said, 'Let's play for Brown.' On each game he bet one or more of his players until I had won the whole team, as I beat him every game we played.

"As far as I know, and, in fact, I am almost positive, there will be no talk of any invasion of big league cities this year by the American Association. No one in our league is talking about expansion. The ground bought by Havenor, on which stands will be erected, will be used by the semi-professional teams in and around the Windy City. This plant is owned practically by Mr. Havenor and he purchased the property as an investment.

"I have a scout who lives in St. Louis who will look out for players in the Mound City and in that district. His name is Kulage and he owns the High Park team. He is in a position to secure for me several promising players. I have just received advice from Barney Dreyfuss, president of the Pittsburg ball club, that I will get Infielder Gus Soffel, who was drafted from the Wheeling team of the Central League, and Pitcher Roy Golden, who was secured in a like manner by the Pittsburg club from the Richmond, Ky., club of the Bluegrass League."

LOUISVILLE CLUB GETS PITTSBURG PLAYERS.

Pittsburg, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—The Pittsburg ball club to-day began weeding out its surplus players on the champion team. The first steps toward reducing the squad were taken when President Barney Dreyfuss closed a deal by the terms of which Second Baseman Gus Soffel and Pitcher Roy Golden are sold to the Louisville Club, of the American Association.

Soffel was drafted in the fall of 1908 from the Meriden club, of the Connecticut State League, and went with the Pirates on the training trip last spring, but was later sold to the Wheeling Club, of the Central League, and played throughout the season there. He was drafted from the Stogies this fall. Golden, who is a right-handed pitcher, was drafted this fall from the Richmond, Ky., club, of the Bluegrass League, and has never worn a Pirate uniform.

The Pittsburg club will also dispose of six or more players, according to inside information. A new pitcher, said to be one of the college sensations of last year, has been signed by Pittsburg, but President Dreyfuss refuses to make known his name at this time.

NOT HER FIRST PURCHASE.

(Kansas City Journal.)

This is a baby story they tell out at Beloit: A woman called at a dry goods store to look at some baby dresses. The clerk showed her a line valued at $5 each and talked volubly about "how proud" the mother ought to be over the baby. He suggested that possibly she might want a more expensive dress.

But the mother did not seem to "enthuse" a bit over the clerk's gush.

"How many children have you?" asked the clerk, cautiously.

"Oh, this is the eleventh," she replied, carefully scanning the price tags.

And out came a line of baby dresses with a more modest list of prices.

CRIMSON AND BLUE PICKED

Harvard Expected To Beat Dartmouth and Yale Princeton To-day.

RIVALS MEET NEXT SATURDAY.

Coach Lucas Sizes Up Great Eastern Elevens and Says Line-Up Is Not Decided On.

SOME OLD-STYLE FOOTBALL.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 12.—(Special.) Two battles on the gridiron are scheduled for New England to-morrow, and Harvard and Yale will meet next Saturday in the Harvard stadium, which is laid out on old Soldiers' field, bordering upon the banks of the historic Charles River, made famous by the poet, Longfellow. Harvard will defeat Dartmouth beyond the shadow of a doubt and Yale will defeat Princeton at New Haven.

Of the two games, the Yale-Princeton contest will prove the most interesting because of the many traditions in which both teams are the central figures. For Princeton, the shades of the Poe boys, John Dewitt, Doc Hildebrand, Phil King and good-natured big Bill Edwards, will help to boost the luck of the Tigers, while these same lads who have had their successful days will pull, in their minds, with their shades for a successful game. And, on the other hand, good old Frank Hinkey, of Yale, who played against Harvard at Springfield, with one ear hanging loose; Pudge Heffleflnger, Frank Butterworth, Tod Jones, Murphy, Flanders and a lot of other Yale stars, will be boosting for Old Eli and the Bulldog. But there is going to be no one-sided football game at New Haven to-morrow.

Yale must play without Kilpatrick's running mate on end, Long. Every effort has been made to get this man in shape, but his knee is out of kilter. If Vaughn, who replaces him is too weak, Head Coach Jones may make a try with Long, but it is doubtful.

The condition of the center of the line which has been worrying the coaches is somewhat improved. Cooney will be at center and while he is strong in that position he has nothing on either Bamman or Clark, the Princeton centers. The trouble with Cooney has been his inability to get the ball back to the quarters properly, but as Howe, Johnson and Corey are about as poor a trio of quarterbacks as Yale ever had, the fault probably lies with the quarters.

* * *

In the guard positions it is well nigh impossible to say who the Princeton coaches will start the game with, but of the three best men, McGregor, McCormack, Buckinham, Wohr or Waller, the latter two will probably start the game. Opposed to these men will be Andrews and Goebel, both of whom are heavier than the Princeton men. Of the other Princeton men, Grainger and Gill, on the ends, while not in the same class with Kilpatrick, of Yale, are as clever, as fast and as sure tacklers as Vaughn. McCrohan, of Princeton, who it was reported had broken training, will play at tackle against Hobbs. Behind the Princeton line Garrett, Bard, Woodle, Cunningham, Chrystie, Read and Dawson will be used.

The Yale back field will be made up of Philbin, Coy, Savage or Daly and possibly Murphy, while it is possible that all these men may be sent into the game. At quarter Howe will start in for Yale, and upon his work in this game depends his selection for quarter in the Harvard-Yale game a week hence.

Now many people look forward to an easy game for Yale, but right here let me tell you this Yale team is greatly overrated. The Eli undergraduates have gone crazy over the eleven, offering and giving odds of 3 to 1 that Yale defeats both Harvard and Princeton. Early in the year Princeton had the best material imaginable to make a winning team. The general public didn't know and doesn't know now that the Princetonians have been fighting among themselves all fall like a lot of kids and only decided to bury the hatchet after Lafayette handed them a 6-0 licking. Last Monday big Bill Edwards left his street-cleaning job at New York, went to Princeton and told the team and undergraduates a few things that have done them a heap of good, and as a result of this, after another shake-up in the team, Princeton is ready to go out on the gridiron with a team that will wake the Bulldog.

* * *

A word about Yale. Long, at end, is out of the game. That is settled. Coy has not played a real hard game of football this fall and the question arises, will he be able to stand a hard game of seventy minutes against Princeton? Remember, take Coy out and Yale has no decent punter. Are either Howe, Johnson or Corey clever enough to steer Yale through the Princeton shoals? Will Yale be able to keep Princeton outside of her twenty-five-yard line? These are important questions and unless Yale can answer each affirmatively she stands a show of being scored upon.

When I write Yale is overrated, I mean it, and this is why: Yale has met but one good team this season—West Point. There has been unity in her ranks. When she played Brown last week she met a tired, overtrained, bunged-up team—an eleven that had played Pennsylvania and Harvard, both games within eight days. She met, not the regular Brown team, but a lot of substitutes. In the first half Yale's regulars and subs scored but once; in the second half her regulars scored only three times, with fresh material, against a tired, down-and-out team. You collegians who want to bet on Yale, remember these facts—Yale has not met a team as good as Cornell, bum as she is, to date, but in Princeton she meets a team that tied Dartmouth, a team as strong as Pennsy, and don't let this overrating get you.

We all know Coy is a wonderful kicker, but he is no better than Cunningham. At drop-kicking he is not as sure as Cunningham, and in the past week, instead of coming on, Coy has slowed up in his work. Yale is stronger on ends; equal at tackle; a trifle better at guard and it's an even break at center. Behind the line, Princeton is 10 per cent. better at quarterback and Yale is about 25 per cent. better at half and fullback. True it is, I believe Yale, on account of her very heavy line and heavy backfield, will beat Princeton, but I look for Princeton, with Cunningham, to score. The game will be closely contested, the first half probably resulting in a tie, but it will be in the second half that the Blue will win the game, if it does at all.

* * *

The Harvard-Dartmouth game will be a repetition of the Yale-Princeton game. Harvard should score twice and keep Dartmouth from crossing the goal line. Both teams are in shape for a hard battle, Dartmouth having reached town this morning. The betting slightly favors the Crimson.

In getting a line on the Dartmouth team, throw out her work in the Princeton game. The Green had one fine time getting to that flag station in Jersey, and her experiences were enough to jam the patience of Job between the plates of a hydraulic press. The real Dartmouth team performs at the stadium to-morrow.

All of Coach Houghton's men are in shape for the fray. Gil Browne is ready to play on end; Capt. Fish's mate at tackle, McKay, is ready; Corbett at halfback, awaits the whistle; West is ready, despite his serious shoulder injury, and for the first time this year the Harvard team is ready to go forth to battle with a full regiment recruited to war-footing. Hanover comes here in the same condition.

In her games this year Dartmouth has shown a marked tendency to get her plays started slowly. Unless this has been overcome the Harvard line, stronger on defensive work, will break up Dartmouth's plays with ease. Dartmouth, on the offensive, will have to depend upon Marks for her line gains, and this is the man the Crimson must stop, for he is generally good for a five to ten-yard gain on each plunge. Farnuan, Needham, Elcock, Ingersoll and Lang are each strong in the line for Dartmouth, and as the Green coaches have been directing their efforts toward getting the team in shape, or at the zenith of its strength for the Harvard game, these linemen ought to put up the best game of the year at Cambridge.

* * *

At quarterback Dartmouth must use little Pishon, for if she uses Brady she won't stand a show of licking the Crimson. Brady made a mess of things at Princeton. He is twenty-eight pounds heavier than Pishon, who weighs but 132 pounds, but Pishon can drive the team like one Oldfield can drive a motorcar, and he never lets up, wining or losing. He is game to the core, uses his head and knows how to run the team.

Dartmouth's backs do not seem to be as strong as Yale's. Nevertheless, Marks is as good as Philbin at line plunging and end running. On the right side of the line Dartmouth has Capt. Tobin and Sherwin, who will be opposed by Capt. Fish and Fisher. The latter is the player who used up the negro guard in the Brown game after the negro had called Fisher a vile name.

Taking the Dartmouth team as a whole I do not believe it can compare favorably with the Crimson save in spots. As an eleven the Crimson shows up better at team work. In the center position, Needham is not as clever nor as fast on his feet as either Forster or Withington; in the guard's position Capt. Tobin has a little on Fisher, but what little there is is overshadowed by P. Withington's superiority over that of Elcock. On the ends, Gil Browne, L. Smith and Houston are far and away better than Daly and Bankart, while at quarterback O'Flaherty, of Harvard, with his ability to run back punts, is better than either Pishon or Brady.

* * *

In the back field Harvard has Minot at fullback against the wonderful Marks. The Crimson halfbacks, Corbett, P. D. Smith, Frothingham and the other fullback, Morrison, are a pretty nifty lot and some better than Dudley and Ryan. If Ingersoll is in shape he, too, will get into the game for Dartmouth, which will help out the Green a good deal.

Another man Houghton may use in the game is Hooper, of Chicago. This boy put up a beautiful game at guard against Cornell and is a clever man in getting down the field and on defensive work.

Dartmouth did not show her hand in the Princeton game, but of course will to-morrow. She will most likely play and stick to the open game, for she has a number of double passes that may fool the Crimson, as did Cornell's triple pass last week, and these plays, coming at unlooked for moments, generally gain a lot of ground. On the other hand, Harvard will most likely stick to old style football, with an occasional pass, and at that I look for the Crimson to defeat Dartmouth without very much difficulty.

CHARLES J. P. LUCAS.

PLAGUE OF BABOONS.

(Wide World Magazine.)

In many parts of Nigeria, and especially among the hill regions of the northern provinces, baboons are one of the greatest plagues to the farmer and a source of menace to property, and even to life. A protectorate officer, while engaged in business in a mountain village, was informed by the local queen that her people could not continue their farming, owing to the raids of baboons.

During the absence of the men, a few weeks previously, these beasts had actually come into the heart of the village and destroyed the crops. The natives are in constant dread of them, and continually fear for the safety of their children.

Sir William Wallace relates that he has seen droves of 50 to 100 of these animals, all in single file, and that lately he himself shot two enormous brutes who were grinning at him from the cliffs. They uttered a nerve-shattering and horrid bark.

They possess a regular system of defense, and always have signalers out to watch for the approach of a possible enemy. These scouts are always the biggest monkeys, and they signal by barks to their comrades when strangers are approaching.

Fast Time Made In the Atlanta Races

George Robertson Lowers the American Track Record For Fifty Miles---Lewis Strang Travels At Great Speed.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 12.—To-day's automobile races reached their climax when George H. Robertson, driving a sixty horsepower Fiat, lowered the American track record for fifty miles by :04:07. The previous record was held by John Aiken, who made the distance at Indianapolis in :44:21.2. Aiken, who drove a National in to-day's race, finishing second, and Stillman, who came in third in a Marmon, both bettered the Indianapolis mark. Aiken made the distance in :43:21:41 and Stillman in :43:30:56.

Eight cars started in the contest and five of them finished despite the record-breaking pace which was set. Lewis Strang, piloting his 200 horsepower Fiat, set a terrific pace in the first seventeen laps, but in the eighteenth as he was passing the judges' stand the tire of his rear right wheel exploded with a report like artillery. This compelled his withdrawal, as it was impossible with the special design of the car to make a quick replacement of tire. His time for the first ten miles was :07:18:33.

Strang traveled on an average of three seconds a mile faster than Robertson, on which basis it is figured that had he been able to remain in the race to the end he would have gone the fifty miles in four minutes under the time made by Robertson.

Asked after the race if he would make another attempt at this distance to-morrow, Strang declared that the explosion of his tire showed the wisdom of waiting until colder weather before starting after a new record.

Hugh Harding, driver of the Apperson "jack rabbit," had a hard time of it trying to keep out of the pocket made for him by the two Chalmers-Detroit drivers, Lorimer and Dingley. While on the twenty-seventh mile, with Lorimer to the left of him slightly in advance and Dingley close behind on the right, Harding made an attempt to escape from the pocket. Lorimer blew a tire, running against the fence and losing a wheel. Harding was about six feet behind when he also blew a tire, but managed to avoid running into his crippled rival. From the grandstand it looked as if there had been a collision and the ambulance was promptly rushed to the scene, where it was found that neither driver was injured.

A more serious accident occurred during the practice hour, when a specially designed and high-powered Pope-Toledo, valued at $25,000 was wrecked. H. J. Kilpatrick, the driver, and R. Church, his mechanician, were thrown 150 feet from their seats, but fell in a bedding of underbrush and escaped with slight injuries. The car was a total loss.

The blowing up of Strang's tire gave Robertson the lead at the end of the twentieth mile. He was followed by Aiken, Harding, Lorimer, Stillman, Dingley and Disbrow, the last named in a Rainier. After the accident to Harding and Lorimer Stillman occupied third place until he finished.

In his forty-second mile Aiken was compelled to replace a tire, and the spectators were treated to a swift exhibition by the men in the repair pit. The change was made in a minute and a half and the star driver of the National team was able to resume without losing his position as second in the race.

The weather to-day was warm and inviting and the largest crowd of the meeting witnessed the event.

MATT WINN TO GO TO MEXICO

Louisville Manager Pleased Over Outlook For Racing In the South.

HORSES GOING FROM LATONIA.

Jockeys Dugan, Martin, Garner, Taplin, Walsh, McGee and Others To Ride At New Track.

OTHER GOSSIP OF THE TURF.

MATT J. WINN, who is at the head of racing in Mexico, as well as general manager of the New Louisville Jockey Club, will leave for the South this morning. Mr. Winn will go direct to Juarez, Mex., where Lyman Davis is completing the handsome racing plant just across the river from El Paso, Tex.

Mr. Winn yesterday received a letter from Mr. Davis in which the latter urged that Mr. Winn come at once to Juarez. The meeting is scheduled to open December 1, but according to Mr. Davis' letter the plant will be completed on November 25, which will give the workmen five days in which to clean up and put the new track in splendid condition. The racing is scheduled to continue for 100 days and, according to Mr. Winn, the outlook is especially bright for the success of the sport.

"I have just returned from Latonia," said Mr. Winn last night, "and 157 horses will be shipped from the Milldale course to Juarez at the close of the Latonia meeting. Before I went to Latonia I was in the East, and more than 100 horses, which had been racing around New York, will be shipped to Mexico. Jockeys Dugan, Eddie Martin, Taplin, Garner, McGee, Walsh, in fact, all of the best riders, will go to Mexico and ride at the new course.

"I have just received word from Mexico that the President and 500 people will come from the Capital to Juarez for the opening. Three of the stewards of the Eastern Jockey Club will be in the stand. They are Phil Dwyer, Fred Gebhardt and Jack Follansbee, who is vice president of the new Mexican Jockey Club. James Butler, the owner of the Empire City track, in New York, will come down about Christmas with a party of his friends. Many of the most prominent bookmakers in the East told me that they would come to Juarez and cut in throughout the meeting, and from what I can understand, the coming season of racing at Juarez will prove successful beyond our fondest hopes."

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Racing stables that contemplate a season of racing at Jacksonville, Tampa and Juarez are busily engaged just now preparing for shipment, and some of them are already on the way to one or other of the tracks. Archie Zimmer and John Mayberry shared expense in a shipment that left for Jacksonville Thursday. Zimmer has in his string Turncoat, the Keene cast-off; Lord Baltimore, who began his racing season in the colors of the Newcastle Stable; Home Run, Rubia Granda, Top Notch and two yearlings. Not a very imposing array even for winter racing, but Zimmer has a way of making bad ones beat good ones occasionally, and his lot will doubtless pay feed bills. The Mayberry string consists of Golden Pearl and Earl's Court, while he also took along for Joe Maronne, St. Joseph, Frank Purcell, Hibernica and Pantoufle.

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Dave Woodford, who has so successfully handled the Beverwyck Stable string of Frank Nolan, is awaiting orders from headquarters. He has the horses fit and ready for a campaign in Florida, and should it be decided to make the trip, the Beverwyck silks will play an important part in the meeting. He breezed Michael Beck five furlongs in 1:06; Belleview, seven furlongs in 1:37; Quantico, a half in :53 2-5; Berkeley, five furlongs in 1:05 3-5; County Clerk, five furlongs in 1:07, and the handsome big sprinter, Sir John Johnson, stepped an easy half in :55. With such a string for winter racing the stable could not fail to be close to the top of the winning list at the end of the season.

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The H. L. Shaw string will ship from New York to Jacksonville to-day. The horses will be turned over to John Powers at the Florida track. Powers is still at Pimlico with the horses of Barney Schreiber that took part in the recent meeting of the Maryland Jockey Club, and they will be shipped from there to Jacksonville. In the string are Jack Atkin, Emperor William, Sager, Indian Maid and Top Note.

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J. A. Bennet has changed his plans for the winter and will not ship to Juarez, as he originally intended. It is probable that he will send Sandpiper, Waponoca and two yearlings to Jacksonville in the care of Frank Regan. At the recent sale Regan bought the 2-year-old Langenbeck and he has since added the 4-year-old gelding Ardri to his string.

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Jack Dowdell is another bound for the Jacksonville track. He will take the C. Harms string of De Kalb, Blue Pilot, Miss Herbert and Lord Strephon.

Virginia Polytechnic Wins.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Virginia Polytechnic Institute 17, George Washington University 8.

PLANS BIG FEAST.

BOARD OF TRADE ARRANGING A MONSTER BANQUET.

City Officers and Members of Legislature To Be Specially Invited Guests.

Under the auspices of the Louisville Board of Trade a social function will be held in Louisville within the next few months that bids fair to outshine the most memorable event arranged by the organization in many years past. It will be a grand banquet in Louisville for business men with the members of the Kentucky Legislature and the entire contingent of the new Democratic City Administration of Louisville as specially invited guests. At present only tentative plans have been formed for the big love feast, but it is expected that definite steps will be taken very soon.

Yesterday an announcement was made that the board of directors had the big celebration under consideration some time ago and that it is now in the hands of a committee of which Marion Taylor, a prominent member of the Board of Trade and local business man, is chairman. This committee will work out the details and report back to the directors at some future meeting.

James F. Buckner, Jr., the superintendent of the Louisville Board of Trade, said last evening he was not at liberty at this time to discuss the big event. He said that it now rests with a committee. Other members of the organization could not say whether the social will be held before or after the next meeting of the State Legislature at Frankfort in January.

THE BETTER HALF.

(New York Press.)

A man and a woman entered a Broadway car. Another man sprang up and motioned the woman to the seat. The man who was with the woman promptly took it.

"I gave that seat to the lady," said the other indignantly.

"Oh, that's all right," said the man in the seat. "She's my wife."

BIG TEAMS TAKE FINAL PRACTICE

Confidence Shown In Camps of Michigan and Pennsylvania Elevens.

YOST MAKES NO PREDICTION.

With Three Exceptions the Yale Players Are In Good Shape For Princeton Tigers.

CHICAGO AND CORNELL GAME.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 12.—Pennsylvania and Michigan meet in their fourth annual game on Franklin field to-morrow. Both elevens took their final work in the suburbs to-night. The Pennsylvania team is still at Winslow Junction, N. J., and will remain there until a few hours before the game. The Michigan eleven took light work at Wayne this afternoon and came into the city to-night.

There is unusual confidence in both camps. The Pennsylvanians feel that they have improved since the Lafayette game and are confident that with the aid of their home field they will win their fourth straight victory.

Coach Yost, of the Michigan eleven, refused to make any prediction about the game, but stated that he had confidence in his team to give Pennsylvania the hardest fight since the series started. The Michigan followers are relying considerably on the injuries to the Pennsylvania team to weaken the Quakers. It was announced to-night that Marks, the Pennsylvania rightend, probably would be out of the game on account of an injured hip. If he does not play his place will be taken by Large. Of the other men, Lamberton is in poor condition, while it is doubtful if Hutchinson will be able to play the entire contest.

There are more Michigan men on hand for this game than there were at the previous game when played here. The entire crew of the battleship Michigan, now at League Island, will attend the game in a body and cheer for the Westerners.

* * *

Yale Ready For Princeton.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 12.—Yale is ready for the game with Princeton to-morrow and with three exceptions, whose injuries are slight, the men are in perfect condition. Lillie's back is slightly lame, but he will start at right tackle. Philbin is suffering from toothache, and it is not decided whether he or Murphy will start at right half. Capt. Coy said to-day regarding his knee: "There is absolutely nothing the matter with my knee and I feel in fit condition for the game. The reason I limped on the field yesterday was because of a muscle bruise, which is all gone now."

* * *

Cornell Plays Chicago.

Ithaca, N. Y., Nov. 12.—Cornell plays Chicago to-morrow, the biggest game of the season at Ithaca. Crowds began pouring into the city to-day and tickets for 6,000 seats have already been sold. The Chicago team arrived in Geneva to-day and had secret practice this afternoon.

The two teams tied 6 to 6 last year. Cornell had light signal practice to-day, the last before the game.

Cornell coaches expect a victory, as the team has shown great improvement of late, and, with the exception of Capt. Tydeman and Hurlburt, at end, the men are in first-class condition.

Big Crowd At New Haven.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 12.—Confident of a victory, the vanguard of the Princeton army began to arrive on the late afternoon trains and to-night the streets and hotel lobbies were thronged.

Reports came from Farmington of the excellent physical condition of the Princeton team and to the effect that many weaknesses brought out in the game with Dartmouth a week ago have been overcome, but still there is a feeling that the team is weak in the backfield in the matter of kicking and catching of punts, Cunningham being the only man who has shown up well on these lines.

Madisonville Team Wins.

Madisonville, Ky., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—The Madisonville High School football team defeated the McLean College second team here to-day by the score of 6 to 0. The teams were pretty evenly matched and the game proved interesting from beginning to end. The visitors had the advantage in weight, but the local eleven showed better team work. Madisonville scored a touchdown in the first half on a spectacular sixty-yard run by Fullback Eastwood. Most of the playing was done in McLean territory.

Tie Score In the South.

Arkadelphia, Ark., Nov. 12.—The University of Mississippi and Henderson College football teams played a tie game here this afternoon, 12 to 12. Mississippi scored in the first nine minutes of play and had the oval within a few minutes of Henderson's line at the close of the half. In the second half, Agee, Henderson's quarterback, who starred, intercepted a forward pass and ran ninety yards for a touchdown. Mississippi scored again on line bucks and Agee ran sixty yards for a second touchdown.

Both Teams In Shape.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 12.—Special trains to-day brought down practically the entire college attendance of 1,300 men from Hanover for the game with Harvard to-morrow.

Coach Lilliard reported that every man was in good shape but Quarterback Pishon, who sprained a ligament in the Princeton game a week ago and cannot play.

All the Harvard men are in good condition and the regular Harvard first team, with one exception, will play.

Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 12.—The football championship of the West probably depends on the game here to-morrow between Minnesota and Wisconsin. Both teams have conquered all contestants thus far this year. Predictions favor Minnesota.

THE BIGGEST ZOOS.

(London Daily News.)

The best zoo in the world, alas, is not that of London, if we take as our criterion the number of inmates. London has only 2,972 animals, while Berlin has 3,149 and New York 4,034. We hasten to say that the result is not entirely due to protection. The climate of Berlin, though foreigners denounce it, is better for the purposes of a zoo than London's. And New York has the home market to draw upon. The animals of the American continent are countless. You can scarcely name a genus that is not represented, while there are a good many American animals that have no near relatives elsewhere. The very first marsupial discovered by Europe was the American opossum, and neither Europe, Asia nor Africa can produce an indigenous member of that order.

RAISES GIANT CORN.

(Coatesville, Pa., Special to the Philadelphia Press.)

B. C. Mitchel, who lives just outside the city, is proudly displaying some of the cornstalks he raised last summer. One stalk is fifteen feet one inch high, while a second is twelve feet three inches in height. The largest stalk had an ear of corn which contained about 1,100 kernels, while the shorter stalk had a single ear that contained about 900 kernels.

OLD TOM JONES WHISKEY.
A one-dollar value for seventy-five cents a quart. Five dollars a case. Express prepaid. Send for price list.
Simon N. Jones Co.
Second and Main. LOUISVILLE. Sole Distributers.

SIXTY CASES ARE DECIDED

National Board of Arbitration Concludes Its Labors At Memphis.

SEVERAL CLAIMS ALLOWED.

"Buck" Freeman's Application To Have His Case Against Minneapolis Reopened Refused.

CHATTANOOGA GETS THE FLAG.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 12.—The national board of arbitration concluded its work late to-day and adjourned to meet again in July in New York City, which meeting will principally be devoted to the important work of reclassifying the leagues. Nearly sixty cases were passed on by the board during the day, and a number of others on the calendar were referred to Secretary John J. Farrell for future decision.

The members of the board who remained over for the final sessions to-day were T. H. Murnane, New England League; J. H. O'Rourke, Connecticut League; D. M. Shively, Western Association; F. R. Carson, Central League, and Secretary Farrell. With the exception of Secretary Farrell the members of the board left for their homes to-night. Secretary Farrell goes to Little Rock to-morrow to meet President Kavanaugh, of the Southern League.

The most important question decided by the national board at its session in Memphis was the admission of the California State League to the ranks of organized baseball. The question involved the ownership of a hundred or more players and carried with it the payment of several thousand dollars. At the closing session of the national board the following cases were decided:

The claim of J. G. Murray against St. Paul, amounting to $311, was allowed.

Ed Williams was awarded to Marion, O.

The claim of R. W. Gilbert against Peoria, Ill., was allowed.

The claim of A. A. Johnson against Wellington, Kan., was allowed.

The claim of Fort Wayne, Ind., against Trenton, N. J., was allowed.

The claim of P. H. Larue against Columbus, O., was disallowed.

Player C. J. Holloman's draft price of $300 was allowed to Fayetteville, S. C.

The claim of J. R. Crozier against Raleigh, N. C., was allowed.

The draft of Player Rapp from Oklahoma City by Portland, Ore., was allowed, the counterclaim of Kansas City for Player Rapp being disallowed.

The claim of Bridgeport, Conn., against Goldsboro, N. C., was allowed.

The application of Player "Buck" Freeman to have his case against Minneapolis reopened was tabled.

The application of the Cactus League of Texas, with headquarters at El Paso, Tex., was favorably acted upon. Secretary Farrell will later take up the work of arranging the schedule.

The claim of Spokane against St. Paul, relative to Player Loughlin, was allowed.

The contest between Charlotte, N. C., and Waco, Tex., relative to the draft price of Player Garman, amounting to $300, was decided in favor of the Charlotte club.

One of the most important cases passed upon by the board was the appeal of the Augusta, Ga., club to the award of the 1909 pennant in the South Atlantic League race to Chattanooga, Tenn. The award of the pennant to Chattanooga was upheld by the board.

The following other cases were decided:

The claim of Bloomington and Toledo for $700 due on Player Steen was reported adjusted and was stricken from the calendar.

The claim of Dallas, Tex., against St. Paul for transportation furnished players was allowed.

The claim of Springfield against Muskogee for $500 was referred to President Shively for adjustment and collection.

The petition of Johnstown, Pa., to enforce the sale of Player Wilkes, by Lowell, Mass., to Johnstown, was allowed.

Application of Player Odell for reinstatement was granted on payment of a fine of $100.

Players Yale, Miller, Sherwood and Odell were fined $10 each for invading protected territory and were warned that a second offense would merit a fine of $50 each.

Player H. Tracey was awarded to the California State League.

Player Ed Cermack, alias Ed Ward, was fined $50 for playing under an assumed name.

Pennsylvania is to have a new State League, as at its session to-day the national board favorably considered the application of J. J. Bower, of Bellefonte, Pa. The application was referred to Secretary Farrell for further action.

The claim of Dow Vandine against Winchester, Ky., was allowed.

Player Clarence Potts was awarded to Omaha, Neb.

The claim of Player Servatius against Youngstown, O., for half of the sales price, as agreed upon, was allowed. A fine of $50 upon Servatius for insubordination and failing to report, imposed by the club, was sustained, leaving a balance of $50 due the player.

The claim of Player Connie Welsh against Peoria, Ill., was allowed upon presentation of the agreement between club and player.

The claim of Player J. Wagner against Galesburg, Ill., was disallowed unless the written agreement is produced before the board.

L. Mason was awarded to Lincoln, Neb., and Mason's claim of $44.60 against the club was allowed.

Players Slapnicka and D. D. Lewis were awarded to Newton, Kan. The former was claimed by Hannibal, Mo., and the latter by Paragould, Ark.

The claim of Player Joe Schrall against Marion, O., was disallowed.

POPE AS A WITNESS.

(London Chronicle.)

Pope, like Garrick, made but a poor figure in the witness box. He was cited to appear in defense of Bishop Attelbury when that prelate was tried for high treason in the House of Lords in 1723. "I never could speak in public," he told Spence afterward, "and I don't believe that, if it was a set thing, I could give an account of any story to twelve friends together, though I could tell it to any three of them with a great deal of pleasure. When I was to appear for the Bishop of Rochester in his trial, though I had but ten words to say, and that on a plain point (how the bishop spent his time when I was with him at Bromley), I made two or three blunders in it; and that notwithstanding the first row of lords (which was all I could see) were mostly of my acquaintance."

JOB FOR THE SEER.

(Boston Globe.)

Visitor—Can you read the past?

Fortune Teller—Certainly. That's my business.

"Then I wish you'd tell me what it was my wife told me to get for her!"

KNOW WHAT YOU GET
Don't take everything that's offered from Tom, Dick and Harry's mail order house. GET THE BEST.
BUY OLD
McKenna Whiskey
It's only sold straight and pure. We mail no circulars, so send for our price list.
Henry Bosquet's
OLD BLUE HOUSE
131 S. 4th Ave. Louisville, Ky.



Plastering your building will not be delayed on account of freezing weather if you use Diamond Wall Plaster and keep it from freezing three hours. Can apply it one day and finish it the next. Manufactured by
Kentucky Wall Plaster Co.,
(Incorporated.)
TELEPHONE 2267.
BROOK AND RIVER.
LOUISVILLE, KY.

FINE BATTLE IS EXPECTED

High School and K. M. I. Teams On Edge For To-day's Game.

DOPE ON THE PAST CONTESTS.

How the Reds, the Purple and New Albany Teams Size Up With the Soldier Boys.

VICTORY IS MUCH IN DOUBT.

THERE are many important football games to be played in this country to-day, but none more interesting in the estimation of the local fans than the big battle which begins at 2:30 o'clock p. m. at Brook and Breckinridge streets.

The best available dope on to-day's game reads as follows: Manual 0, K. M. I. 0; Manual 0, New Albany 0; High School 9, New Albany 0.

This seems to indicate that High School should defeat K. M. I. by one touchdown, but many feel that New Albany was not at its best against High School, and others believe that K. M. I. could have beaten Manual under different conditions. It is pointed out that the Purple team was in better shape against New Albany than it has been since.

If these things are true, that one touchdown apparent advantage over the Soldiers more than disappears, and it is anybody's game. Even the more sanguine supporters of the High School eleven are now looking at it in this light, and they would be satisfied with a one-point victory. The line-up follows:

H. School	Positions	K. M. I.
Roth	Right end	McDonald
Schange	Right tackle	Talbot
*Hardin	Right guard	Staebler
Gray	Center	Hughes
Feeley	Left guard	Gaither
Simpson	Left tackle	Headstrom
Green	Left end	Crawley
Rubel	Quarterback	Cowle
Abbett	Right halfback	DeKlyne
Cumnock	Left halfback	Brand
Drevenstedt	Fullback	*Bullington

*Captain.

RATTLESNAKE RANCH.

(Galveston Dispatch to New York Herald.)

A rattlesnake ranch does not seem a particularly inviting sort of estate, but F. B. Anthony, of Brownsville, Texas, has made a small fortune out of his.

The rattlesnake ranch—everything is a ranch in Texas—is a tract of land surrounded by a high fence of boards. There are no doorways of any kind, entrance being effected by means of ladders over the top.

Inside the space is divided into three inclosures for the safety and comfort of the snakes, some species of which are deadly enemies to others. Brush and dried grass afford hiding places and shade.

In these pens and boxes in which the snakes are shipped hundreds of snakes, many of them monsters in size, are kept in stock. The snakes are captured by Mexicans all over Texas, Mexico, Arizona, and other States and Territories, and are sent in with the certainty of sale, for Mr. Anthony always has a market for them. The Mexican snake-hunter punches the snake with a stick until the infuriated reptile coils to strike, meantime keeping up a rattle, which sounds like a clock running down. A loop of leather attached to the top of a stick is then deftly dropped over the snake's head, and from that time rattle it ever so fiercely it is a helpless captive.

All tales of the distance to which a rattler can leap to the contrary notwithstanding, it cannot leap at all or strike beyond half its length, and if a third of it is off the ground it can neither coil nor strike. Its captor next drags it ignominiously to camp, where it is handled with an immense pair of wooden tongs.

It takes a strong man to negotiate an enraged rattler when fully aroused and writhing with its immense power of muscle, for the creatures weigh many pounds and are from six to nine feet long. The snake is next put into a box with a sliding lid. This lid is carefully drawn back until the snake protrudes his head, and is then shot forward so as to clinch the neck behind the head. The snake is then helpless to strike.

IN THE NOTABLE BIG FOUR FINANCIAL SCANDAL.



CHARLES L. WARRINER, Charged with shortage of $643,000 from the Big Four Treasury in Cincinnati.



HOME OF C. L. WARRINER AT WYOMING, O.



MRS. JEANETTE STEWART, Who figures in the Warriner case. (Picture from a life drawing.)

SOCIETY IN KENTUCKY.

(Continued From Eighth Page.)

Louisville last night after a week's visit to Mrs. David Fairleigh.

Miss Jennie Warfield has gone to Louisville to spend the winter.

Miss Bernice Roff is visiting in Tobinsport.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Barnes have returned to their home in Hardinsburg after a visit to relatives in Hodgenville.

OWENSBORO.

OWENSBORO, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—The Married Ladies' Beading Club met with Mrs. J. A. Deane Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. E. H. Clarke and son, Mr. Edward Clarke, went to Louisville Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Reinhardt left Monday for Louisville.

Mrs. Bessie Lee left Wednesday for Henderson, where she will spend several days.

Mrs. R. L. Ingram returned to her home in Evansville after a short visit in Owensboro.

Mrs. E. L. Kincheloe left Tuesday for her home in St. Louis after spending several days visiting in Owensboro.

Mr. and Mrs. William Scott have returned from Bowling Green, where they spent several days.

Miss Ida Vickers arrived Wednesday to visit her brother, Mr. Ray Vickers.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Thomas arrived in Owensboro Tuesday.

Mesdames James H. Johnson and O. L. Winstead arrived in Owensboro from Central City Wednesday.

Mrs. D. L. Kinkead and daughter, Miss Margaret, returned to their home in Columbus, O., after a visit to Mrs. William P. Lucus.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Deane returned from Louisville Tuesday.

Mrs. William Kerrick has returned to her home in Henderson.

Miss Janie Carroll returned Wednesday to her home in South Carrollton.

Mrs. K. P. Lewis, of Indianapolis, is the guest of Mrs. E. M. Buckner.

GEORGETOWN.

GEORGETOWN, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. Leonard Bradley is spending several weeks with relatives in Lexington.

Mrs. W. O. Cochrane entertained the Ladies' Missionary Society of the Presbyterian church Monday afternoon. Mrs. Jessie Bradley had charge of the programme.

Mrs. Howard Robinson has gone to Philadelphia for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Shane, who have been visiting Mrs. Isaac Marks, returned to their home in Cincinnati Sunday.

Mrs. Frank Tullidge and Miss Estelle, of Clifton, Cincinnati, are the guests of Mrs. Frank Tullidge, Jr.

Judge J. Y. Kelly, accompanied by Mrs. Kelly and Miss Elina Kelly, is home from a trip to Harrodsburg.

Mrs. Margarey Tandey has been visiting Mrs. J. M. Ford, returning to her home in Ghent.

Mrs. W. S. Darnaby has returned from a visit near Versailles.

Mrs. S. T. Smith has been visiting in Nicholasville.

Mrs. N. Minnie Crutcher is convalescent after a lingering illness.

Miss Nelle Prewitt has as her guest Miss Lois Hanna, of Lexington.

HICKMAN.

HICKMAN, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—The members of the Embroidery Club were entertained Friday afternoon from 3 to 5 at the home of Mrs. T. T. Swayne.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus Moore, Mr. and Mrs. John Moore and children, Miss Carrie Ramage, Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Powell and Ernest Johnson returned Saturday from a week's outing on Reelfoot Lake.

Miss Bettie DeBow has returned from a pleasant visit to Mrs. Porter Weeks and other friends in Fulton, Ky.

Mrs. J. M. Reid returned Sunday evening from a ten days' visit to Mrs. John Cassity at Nashville.

Miss Myrtle Walker has returned from a visit to friends and relatives in Louisville.

Miss Ruth Dayle has returned to Murray, Ky., after a visit to Mrs. Edgar Naylor.

Miss Lerline Reed has returned to Fulton after a visit to Miss Mayme Naylor.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Henry have returned to New Madrid, Mo., after a short visit to Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Reeves.

Mrs. S. Adams, of Tiptonville, Tenn., is the guest of Miss Hattie Carpenter and other friends here.

Mrs. S. M. Hubbard left Tuesday for Nashville.

Mr. and Mrs. Murley Roper and children, of Woodland, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Brown.

Misses Annie Lee Brown and Mary Tempa Burnett spent a few days at State Line this week visiting Mrs. Arthur Roper.

PRINCETON.

PRINCETON, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Miss Grace Brown left Sunday for a visit in Evansville.

Miss Corinne Catlett, of Eddyville, is the guest of Miss Mary Powell.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Williams, of Henderson, are the guests of Mr. C. T. Martin and family.

Miss Dorothy Ratliff visited her sister, Mrs. Will Rice, in Fredonia this week.

Mrs. Hugh Mayes spent several days in Eddyville this week.

Mrs. Tom Young returned Monday from a visit to relatives in Chicago.

Mrs. John Orr was hostess of the Gradatim Club Friday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lyon, after a pleasant visit to Mrs. M. R. Kevil, left Sunday for their home at Annapolis, Md.

Mrs. J. J. Bennett is visiting her parents in Centralia, Ill.

Mrs. Jessie Taylor is visiting in Paducah.

Mrs. J. H. Eaker left Monday for a visit in Paducah.

Mrs. Barton, of Sand Point, Idaho, is the guest of Mr. L. G. Cox and family.

Miss Sallie Bond left Thursday for a visit to her sister, Mrs. Gus Taylor, in Marion, Ky.

Mrs. Anna Wing left Thursday for a visit in Hopkinsville.

Miss Jessie Manning, of St. Louis, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. B. Thomas, at Hotel Henrietta.

LOUISA.

LOUISA, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. H. A. Wood and daughter, Dorothy, of Buffalo, N. Y., are guests of her parents, Col. Jay H. Northup and Mrs. Northup.

Miss Victoria Garred is visiting relatives in Huntington, W. Va.

Mrs. G. R. Vinson has returned from a visit in Huntington, W. Va.

Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Johnson, of Willow, Ky.; Dr. Huff and Mrs. Huff, of Cuyahoga Falls, O., and Mrs. Arnold, of Columbus, O., were guests of R. T. Burns and family the first of the week.

Miss Lucy Holderby and Miss Louise Stewart has returned to Huntington after a visit to Mrs. A. M. Campbell.

Miss Willie Frazier gave a stocking shower Tuesday evening for Miss Lelia Burgess Snyder, who is to be married November 17 to Mr. Jackson Litton Richmond.

Mrs. Kate R. Freese, of Terrace Park, O., is the guest of Mrs. G. W. Wroten.

Miss Mary Moore, of Catlettsburg, is the guest of Mrs. F. T. D. Wallace, Jr.

Miss Louise Bronaugh, of Nicholasville; Mrs. B. F. Thomas and Miss Heloise Thomas, of Cincinnati; Miss Hallie Richmond, of Virginia, and Mrs. J. A. Hughes, of Huntington, W. Va., will arrive Saturday to be guests of Miss Lelia Snyder.

Mr. and Mrs. Jackson Fagg and daughter visited in Huntington recently.

The Flinch Club was entertained Thursday afternoon by Mrs. G. W. Wroten.

CARROLLTON.

CARROLLTON, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mr. and Mrs. James Easterday are in Cincinnati for a week's stay.

Mrs. John J. Cox is home from a Louisville trip.

Mrs. Pat Leitch is in Vevay visiting Mrs. Fred Haskell.

Miss Katherine Fisher is in Louisville for a week's visit.

Gideon Wood and wife have returned from a two months' tour of the West.

H. J. Marrs and family, of Frankfort, have removed to Carrollton.

Mrs. Frank Sebree is in Louisville for a fortnight's visit.

The Misses Coombs, of Glasgow, are with Carrollton relatives.

Mrs. William Ellsworth Fisher is spending the week in Cincinnati.

Marion Winters and family, of Warsaw, have been visiting Mrs. John R. Losey.

Miss Mary King is spending a few days in the Falls City.

EMINENCE.

EMINENCE, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. John Kese, of Winchester, came Thursday to visit Mrs. George Campbell Turner on College avenue.

Mrs. Sloane, of California, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. James Crawford, near town.

Miss Virginia Calloway is visiting Miss Berta Bryant at Lexington.

Mrs. Thomas Preston Middleton and little Miss Sarah Middleton have returned from a visit to relatives in Louisville.

Mrs. Black and daughter, of Shelbyville, were week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Caldwell.

Mrs. Annie M. Morgan is visiting in Louisville.

Mrs. Ernest Burton entertained Tuesday for Mrs. Mary Calloway, of Shelbyville.

Mrs. John C. Freeman, of Lexington and Paris, has concluded her visit to Mr. and Mrs. William King and is visiting her sister, Mrs. Shelby Martin, at Sulphur.

Mrs. Jenkins and Mrs. Clifford, guests of Mrs. Ross McGinnis this week, have returned to Louisville.

NEW HAVEN.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. J. Ekro Rapier and children visited Mrs. Julia Stoker at Bardstown this week.

Miss Mabel Hogan spent the week-end with her cousin, Miss Amy Hogan, of Louisville.

Mr. Robert Thompson and Misses Leona Rapier and Fannie Thompson spent a day in Bardstown this week.

Mr. Frank Bowling and Misses Josephine Bowling and Camilla Rapier were at New Hope Sunday.

Miss Mary Norris, of Howardstown, is the guest of Miss Allie Tennelly.

Mrs. Annie Brown and children, of New Hope, are visiting her sister, Mrs. W. R. Greenwell.

Miss Lillian McCauley, of Raywick, is visiting Miss Rebecca Nevitt.

Mr. Bernard Bowling and Misses Fannie Thompson and Leona Rapier spent Sunday in Hodgenville.

Mrs. Ben Holt has returned to her home at Millers Springs.

GLASGOW.

GLASGOW, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. H. C. Trigg went to Louisville Wednesday to see her daughter, Dr. L. B. Trigg, who sails for Berlin in a few days.

Mrs. C. U. McElroy, of Bowling Green, has returned to her home.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hutchinson will entertain the Epworth League of the M. E. church at their pretty suburban home this evening.

Mrs. Harris, of Oakland, who has been the guest of Mrs. D. B. Strange, has returned home.

Little Miss Dorothy Dickinson entertained her young friends Friday evening.

The young men gave a dance at the Blue Ribbon rink Monday evening.

The Ladies' Matinee Musical met Monday afternoon in the Masonic building. Mrs. Charles Finley Leroy was hostess.

Miss Hilda Leibing is the guest of Misses Charlotta and Caroline Bohannon.

Mrs. Ed Lyons, who has been the guest of Mrs. Rice Ballard Trigg, has returned to her home in Augusta, Ga.

The Young Women's Sewing Club met with Miss Linda Paul Wednesday afternoon.

STURGIS.

STURGIS, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Miss Bessie Hedges entertained the "42" Club Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. B. F. Humphrey was hostess to the "500" Club Thursday night.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Riker, of Paducah, were guests of Dr. B. F. Humphrey and Mrs. Humphrey from Monday until Wednesday of this week.

Mrs. C. H. Wilson visited Mrs. Dan Fairchilds in Evansville Thursday and Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Winston and Miss Margaret King attended the funeral of their uncle, Herbert King, at Corydon Sunday.

Mrs. John Onan, of Morganfield, and guests, Mrs. Alphonso Wilson and Miss Morris, of Obion, Tenn., were guests of Miss Martha Onan Monday.

Miss Viola Hopgood, of Morganfield, was the guest of Miss Tommie Hopgood the first of the week.

Mrs. C. H. Wilson entertained at dinner last Friday.

Mrs. W. B. Goad entertained with dinner Friday, complimentary to her aunt, Mrs. Amanda Drake, of Morganfield, who is her guest.

CYNTHIANA.

CYNTHIANA, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. D. L. Cobb entertained with a luncheon-euchre Thursday.

Judge J. I. Blanton has returned from a visit to relatives at Paris and Richmond.

The Wednesday Club will meet with Miss Evelyn Dickey next Wednesday.

Mrs. F. W. Fletcher, of Lexington, is the guest of Mrs. D. L. Cobb.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence J. Rouse returned from their bridal trip South Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Terry, of Los Angeles, Cal., are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. J. W. Cromwell and Mrs. J. M. Cromwell, of this city, and Mrs. D. B. Berry, of Lexington, were guests of Mrs. John D. Berry at Berry Saturday.

Judge Chandler and wife, of Mt. Olivet, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Wallingford.

The ladies of the Christian church had an all-day meeting at the church Wednesday to sew for the children in the Orphans' Home in Louisville.

Mrs. M. M. Givens has gone to Martinsville, Ind., for her health.

LAWRENCEBURG.

LAWRENCEBURG, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. C. F. Huff, of Hot Springs, Ark., is spending the week with Mrs. J. M. Johnson.

Mrs. S. L. Woolridge, of Versailles; Miss Mattie Hughes, of Midway; Miss Mary Lear, of Richmond; Miss Marion Mulligan, of Lexington; Mrs. George Hess, of St. Paul, Ind., and Mrs. Perkins, of Omaha, Neb., attended the National Fox Hunters' meet here this week.

Misses Evelyn Grey and Agnes McKee, of Versailles, have been the guests of Miss Ida Dowling.

CARLISLE.

CARLISLE, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mr. and Mrs. John Fishback and Mrs. Lydia Smathers, who have been visiting in Lebanon, Ind., for several weeks, have returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Blount, of Larned, Kan., have returned home.

Mrs. G. E. Smith, of Indianapolis, who has been visiting here for several days, has returned home.

Miss Laura McIlvain, who has been visiting in Fayette county, Ohio, has returned home.

Misses Louise and Mary Donnell Potts have returned home after visiting in Cincinnati.

Mrs. Bayless Duncan, of Baltimore, Md., has been here several days visiting relatives.

Mrs. John D. Allen, who has been visiting in Dayton, O., has returned.

Mrs. Andrew Curtis, of Piqua, O., is here visiting her mother, Mrs. Mary G. Harris.

Mr. and Mrs. George Barr have gone to Oklahoma to reside.

Mrs. C. C. Ratliff visited in Cincinnati several days.

Mrs. Raymond Blatchley, of Champaign, Ill., visited here this week.

GREENVILLE.

GREENVILLE, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Miss Jennie Eaves, of Sacramento, was the guest of Mrs. E. J. Puryear, Hopkinsville street.

Mrs. John A. Williams left Wednesday to visit her daughter, Mrs. J. T. Pendleton, of Lexington.

Mrs. Jake Gardner left Friday for her home at Indianapolis after a stay of several months with her brother, Mr. Eugene Miller.

Dr. J. W. Koontz and Mrs. Koontz are in St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Mayhew returned Monday from a visit to relatives in Butler county.

MARION.

MARION, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. Gus Taylor and little daughter, Marie, spent last week with Mrs. Frank Taylor at Salem.

Mrs. Charles Moorehead, of Princeton, spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Gus Taylor.

Misses Maude Hueley and Gustava Haynes spent Sunday with Miss Katie Stephenson at her home near Caldwell Springs.

Miss Addie Jasper returned Friday from Bloomfield.

Miss Bertha Forte, of Cadiz, spent the first of the week with her cousins, Misses Irbelle and Willie Carloss.

Mrs. George Roberts and daughter, Evelyn, spent a few days last week with Mrs. Wyatt, of Fredonia.

Mrs. F. M. Durham and little daughter, Lois, left Wednesday for their new home at Nebo, Ky.

Miss Lelia Carter, of Levias, is the guest of friends in this city.

Mrs. Lucy Davidson, of Union, is spending the week with her son, Mr. T. G. Davidson, and family.

MANY CONTESTANTS FOR W. C. T. U. GOLD MEDAL.

The departmental gold medal contests of the Kentucky Womans' Christian Temperance Union were held last night before a large and enthusiastic audience at the Third Christian church under the auspices of the State superintendent, Mrs. Florence Loomis. The medal was sharply contested for by the following speakers: Harrol Neal, "Our Future;" Roy L. Rice, "Blunders;" Miss Ellen Bean, "The Defense of the Alamo," and Miss Lillie Neal, "The Result of Treating." The medal was awarded to Miss Lucille Genolvy, who very sympathetically interpreted "The Convict's Soliloquy." Little Ruth Hudgins captivated the audience with a pretty little solo entitled "Don't Wake the Baby."

Hueston Pool Champion.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 12.—Thomas A. Hueston, of St. Louis, for a third time became the champion pool player of the world when he defeated John G. Kling in the fourth and final block of an 800-ball match here to-night. The score to-night was 197 to 179. The total score for the series stood: Hueston 800, Kling, 653. Kling won the championship from Charles (Cowboy) Weston five weeks ago.

Sentenced To Twelve Years.

New Orleans, Nov. 12.—Wyatt H. Ingram, defaulting trust officer of the Hibernia Bank and Trust Company, was to-day sentenced to serve twelve years in the penitentiary. Ingram's shortage amounted to about $100,000. He came to New Orleans about ten years ago from Henderson, Ky.

A CHANGE.

(Chicago Post.)

"The new dresses," says the fond wife, "will be different from the ones women have worn."

"Yes?" asks the brutal husband.

"Yes. They will not button up the back."

"That's good. That's the most sensible style I've ever—"

"They'll hook up the back instead."

BIG FOUR OFFICIALS APPOINT NEW CASHIER

C. R. BURKE TAKES PLACE OF HARRY MAURER.

WARRINER BROKEN IN SPIRIT AND PHYSICAL WRECK.

NO FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 12.—One change was made to-day in the personnel of the local staff of the Big Four railroad as a result of the discovery of the $643,000 shortage in the accounts of Charles L. Warriner, former treasurer. Harry Maurer, cashier under Warriner, was superseded by C. R. Burke, of Cleveland.

Mr. Maurer has been given a subordinate office. His successor as cashier worked for the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railroad in Cleveland, and was transferred here by orders from New York. The change was made in the face of repeated denials by local officials that any such action was contemplated and is believed to be the forerunner of a further reorganization which will affect other members of the treasurer's office.

Broken in health and spirits and almost a physical wreck is the condition of Charles L. Warriner, deposed local treasurer, charged with the shortage of $643,000 in his account with the Big Four railroad, according to the statements of friends of the Warriner family to-day.

For several days following the exposure of the shortage Warriner held up, and to all outward appearances was not affected by it. Early this week, however, it is stated that the former treasurer began showing signs of breaking down under the mental and nervous strain, and on last Tuesday a physician was called. The latter has since made frequent visits to the Warriner home. It is denied by members of the family, however, that Warriner's condition is serious.

At the offices of the Big Four Railroad Company in this city the belief was expressed to-day that there will be no more important developments in the big defalcation so far as the Cincinnati officials are concerned, and that its sequels will hereafter come from the general offices of the New York Central system in New York.

The transcript of the proceedings in Justice Muller's court, under which Warriner was held in $20,000 bail, has been copied preparatory to its presentation to the next grand jury, which will convene Monday, November 22.

INVESTED $100,000.

Warriner Put That Amount Into Mutual Mining Company's Plant.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov 12.—(Special.)—A letter received here to-day states positively that the Mutual Mining Company, located on the F. and C. railroad, just above Switzer, was the Frankfort concern in which Charles L. Warriner, of the Big Four railroad, had invested $100,000. This mining company has kept all its business secrets well guarded and no one here or about the neighborhood of the plant knows anything about what they have been manufacturing, though it is known that much expensive machinery has been installed in the factory buildings and that it has been in constant operation for several years, and was popularly supposed to be making money, else it could not buy and pay for so much machinery.

It is known also that the plant has purchased large quantities of the ore called barytes and has crushed it and used it in the manufacture of something for which there seemed to be a big demand.

NEW BOOKS ADDED TO FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

New books have been added to the Louisville Free Public Library as follows:

Mind and Body—McComb, Power of Self-Suggestion.

Religion—Bowne, Studies in Christianity; Kent, Kings and Prophets of Israel and Judah.

Science—Carhart, Physics for University Students, two volumes; Turner, Halley's Comet.

Useful and Fine Arts—Calvert and Gallichon, El Greco; United States Signal Office, Handbook of Submarine Cables.

Literature—Blake, James Vila Blake as Poet; Cawein, Giant and the Star; Shakespeare, Shakespeare's Twilights, compiled by S. F. Price; Spenser, Faery Queene; Townsend, Poems of Men and Events.

Description and Travel: History—Allen, Our Naval War With France; Arnold and Frost, American Egypt; Buxton, Turkey in Revolution; Gard, North Bay, the Gateway to Silverland; Guest, Handbook of English History; Lyman, Columbia River.

Biography — Sangster, Autobiography, From My Youth Up.

Fiction—Barr, House on Cherry Street; Cable, "Posson Jone" and Pere Raphael; Clemens, Extract From Capt. Stormfield's Visit to Heaven; Daviess, Miss Selina Lue and the Soap-Box Babies; Harben, Redemption of Kenneth Galt; Oppenheim, Jeanne of the Marshes; Oppenheim, Doctor Rast; Parrish, My Lady of the South; Pemberton, Lady Evelyn; Stevenson, Young Train Dispatcher; Tracy, The Stowaway; Ward, Jonathan and David.

Books in the German Language—Achleitner, Der Hofjagdleiter; Adlersfeld, Die Dame in Gelb; Adlersfeld, Diplomaten; Diers, Tante Lutte; Dreyer, Ohm Peter; Ganghofer, Waldrausch, two volumes; Kruger, Kaspar Krumbholtz; Lauff, Sank't Anne; Rosegger, Alpensommer; Wette, Jost Knost; Wilbrandt, Am Strom Der Zeit; Wolzogen, Die Grossherozgin; Zobeltitz, Trost Einsamkeit.

Books for Children—Beginners' Primer; Chamberlain, Standards in Education; Garnett, Muffin Shop; Gould, Felicia's Friends; Hector, Hymns for Little Children; Kellogg, Insect Stories; Macgregor, Stories of Three Saints; Malone, West Point Cadet; Maxwell and Johnston, School Composition; Maxwell and Smith, Writing in English; Morley, Donkey John of the Toy Valley; Olmsted, Land of Never Was; Three Bears; Webster, Daniel Webster for Young Americans; Wells, Pleasant Day Diversions; Wilson, Canada.

Castro Leaves For Malaga.

Santander, Spain, Nov. 12.—Cipriano Castro, former President of Venezuela, will leave here to-morrow for Madrid, whence he will proceed to Malaga, there to reside permanently.

PROGRESS

Made In Readjustment of Market To Prices.

MILD WEATHER RETARDS THE FALL RETAIL TRADE.

HELPFUL TO BUILDING AND OUTDOOR CONSTRUCTION WORK.

IRON AND STEEL ACTIVE.

New York, Nov. 12.—R. G. Run & Co.'s weekly review of trade to-morrow will say:

Further progress is made in the readjustment of the markets to the higher prices which are inevitable in a period of big gold production, reviving industry and active speculation.

While some slackening of demand is reported in a few departments of iron and steel, this is not surprising in view of the recent pace at which consumption has expanded. In other lines, however, greater activity is reflected and practically all mills find it increasingly difficult to make deliveries. The recent quiet in the structural division has been followed by the appearance of several important contracts, and it is estimated that new projects contemplated will call for over a hundred thousand tons of steel. Buying of rails is well maintained.

* * *

Next Year's Business Large.

Much of the business extending into next year and orders for bars are conspicuously large. Activity in pig iron is centered chiefly in the East, but demand continues brisk in all leading centers.

The break and subsequent recovery in the cotton markets served to make buyers more cautious, but at the same time led manufacturers of cotton goods to be more free in discussing terms of new contracts. Prices are being adjusted steadily to the higher costs of production. Higher prices on ginghams, openings of knit goods for the fall season, the preliminary showings of men's wear samples for fall and a continuance of good reports from jobbing and retail centers were some of the important features of the dry goods week.

* * *

Footwear Conditions Improve.

Footwear conditions continue to improve and trade in all varieties is more general and of large volume. The price question still restricts trade to some extent, but buyers are becoming broader in their views. Shipments from Boston show a slight increase over forwardings of a week ago and are also larger for the year to date than during the corresponding period of 1908.

There is a good trade in leather, and while the demand is not especially large, it is sufficient to take all of the available supplies, and many tanners are closely cleaned up. Leather prices rule very firm, especially union and oak sole, which are about 3 cents higher in price than two months ago. The hide market continues to rule firm, but trading of late has been less active.

HOLIDAY TRADE ACTIVE.

General Tone of Commercial Affairs Is Buoyant.

New York, Nov. 12.—Bradstreet's to-morrow will say:

Continued mild weather is helpful to building and outdoor construction work, and facilitates fall plowing and winter wheat growth, but at the same time is a source of considerable complaint as to its effect on retail trade on heavy dry goods, clothing and heavy wearing apparel. In other wholesale lines, however, reports are still to a high degree favorable, holiday demand is especially active, and spring business is being booked in good volume, except where, as in cotton goods, high prices and uncertainty as to future prices of raw material check selling operations.

* * *

General Tone Buoyant.

The general tone of affairs commercial is buoyant. In industry generally the report is still one of well-filled order books and of full-time run. Iron and steel production is active, though the advance of the season favors a slackening of the pace shown in October. The automobile trade is far behind on orders. In cotton goods curtailment is being still widely talked of as a probability when present supplies of raw material and orders now on the books are used up or filled. Reports show gains in building expenditure over the large totals of a year ago. Commercial collections are good as a whole, though feeling the restriction of retail demand noted above. Commodity prices are still inclined toward higher levels and are now only a small percentage below the highest record levels.

* * *

Comparative Business Failures.

Business failures in the United States for the week ending November 11 were 221, against 212 last week, 267 in the like week of 1908; 259 in 1907; 222 in 1906 and 198 in 1905.

Business failures in Canada for the week number 24, which compares with 24 last week and 22 in the like week in 1908.

Wheat, including flour exports from the United States and Canada, for the week ending November 11, aggregate 5,535,464 bushels, against 5,397,455 last week and 5,029,484 this week last year. For the nineteen weeks ending November 11, exports are 58,249,108 bushels, against 81,771,875 in the corresponding period last year. Corn exports for the week are 288,818 bushels, against 304,955 last week and 372,808 in 1908. For the nineteen weeks ending November 11, corn exports are 3,294,458 bushels, against 2,371,510 last year.

BUSINESS OF THE BANKS.

Increase of 13.5 Per Cent. Shown In the Clearings At Louisville.

New York, Nov. 12.—Bradstreet's bank clearings report for the week ending November 11 shows an aggregate of $3,599,822,000, as against $3,544,749,000 last week and $3,569,093,000 in the corresponding week last year:

The following is a list of the cities:

		P.C. Inc.	P.C. Dec.
New York	$2,277,331,000	....	3.6
Chicago	275,181,000	6.6	....
Boston	178,283,000	....	4.2
Philadelphia	150,196,000	9.0	....
St. Louis	78,190,000	6.4	....
Pittsburg	48,961,000	3.8	....
Kansas City	57,027,000	26.6	....
San Francisco	42,173,000	7.8	....
Baltimore	36,120,000	25.6	....
Cincinnati	26,503,000	....	4.1
Minneapolis	30,305,000	5.8	....
New Orleans	26,780,000	39.6	....
Cleveland	18,741,000	20.8	....
Detroit	15,536,000	5.2	....
Omaha	15,313,000	28.8	....
LOUISVILLE	13,456,000	13.5	....
Milwaukee	13,235,000	0.2	....
Fort Worth	9,187,000	22.1	....
Los Angeles	13,775,000	19.7	....
St. Paul	13,019,000	7.7	....
Seattle	14,067,000	32.3	....
Denver	10,557,000	6.6	....
Buffalo	9,828,000	6.0	....
Indianapolis	10,041,000	6.3	....
Spokane, Wash	8,566,000	40.8	....
Providence	10,291,000	25.5	....
Portland, Ore.	9,472,000	32.6	....
Richmond	8,647,000	16.5	....
Albany	6,963,000	0.2	....
Washington, D. C.	7,680,000	20.5	....
St. Joseph	6,903,000	38.6	....
Salt Lake City	6,758,000	7.5	....
Columbus	6,188,000	7.0	....
Memphis	9,308,000	22.2	....
Atlanta	14,379,000	135.0	....
Tacoma	6,295,000	26.4	....
Savannah	5,944,000	13.4	....
Toledo, O.	4,445,000	19.3	....
Rochester	4,078,000	....	11.0
Hartford	3,962,000	5.8	....
Nashville	3,686,000	9.0	....
Des Moines	3,894,000	26.7	....
Peoria	3,491,000	2.1	....
New Haven	2,977,000	13.6	....
Sioux City	2,995,000	8.9	....
Norfolk	3,570,000	32.4	....
Grand Rapids	2,903,000	16.5	....
Syracuse	2,504,000	....	....
Evansville	2,795,000	13.4	....
Birmingham	2,539,000	19.6	....
Springfield, Mass.	2,163,000	....	3.0
Portland, Me.	3,002,000	....	3.7
Augusta, Ga.	3,482,000	53.4	....
Dayton	2,031,000	7.7	....
Oakland, Cal.	1,938,000	13.2	....
Worcester	1,875,000	21.4	....
Jacksonville, Fla.	2,047,000	17.7	....
Wichita	3,306,000	85.9	....
Wheeling, W. Va.	1,789,000	8.8	....
Knoxville	1,967,000	31.4	....
Little Rock	2,375,000	7.8	....
Chattanooga	1,900,000	17.2	....
Charleston, S. C.	2,263,000	8.5	....
Mobile	1,392,000	....	5.3
Wilmington, Del.	1,380,000	10.4	....
Lincoln, Neb.	1,594,000	36.3	....
Wilkes-Barre	1,408,000	8.1	....
Topeka	1,597,000	14.1	....
Davenport	1,226,000	5.9	....
Oklahoma	2,901,000	71.0	....
Fall River	2,042,000	40.0	....
Kalamazoo, Mich.	1,864,000	16.8	....
Sacramento	1,497,000	37.2	....
Springfield, Ill.	976,000	3.3	....
Helena	1,121,000	9.0	....
Fort Wayne	1,002,000	4.2	....
Cedar Rapids, Ia.	1,341,000	53.7	....
New Bedford	1,157,000	....	3.9
Columbia, S. C.	943,000	2.3	....
Macon	1,277,000	75.5	....
Youngstown	912,000	28.8	....
Lexington	790,000	6.5	....
Fargo, N. D.	1,342,000	28.0	....
Akron	819,000	15.6	....
Rockford, Ill.	717,000	1.8	....
Erie, Pa.	813,000	17.7	....
Sioux Falls, S. D.	992,000	28.1	....
Canton, O.	693,000	1.4	....
Quincy, Ill.	719,000	20.0	....
Bloomington, Ill.	520,000	6.9	....
Lowell	542,000	....	13.4
Binghamton	265,000	....	46.9
Chester, Pa.	785,000	46.7	....
South Bend, Ind.	633,000	26.3	....
Decatur, Ill.	380,000	14.4	....
Springfield, O.	475,000	4.3	....
Vicksburg	590,000	11.7	....
Fremont, Neb.	350,000	16.8	....
Mansfield, O.	230,000	....	0.5
Jacksonville, Ill.	312,000	10.2	....
‡Jackson, Miss.	655,000	45.8	....
†Houston	24,261,000	....	29.9
†Galveston	17,692,000	....	17.7
Duluth	7,714,000	....	....
Scranton	2,770,000	....	....

‡Not included in totals because comparisons were incomplete.

†Not included in totals because containing other items than clearings.

COFFEE MARKET.

New York, Nov. 12.—Futures opened steady at unchanged prices to an advance of 5 points in response to a partial advance of ¾f at Havre and ruled generally steady on Wall street buying and local bull support of the near months. There was some scattering liquidation and a little foreign selling, but offerings were very well taken and the market closed steady, net unchanged to 5 points higher. Sales were reported of 38,000 bags, including December at 6.35@6.40c, January at 6.45c, March at 6.55@6.60c, May at 6.65@6.70c, July at 6.75@6.80c and September at 6.80@6.85c.

Spot market steady; No. 7 Rio 8⅝@8¾c, nominal; No. 4 Santos 8⅞@8¾c. Mild quiet; Cordova 9@11¼c.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Nov. 12.—Spirits of turpentine firm at 54¾c; sales 302 casks; receipts 343; shipments 215. Rosin firm; sales 3,160 bbls.; receipts 1,160; shipments 677; stock 140,949; B and D $3.95@3.97½; E and F $3.97½@4; G $4@4.02½; H $4.07½@4.10; I $4.50@4.55; K $5.50; M $5.85; N $6.10; window glass $6.40; water white $6.80.

Wilmington, Nov. 12.—Spirits of turpentine steady at 58½c; receipts 24 casks. Rosin steady at $3.55; receipts 73 bbls. Tar firm at $1.90; receipts 60 bbls. Crude turpentine firm at $2.50, $4 and $4; receipts 55 bbls.

Charleston, Nov. 12.—Spirits of turpentine quiet at 54½c. Rosin quiet; A, B and D $3.95; E and F $3.97½; G $4; H $4.07½@4.10; I $4.50; K $5.50; M $5.85; N $6.10; window glass $6.40; water white $6.80.

New York Dry Goods.

New York, Nov. 12.—The dry goods markets are generally more quiet, but trading is proceeding in a steady way on cotton goods, small orders being the rule in consequence of the unsettled condition in raw cotton. Cotton yarns are selling better. Wool is firm.

Boston Wool.

Boston, Nov. 12.—The Commercial Bulletin of Boston will say of the wool market Saturday:

"Business is comparatively quiet, although a number of mills are in the market. Wool manufacturers are buying clothing wools in moderate quantity at top prices, while worsted-makers are picking up occasional lots to fill in with. The market is very strong, with no apparent relief from high prices in sight. The shipments of wool from Boston to November 11, inclusive, were 231,279,964 pounds, against 161,581,186 for the same time last year. The receipts to November 11, inclusive, were 278,616,295 pounds, against 236,384,217 the same period last year."

MISSIONARY UNION ELECTS NEW OFFICERS AT MEETING.

Selection of Leaders Follows After An Interesting Programme On Spiritual Topics.

The Interdenominational Union of Missionary Workers of Louisville held yesterday in the Walnut-street Baptist church a conference replete in the interesting topics discussed. The meeting began at 10 o'clock and continued throughout the day. Violin solos were given by Misses Murphy and Miller. Mrs. Cross sang a vocal solo with feeling. Dr. J. S. Lyons discussed two foreign topics, "Robert College" and "The Girls' School," both of which are in Turkey.

Miss Anderson told what is being done in Louisville for the negroes both along practical and spiritual lines. At the afternoon session Miss Florence Miller spoke very entertainingly of the home life of the mountaineers and the mission work which is being done among them. Dr. G. W. Painter, who has been delivering addresses in Louisville for the past two weeks, gave a comprehensive discourse on conditions in China. The following officers were elected: Mrs. Andrew Sea, president; Mrs. Samuel H. Stone, first vice president; Mrs. Woodcock, second vice president; Mrs. W. H. Matlack, treasurer; Mrs. E. B. Carr, secretary. Benediction was delivered by Dr. S. S. Waltz.

LECTURE ON WOMAN SUFFRAGE IN ENGLAND

To Be Delivered By Mrs. Philip Snowden At the Women's Club Monday Night.

Mrs. Philip Snowden, of England, on Monday night will tell the people of Louisville in her own delightful way about woman suffrage in England. Mrs. Snowden has been in Louisville before. She comes at a time when interest has been stimulated by the recent Kentucky Equal Rights Convention. Her account of the state of suffrage in England now, and the efforts of English women to gain the complete franchise, will be full of interest.

The lecture will be given at the Woman's Club.

MORE SHELTER HOUSES AND LARGER APPROPRIATIONS.

Needs of Park System As Viewed By Commissioners—Annual Report To Mayor.

The Board of Park Commissioners sent its annual report to Mayor Grinstead yesterday. The report shows that the commissioners have actively guarded the best interests of Louisville's park system and spent the revenue set aside for park purposes in making many improvements. The board lived within its appropriation. The total disbursements for the year amounted to $154,047.11. The heavy rains in the early spring washed away many of the bridges in Cherokee Park, putting an extra burden of expense upon the commissioners in rebuilding them.

The needs of the park system, as viewed by the Board of Park Commissioners, include more shelter houses, a connecting boulevard and larger appropriations. The report says that the parks were more popular and attracted larger crowds last summer than ever before.

STAR SPEAKERS WILL BE ON HAND AT GATHERING.

The Democratic city and county executive committee invites all Democrats and their friends to attend the ratification and Dutch lunch, which will take place at the State Fair Grounds from 11 o'clock in the morning until 6 o'clock in the evening, Monday. The lunch will be served in the large pavilion and the speaking will also take place in the pavilion. All the committees are now at work and those who attend may expect to have a fine outing. Large quantities of ham, cheese, pickles and other edibles and condiments have been purchased for the occasion.

Some of the best speakers in the city and State will be on hand and will make addresses. Among those who will speak are Congressman Ollie James, Ward Headley, Clem W. Huggins, Gus L. Heicken and W. L. Jacobs.

The Louisville Railway Company has promised to run a three-minute car line to the fair grounds during the jollification, so that all who desire to attend may not be delayed in reaching the grounds or returning to the city.

Financial and Commercial

MONETARY.

Friday Evening, Nov. 12.—In the New York market money on call ranged between 4¾ and 6 per cent., with the ruling rate 5. Time loans were unchanged. Banks have lost heavily to the interior this week and another poor bank statement is indicated for to-morrow. A contributing factor to firmness is the fact that a call for condition of national banks is about due. It is believed the passing of the call will help the situation considerably. The local situation showed no change to-day. There was a fair call for credits, with interest rates ruling at 6 per cent.

New York exchange was quoted at par.

The report of the Clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing	$1,780,129
Balance	206,510

The local market for securities was at a standstill to-day. A sale of ten shares of Georgia Railway and Electric common at 100 was the only one recorded at the Stock Exchange. St. Joe common, West Penn common, Tri-City common and Portland preferred were easy. In the outside list St. Louis United Railways preferred was stronger.

At the Stock Exchange:

Waterworks second mortgage 5s were 100 bid and 101½ asked, $5,000 each way.

Louisville Home Telephone 5s were $2,000 offered at 72.

East St. Louis and Suburban 5s were 99 bid for $1,000.

Nashville Railway and Light refunding 5s were 92 bid and 93 asked, $5,000 each way.

Springfield Railway and Light 5s were $2,000 offered at 95⅝ and 95 bid for $1,000.

Louisville Trust was twenty-five shares offered at 158½.

Louisville Home Telephone was twenty-five shares offered at 40.

Louisville Tobacco Warehouse common was twenty-five shares offered at 66.

Georgia Railway and Electric common was 99⅞ bid and 100 asked, ten shares each way, and ten sold at 100.

Grand Rapids common was 107 bid for fifty shares, an advance of ½.

Louisville Traction common was twenty shares offered at 94, twenty-five offered at 93¾ and 92½ bid for ten. The last previous sale was at 93¼.

Nashville Railway and Light common was 45 bid for 125 shares.

Portland common (ex-dividend 1 p. c.) was 81¼ bid for twenty shares and twenty-five offered at 83.

Portland preferred was fifty shares offered at 89⅝, a lowering of ⅜.

St. Joe common at the morning session was fifty shares offered at 55⅜ and ten offered at 55½, and at the afternoon session was ten shares offered at 55, a lowering of ⅜ compared with yesterday; no bid.

Tri-City common was fifty shares offered at 26⅜, a lowering of ⅛.

West Penn common was 41 bid and 42½ asked, ten shares each way. The last previous bid was 42.

United Railways Investment common sold in New York from 41 to 42⅜ and closed at 42⅜ to 43 and the preferred sold from 72 up to 72⅝ and closed at 73 to 73⅛.

Detroit sold at 58⅝.

American Tobacco closed at 445 to 450, Standard Oil at 705 to 706, Subway at 6⅝ to 7 and Giroux at 10 to 10⅛.

L. and N. unified 4s were 99 to 99⅛.

St. Louis United Railways common closed in St. Louis at 19 to 20¼, the preferred at 68 to 68⅛ and the 4s at 82 to 82⅜.

Kansas City common was quoted in Chicago at 39 to 40.

New Orleans common was quoted in New Orleans at 24½ to 25, preferred at 58⅝ to 59¼ and the 4½s at 86⅝ to 86⅞.

American Cities common was 51¾ to 52 and the preferred 95⅛ bid.

Stock Exchange Sales.

The following sales were made at the Stock Exchange to-day:

MORNING SESSION.

10 shares Georgia Ry. and Elec. com. 100

The following are the latest bid and asked prices made for securities at the Stock Exchange:

Bank Stocks.	Bid.	Asked.
American National Bank	139	139½
Citizens' National Bank	225	226
First National Bank	...	...
German Bank	350	380
German Security Bank	173	174
German Insurance Bank	350	350¾
Louisville National Banking Co.	142⅝	145
National Bank of Commerce	184	185
National Bank of Kentucky	196	...
Second National (New Albany)	152	...
Southern National Bank	142⅝	143
Stockyards Bank	130	...
Third National Bank	120	125
Union National Bank	227½	228
Trust Company Stocks.		
Columbia Trust Company	137	138
Fidelity Trust Company	...	350
Louisville Trust Company	...	158½
United States Trust Company	105	106⅝
Street Railway Bonds.		
Birmingham Ry., L. and P. 4s	91	91⅝
Chattanooga Rys. Co. 5s	96¼	98
Dallas Electric 5s	92	98
E. St. Louis and Suburban 5s	99	100
Houston Electric 5s	...	95
Knoxville Railway and Light 5s	...	95½
Louisville Street Railway 5s	106¾	107
Louisville St. Ry. 2d mor. 4½s	99½	100
Memphis Street Railway 5s	99¼	99⅝
Nashville Railway and Light 5s	102⅝	...
Nashville Ry. and Light ref. 5s	92	93
New Albany Street Railway 5s	97½	98
New Orleans Ry. and Light 4½s	86⅛	87
Pascagoula St. Ry. and P. 5s	...	90
Paducah Traction and Light 5s	...	90
Rochester Railway and Light 5s	99	100
Savannah Electric 5s	83	84½
Seattle Electric 5s	106	107½
Springfield Railway and Light 5s	95	95⅝
St. Joseph Ry., L., H. and P. 5s	101⅝	102¼
Wash., Alex. and Mt. Vernon 5s	95½	98
West Penn Railway 5s	99½	...
Railroad and Miscellaneous Bonds.		
Fayette Home Telephone 5s	80	...
L. H. and St. L. 1st mor. 5s	110	110½
Louisville Home Telephone 5s	69	72
Peoria Light 5s	91	92¼
Chattanooga Gas Co. first 5s	93	94½
City of Louisville Bonds.		
City 4s, 1910	100	100½
City 5s, old L., 1911	...	102
City 4s, Mun. imp., 1923	101	102
City 4s, Mun. imp., 1928	101	102
City 4s, Parks, 1930	103	...
City 4s, Sewers, 1947	102	102⅝
City 4s, refunding, 1937	102	103½
City 3½s, 1940	95	96
City 3½s, refunding, 1941	95	95½
City 3½s, refunding, 1943	...	95
City 3s, Sewer and Parks, 1941	85⅝	86¼
Waterworks 2d mortgage 5s	100	101½
Industrial and Miscellaneous Stocks.		
B. F. Avery & Sons com.	96	100
Do 6 per cent. preferred	97⅝	100
Bourbon Stockyards	94	97½
Columbia Gas and Electric	25½	26½
Federal Chemical com.	...	50
Do preferred	...	100½
Houghton Co. Elec. Light com.	16	16½
Do preferred	22½	22¾
Kentucky Wagon	119	121
Louisville Bridge	146	...
Louisville Gas stock	...	95¼
Louisville Heating com.	64	65½
Do preferred	90	90½
Louisville Home Telephone	35	40
Louisville Title Company	104½	105½
Louisville Tob. W. H. Co. com.	65	66
Do preferred	125	...
New Galt House com.	...	12
Do preferred	...	70
Pacific Coast Power	...	106
Seelbach Realty com.	98	...
Do preferred	100	...
Turner, Day & Woolworth com.	...	100
Do preferred	117	119
Street Railway Stocks.		
American Cities Ry. and Lt. com	...	53
Do preferred	96	97
Dallas Electric com.	18	20
Do first preferred	90½	92
Do second preferred	53	...
E. St. Louis and Suburban com.	41⅝	42¼
Do preferred	...	78⅝
Galveston-Houston Electric com.	59½	62
Do preferred	92½	95
Georgia Ry. and Electric com.	99⅞	100
Do preferred	85	90
Grand Rapids com.	107	...
Do preferred	88½	89
Lex. and Interurban Rys. Co.	6	7⅛
Louisville Traction com.	92½	93¾
Do preferred	110¼	111⅝
Nashville Ry. and Light com.	45	...
Do prefererd	85	86
New Orleans Ry. and Light com.	23	25⅜
Do preferred	59¼	...
Northern Texas Electric com.	72	72½
Do preferred	93⅝	94
Paducah Trac. and Light com.	...	20
Do preferred	25	35
Portland Ry., Lt. and P. com.	‡81¼	83
Do preferred	...	89⅞
Rochester Ry. and Light pref.	89½	90
Savannah Electric com.	8	12½
Do preferred	43	48
Seattle Electric com.	116	120
Do preferred	...	102
St. Joe Ry., L., H. and P. com.	...	55
Do preferred	86	87
Toledo Railways and Light	8⅝	10
Tri-City Railway and Light com.	26¼	26⅝
Do preferred	...	93½
United Railways Invest. com.	40½	42
Do preferred	71	72
Wash., Alex. and Mt. Vernon Ry.	55	57½
West Penn Railways com.	41	42½
Do preferred	76⅝	77⅝

‡Ex-dividend.

†Less than $1,000 bond or ten shares stocks. Interest is to be added to all bond quotations.

Gross earnings of the Louisville and Nashville for the first week of November were $1,015,530, an increase of $123,750, and from July 1 to date $17,798,337, an increase of $1,298,322.

The recent strength of Colorado Fuel and Iron in the New York market is attributed to the comparatively good statement issued for the fiscal year ended June 30 last, which showed a surplus for the year of $858,375, or an increase of $564,010 over the 1908 surplus, and especially to the excellent business prospects arising from the boom in the steel trades.

The London Statist declares that there is good ground for hoping that the supplies of gold coming to the market for the next two months will be secured by the Bank of England.

Official announcement is made that the output of gold at the Rand for October amounted to 602,416 fine ounces, against 606,385 fine ounces in September and 617,744 in October a year ago. Last month's figures, based on the market value of $21.25 per ounce, represented $12,801,340, against $12,885,681 in September and $13,137,060 in October last year.

Returns from ten Southern States place the quantity of manufactured fertilizers consumed at 2,786,430 tons in the year 1907-08. This application was represented in the large cotton crop of 1908 of 13,811,000 bales. A corresponding estimate of the tonnage of fertilizers consumed six years before, in 1901-02, placed the total at 1,712,738 tons. There was thus an increase of 63 per cent. in the States in which cotton is the primary staple. No figures are given in the Agricultural Department's estimate of the cost of these fertilizers to farming, but the lowest practicable total would probably not be less than $50,000,000. Ten years ago the expenditure for fertilizers throughout the entire country was placed at $54,783,757. The increase meanwhile has probably occurred more largely in the Southern States than anywhere else.

The high cost of living is bearing quite as heavily upon other countries as upon America. Indeed, here the people, broadly speaking, suffer less real hardship than do the poorer inhabitants of some foreign lands. This, from the Vienna correspondent of the London Economist, affords food for serious thought: "There is a general outcry of the Vienna population against the steady rise in prices of almost all the necessaries of life. Within three years the price of milk has been raised twice without the excuse of fodder or cattle being more expensive than they were. Meat has long been so dear that it is out of question as daily food for the indigent classes, who have to satisfy the hunger of their children with numerous variations of menlspeise, or pastry, for which the Vienna cuisine is remarkable. But eggs, flour, milk, potatoes, peas, beans and lentils have all risen in price in the course of one twelvemonth, and the most economical housewife has to spend one-fifth more on her cookery than she spent a year ago. Wages have not risen in proportion, and bitter want is the result. In 1906 the price of corn in New York and Vienna was the same. At present the price stands in the proportion of 25 in America to 33 in Austria, with a customs duty so high that even this difference does not allow of competition by import. That matters have reached a climax is shown by the fact that the Austrian Premier has named a committee of three Ministers, Haerdtl, Weisskirchner and Braf, to investigate the matter."

The Grand Rapids Railway has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1 per cent. on the common stock, payable December 1.

The daily average earnings of the United Railroads of San Francisco in October were $23,540, against $20,677 in September. The total gross earnings in October were $727,763, an increase of $100,439 over September.

Andrew Carnegie has authorized the announcement that he will add 20 per cent. to any fund which the Civic Commission of Pittsburg may raise within a specified time for the betterment of Pittsburg conditions. The Civic Commission has announced its intention of attacking the ninety-nine-year franchise now held by the Pittsburg Railways Company as a means of securing better transportation.

WALL STREET BRIEFS.

James Stillman, Wm. Rockefeller, Dan Guggenheim and B. L. Winchell, president of the Rock Island railroad, returned from Europe.

American Smelting Securities Company lodges first complete list of controlled properties with application for regular listing of $30,000,000 5 per cent. cumulative preferred bonds.

New York Central orders fifty locomotives.

National Lead business better than a year ago, but higher cost of materials keeps down profits.

Bradstreet's index number shows commodity prices closely approaching highest figures ever recorded.

MARKET LETTERS.

New York.—Firm money rates all the week reflected efforts by the banks to curtail loans. The call rate in the last hour held around 5@5½ per cent. It is likely that the lending of foreign capital here this week has enabled local banks to reduce their own loans, though this was offset by extensive calling of loans by institutions. It is risky predicting the outcome of these various movements. But from the looks of things the surplus will lack little of being wiped out. Under the circumstances a conservative policy in stocks appears best. Sell on any sharp bulge, but wait for a break before making purchases.—(C. I. Hudson & Co. to S. C. Henning & Co.

New York.—The standard issues were quiet. London was irregular early in the day, but later improved. Known movement of money indicates a loss by the banks of about $10,000,000 for the week. This is the largest cash loss of the season, and as the market did not decline on it no apprehension seems to be felt on that score. We believe that within a few days a distinctive upward trend will be seen in the stock market and favor purchases of standard issues.—(Finley Barrell & Co.

New York.—People well informed tell us they look for nothing for the present but a traders' market as to standard issues. We are not of those inclined to believe the next general move will be on the uptack.—(Miller & Co. to John L. Dunlap.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, Nov. 12.—Money on call strong at 4¾@6 per cent.; ruling rate 5; closing bid 5; offered at 5¼; time loans firm; 60 days 5@5¼ per cent.; 90 days 5; six months 4¾; prime mercantile paper 5@5½. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.8290@4.8310 for 60-day bills and at $4.8725 for demand; commercial bills $4.82¼@4.82¾. Bar silver 50¾c. Mexican dollars 43c. Government bonds and railroad bonds steady.

The sluggish current of the price movement in the stock market to-day shifted in consonance with the varying view of the money situation. Supplies of money on call at 5 per cent. and below during the earlier part of the day gave confidence that the banks were within their reserve limit, so that call money borrowers would not be pushed for payment.

Later the appearance of the preliminary estimates of the week's currency movement and announcement of further engagements of gold for export renewed anxiety and the call money rate again stiffened. The outgo of cash during the week has been much larger than was supposed, the balance against New York on the express movement running apparently to nearly $4,500,000 up to Thursday night. There were additional large shipments to Chicago to-day, which will figure in the actual figures of the bank statement to-morrow. Subtreasury operations and gold shipments to Brazil together have taken $4,854,000, thus running the cash loss on the known movements of money up to near $10,000,000, one of the largest cash losses for any one week in the present year.

The date of shipment of the million and a half dollars gold engagement to-day for South America on London order is not known yet. The bank which made the largest engagement called loans to-day to the extent of many million dollars. There was some fresh supply from other sources, including, it was said, the dry goods banks of this city, owing to a lull in trade requirements. Authorities differed as to offerings of money from foreign sources. There is significance perhaps in the fact that London financial authorities are complaining that the joint stock banks there are not holding up the hands of the Bank of England in its efforts to attract gold from outside markets.

The special demand for cash from Chicago is said to be urgent and is connected with the expectation of an early calling from the Controller of the Currency for a statement of the condition of the banks. The imminence of this

call. It is reported, found some of the Chicago banks below the reserve limit.

A good proportion of the New York clearing-house banks were shown to be below the 25 per cent. reserve limit in the detailed bank statement of last Saturday, and their necessity for recuperation is a factor in the money market position. The rise in money rates applied not only to call loans, but to time loans, and the hardening tendency extended from the shorter to some of the longer periods. Asking rates for ninety-day loans were advanced a fraction during the day.

A feature of the narrow speculation was its diversion to low-priced stocks, both industrials and railroads. The limited resources in the money market make operations in these low-priced issues more feasible, owing to the smaller sums required by commission houses for holding them for customers. This constituted the only reason for the movements in most of these. The sharp falling off in the week's exports of copper compared with several weeks past gave an impression of a waning of the reported demand for that metal, although the price was advanced again in London to-day. The force of the demand for iron was reported to have spread to the foreign market, leading to purchases for import.

Stocks fell to the lowest of the day when call loans rose to 6 per cent, and then hardened when the rate eased off.

Bonds were steady. Total sales (par value), $3,080,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call.

Bank Clearings.

St. Louis, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Clearings $15,358,544; balances $1,438,835. Call money 5@6 per cent. New York exchange 35c discount bid, 25c discount asked.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Clearings $46,331,340; balances $2,070,535. New York exchange 20c discount. Money 5@5½ per cent. for 60-day loans.

Boston, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Clearing-house exchanges: In Boston $28,747,352; in New York $380,172,047. New York funds sold at par to 5c discount.

Cincinnati, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Clearings $4,263,350. New York exchange par. Collateral loans 5@5½ per cent. Discounts 5½ per cent.

Memphis, Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Clearings $1,522,665.10. Exchange $1@1.50 discount selling, buying at par.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, Nov. 12.—The condition of the Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was as follows:

Trust funds:	
Gold coin	$879,848,869
Silver dollars	488,275,000
Silver dollars of 1890	4,017,000
Silver certificates outstanding	488,275,000
General fund:	
Standard silver dollars in general fund	1,398,112
Current liabilities	111,663,441
Working balance in Treasury offices	28,976,749
In banks to credit of Treasurer of the United States	36,688,004
Subsidiary silver coin	16,993,283
Minor coin	1,314,272
Total balance in general fund	86,935,818

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	Highest.	Lowest.	Cls'g Bid.
Allis-Chalmers pf.	1,100	54	53½	53⅝
Amal. Copper	47,800	89½	88⅝	89¼
Am'n Agricultural	100	48½	48½	48
Am'n Beet Sugar	400	47⅛	47	47¼
American Can pfd.	15,900	85	84½	84½
Am. Car & F'dry	100	74⅞	74⅞	74¼
Am'n Cotton Oil	600	73¼	73⅛	73
Am. H. and L. pf.	1,160	47⅝	47⅛	47
Am. Ice Securities	300	24½	24½	24
American Linseed	200	15⅝	15⅝	15½
Am'n Locomotive	100	62	62	61½
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	4,800	98⅛	98⅛	98½
Do preferred	100	111¾	111¾	111⅝
Am. Sugar Ref'g	800	130	129	129
Am. Tel. and Tel.	3,200	141⅝	140⅝	141¼
Am. Tobacco pfd.	100	100½	100½	100¼
American Woolen	....	....	....	34
Ana. Mining Co.	900	49⅝	48⅞	49
Atchison	8,800	119⅞	119⅛	119⅝
Do preferred	500	104⅛	104⅞	104⅛
Atl. Coast Line	400	137	136½	136
B. and O.	400	116	115¾	115⅝
Do preferred	....	....	....	90
Bethlehem Steel	300	35	34½	34¾
Brooklyn Rapid T.	7,000	76¼	75	76
Canadian Pacific	300	184½	184¼	184⅝
Central Leather	3,200	47¼	46¾	47¼
Do preferred	....	....	....	108¼
Central of N. J.	....	....	....	290@300
C. and O.	5,700	87¾	87⅛	87½
C. and A.	....	....	....	67
Chicago Gt. Western ctfs.	200	21	20¾	20¾
C. and N. W.	400	186½	186	185½
C., M. and St. P.	6,900	156⅝	155⅝	155¾
C., C., C. and St. L.	900	78	77	77½
Col. Fuel and I.	4,200	48⅝	47½	48⅝
Col. and Southern	....	....	....	55½
Do 1st pref.	200	80½	80½	80½
Do 2d pref.	500	80	80	79¾
Consolidated Gas	400	144	143½	143½
Corn Products	7,900	23¼	22⅝	22⅞
Del. and Hudson	200	184½	181½	184½
D. and R. G.	200	46⅝	46⅝	46¾
Do preferred	....	....	....	85
Dist. Securities	100	36¼	36⅛	37
Erie	1,600	32½	32¼	32¼
Do 1st pref.	500	46½	45⅞	46¼
Do 2d pref.	....	....	....	38½
Gen. Electric	200	162½	162	161½
Gt. Northern pref.	4,900	142½	141	142⅜
Gt. Nor. Ore ctfs.	800	81⅝	80¼	80⅝
Illinois Central	100	146	146	145½
Interboro-Met.	93,000	23⅞	21⅜	23½
Do preferred	37,300	55¼	51⅝	55
Inter. Harvester	700	106⅝	104½	104
Inter. Marine pfd.	600	24½	24⅛	24¼
Internat'l Paper	2,100	16	14⅝	15½
Internat'l Pump	1,000	56¼	53¼	58⅝
Iowa Central	....	....	....	28½
K. C. Southern	2,000	43½	42½	42⅝
Do preferred	....	....	....	70
L. and N.	600	152½	151¼	152¼
Minn. and St. L.	300	52¾	52½	52
M., St. P. & Sault Ste. Marie	200	135¼	135⅜	136
Missouri Pacific	900	69⅝	69⅛	69⅝
M., K. and T.	8,800	47⅝	46⅝	47⅝
Do preferred	....	....	....	74
National Biscuit	....	....	....	113
National Lead	700	87⅝	87¼	87¼
Nat'l Ry. of Mexico 1st pfd.	....	....	....	55
N. Y. Central	3,600	131⅝	131¼	131⅝
N. Y., O. and W.	200	46¾	46¾	46⅜
Norfolk and West.	400	95½	95⅛	95⅝
North American	....	....	....	78½
Northern Pacific	4,900	146½	144¼	145⅝
Pacific Mail	1,200	44⅝	44	43½
Pennsylvania	27,200	140⅝	139⅝	140
People's Gas	200	113⅜	113¼	113¼
P., C., C. and St. L.	1,100	96½	96	95¾
Pressed Steel Car	300	52	51⅝	52
Pullman Pal. Car	200	192⅞	192⅞	192
Ry. Steel Spring	100	49⅝	49⅝	49
Reading	15,000	162¼	161	161½
Republic Steel	2,400	47⅞	47½	47⅝
Do preferred	100	105⅛	105⅛	107½
Rock Island Co.	4,100	40	39⅝	40
Do preferred	1,000	81	80	80
St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	100	57	57	56½
St. L. Southwest	7,000	31½	30	31⅛
Do preferred	2,800	70½	69½	69¾
Sloss-Sh'ff'ld Steel	1,900	92½	91½	91¼
Southern Pacific	2,600	129	128⅝	128¾
Southern Railway	13,000	31½	31⅛	31½
Do preferred	1,300	70	69½	69½
Tennessee Copper	1,700	37¼	35⅞	37¼
Texas and Pacific	400	35	34¼	34⅜
T., St. L. and W.	....	....	....	53
Do preferred	200	69⅝	69⅜	69
Union Pacific	29,700	201¾	200	200⅝
Do preferred	400	102½	102¼	102½
U. S. Realty	600	82	82	82
U. S. Rubber	200	50	49½	49½
U. S. Steel	97,200	90¼	89⅞	90⅛
Do preferred	700	126	125⅞	126
Utah Copper	8,700	53¼	52	52½
U. S. Cast I. Pipe	....	....	....	33½@34¼
Do preferred	....	....	....	86⅞@87¼
Va.-Car. Chemical	1,000	49¼	49	49
Wabash	300	20	19¾	19¾
Do preferred	5,200	52½	51¾	52
Western Md. ctfs.	900	34⅝	34⅛	34⅛
West'house Elec.	1,200	81⅝	81½	84⅝
Western Union	3,300	78⅝	77½	78⅛
W. and L. E.	....	....	....	8¼
Wisconsin Central	....	....	....	50

Total sales for the day 574,900 shares.

U. S. BOND QUOTATIONS.

The following are the closing quotations on Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Refunding 2s, registered	100	100½
Do coupon	100	101
3s, registered	101¼	102
Do coupon	101½	102½
New 4s, registered	115⅞	116½
Do coupon	116½	....
Panama 2s, registered	99⅞	100½
Panama 2s, registered, 1938	99⅞	100½
District of Columbia 3.65s	106	....

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, Nov. 12.—Money was in short supply and dear on the market to-day and discounts were inclined to ease. The Bank of England has received $205,000 in American eagles from Paris and will shortly buy more. On the Stock Exchange irregular prospects and the continued dear money offset the effect of the good bank return and further liquidation weakened Kaffirs, while a part of yesterday's improvement in British securities disappeared on realizations. Copper shares and foreigners were firm, especially Japanese bonds. American securities, after a quiet opening, hardened slightly on light buying. At noon the market was quiet, with prices ranging from ⅛ below to ⅝ above yesterday's New York closing. Prices were steadily maintained, despite the forecasts of a poor New York bank statement until the Wall street opening was received, when irregularity appeared. Later New York bought Amalgamated Copper and United States Steel, which hardened other stocks and made the close firm. Closing quotations were: Consols for money 82½; do account 82 11-16; Amalgamated Copper 91⅝; Anaconda 10; Atchison 122⅝; do preferred 107¼; Baltimore and Ohio 118⅝; Canadian Pacific 189; Chesapeake and Ohio 89½; Chicago Great Western 21; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 160; De Beers 17⅛; Denver and Rio Grande 47⅞; do preferred 86; Erie 33¼; do first preferred 47½; do second preferred 40; Grand Trunk 21; Illinois Central 149½; Louisville and Nashville 155; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 48; New York Central 134⅝; Norfolk and Western 97⅝; do preferred 92; Ontario and Western 47½; Pennsylvania 67⅝; Rand Mines 8⅝; Reading 82⅝; Southern Railway 32; do preferred 71; Southern Pacific 131⅝; Union Pacific 206; do preferred 105; United States Steel 91⅞; do preferred 129⅛; Wabash 20; do preferred 52; Spanish 4s 95. Bar silver steady, 23⅛d per ounce. Money 4½@4¾ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 4⅜@4½ per cent.; do three months' bills 4½@4 9-16 per cent. Bullion amounting to £333,000 was taken into the Bank of England to-day and £10,000 was withdrawn for shipment to South Africa.

Berlin, Nov. 12.—Prices on the Boerse to-day opened weaker, but became firm later upon the fall in London checks. Exchange on London 20 marks 47½ pfgs. for checks. Money 3½@4 per cent. Rate of discount for three months' bills 4⅝ per cent.

Paris, Nov. 12.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were weaker. Three per cent. rentes 98f 92½c for the account. Exchange on London 25f 22c for checks.

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, Nov. 12, 1909.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

ARTICLES.	Rec'd 1909.	Ship'd 1909.	Rec'd 1908.	Ship'd 1908.
Ag'l impl'ts, lbs.	28,200	201,350	54,800	74,715
Boots and shoes, cases	246	233	173	279
Coffee, lbs.	103,680	35,630	121,925	40,050
Drugs, pkgs.	282	1,966	750	2,872
Dry goods, notions, etc., pkgs	1,777	3,468	2,510	3,661
Flour, bbls.	1,248	3,382	600	1,653
Furniture, lbs.	19,425	145,105	24,000	109,380
Corn, bush.	17,050	14,290	7,400	6,800
Oats, bush.	2,800	6,265	2,400	1,320
Wheat, bush.	8,000	3,000	4,750	....
Hardware, pkgs.	1,201	5,922	704	4,929
Hay, tons	100	11	120	....
Hides, lbs.	23,100	38,750	31,045	46,000
Bacon, lbs.	....	221,975	21,000	63,423
Hams, lbs.	....	8,948	....	7,530
Lard, lbs.	1,000	81,070	4,000	71,890
Pig iron, tons	136	48	702	25
Leather, lbs.	920	19,775	400	10,925
Nails, kegs	....	430	1,120	360
Cotton-seed oil, bbls.	700	241	800	201
Apples, gr., bbls.	6	108	382	787
Onions, bbls.	....	61	30	2
Potatoes, bbls.	9	14	80	26
Seed, grass and clover, lbs.	66,370	4,325	5,250	9,950
Soap, lbs.	....	39,275	....	45,870
Stoves, stove castings, lbs.	1,870	127,435	22,800	120,100
Sugar, bbls.	625	376	400	318
Tobacco, leaf, hds.	328	401	152	164
Tobacco, mfd., lbs.	1,790	229,565	2,800	176,765
Wagons, lbs.	75	34,670	64,300	79,810
Whisky, bbls.	480	1,893	468	1,851

LOCAL MARKETS.

The following quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city:

BEANS—North fancy Michigan $2.60; New York French red kidney fancies $2.50; Lima 5½c.

BUTTER—Elgin, 60-lb. tubs 33c; 30-lb. tubs 33½c; lb. prints 34c; renovated, 30-lb. tubs 29@30c; lb. prints 30c.

CHEESE—Full cream daisies 17½c; full cream long horns 18c; full cream Limburger 16@16½c; cases 16c; full cream brick 17½@18c; cases 17½c; domestic Swiss, block 18½c; wheel 20c; New York creams 17½c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 13@14½c; Maracaibo 12½@14c; La Guayra 12½@13c; Mocha 20@22c; Java 24@30c; Green Rios: Fancy 13c; choice 12½c; prime 11½c; good 10c; roasting grades 10c; Santos 11@13½c; Home Comfort in lb. packages 13½c.

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—American Portland $1.15@1.60 per bbl.; imported Portland $3.50@7 per bbl.; Louisville cement 60@85c per bbl.; lime 70@85c per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.55@2 per bbl.

CORN PRODUCTS—Corn meal $1.80 per 100 lbs.; hominy, grits and pearl meal $1.85 per 100 lbs.; hominy meal $26 per ton; cracked corn $26 per ton; feed meal $26 per ton.

FIELD SEEDS—Choice timothy $1.90 bu.; clover $9.25 bu.; orchard grass $1.50 bu.; Kentucky bluegrass, fancy $1.85 bu.; red top, fancy 12c lb.; English bluegrass $3; rape 7@7¼c lb.; seed rye 95c.

FLOUR—Minnesota patents $6.25 per bbl.; plain patents $5.50; straights $5; family $5.25 low grades $5; winter patents $6.25; winter straights $6.10; low grades $5@5.25.

HAY—Following are the prices of new hay in car as it is selling to-day on its arrival: No. 1 timothy $15.50; No. 2 timothy $14.50; No. 3 timothy $13; No. 1 clover mixed $16.50; No. 2 clover mixed $13; wheat straw $7; oat straw $6; rye straw $7.50.

IRON AND HARDWARE—Iron bars $1.75 for base; tool steel 9c per lb. for base; soft steel $1.80 for base; steel roofing, corrugated $2.35; V-crimped $2.40 per square; black sheets, No. 14 $2.45; No. 16 $2.60; No. 18 $2.80; No. 20 $2.80; No. 22 $2.75; No. 24 $2.85; No. 26 $2.90; No. 27 $2.95; No. 28 $3; No. 30 $3.05; wire nails $2.05 base; cut steel nails $2.05 base; plain black wire $1.95 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.; barbed wire, painted $2.30; galvanized $2.65 per 100 lbs.; horseshoes, No. 2 and larger, Juniata $3.90 keg; Perkins' $4.04½ base; Burden's $4.20 keg; Hudson $3.85 keg; harrow teeth $2.85 per 100 lbs.; carriage bolts, ⅜x6 and smaller 70.10 per cent. discount; larger and longer 65.5 per cent. discount; machine bolts, ⅜x4 and smaller 70.10 per cent. discount; larger and longer 65.10 per cent. discount.

MILL OFFAL—In carlots: Bran $23; shorts $23.50; shipstuff $24.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 88c per gallon, 90c per gallon in half barrels; No. 3 86c; linseed 62c for raw and 63c for boiled, 1c less in 5-bbl. lots; lard oil, winter strained 77c; extra No. 1 64c; No. 1 58c; No. 2 56c; benzine 12c; straits oil 23c; black oil 9@13c; golden machinery 12c; extra golden lubricator 25c; Corliss cylinder 35c; cotton-seed oil, refined, 54c per gal.; Peerless pastry oil 56c; coal oil, Kentucky test 10c; Indiana test 10¼c; radiant 11½c; star headlight, 175 test, 12½c; turpentine 66¼c; wood alcohol 55c; denatured alcohol, 180 proof, 41c; 188 proof 43c in bbls. and 45c and 47c in ½ bbls.; pine tar 10c per gallon.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white lead 6¾@7¼c per lb.; red 7@7½c; less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1@1¾c; yellow ochre ¾c.

PROVISIONS—Hams—Choice sugar-cured light and special cure 14½@15c; heavy to medium 14¼c. Bacon—Clear rib sides 15c; regular clear sides 15c; breakfast bacon 21c; sugar cured shoulders 12c; bellies, light, 16c; heavy 16c. Lard—Prime steam in tierces 13½c; pure lard in tierces 14½c; in tubs 14½c; pure leaf lard in tierces 15¼c; in tubs 15⅝c; in firkins 15⅞c. Dried beef 18c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 3½c per lb.; fancy 6¼c; Japan 5c; Carolina head 7c; fancy Patna 7¼c.

SALT—Delivered in drayload lots: 7-bu. bbl. $1.30@1.37; 5-bu. bbl. $1.10@1.15; dairy salt $1.50@2.40 per bbl.; freezing salt in 200-lb. sacks 70c per sack.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list of October 1, 1903: Single 90 and 30 per cent.; double 90 and 35 per cent.

The following quotations represent the prices paid by wholesale dealers of this city:

BEESWAX—28@29c.

DRIED FRUIT—Prime sun-dried apples, quartered 5¼@5¾c per lb.; prime sun-dried peaches, halved, 5½c per lb.

FEATHERS—Dealers discriminating against shipments containing long quills. Prime white goose 40c; prime gray 35c; No. 1 white, old, 30@35c; No. 2 white, old, 20@22c; mixed feathers 10@25c; chicken feathers 3@3½c.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides. We quote assorted lots: Dry flint 22c; dry salted 20c; green salted, cured 13c; fresh green hides 12c; No. 1 large horse hides, green salted, mane and tail $3@3.25; No. 2 do $2@2.25; sheepskin with wool on 30c@$1; shearings from 5@25c, according to wool and size; goatskins 25@40c.

ROOTS—Dry. All roots ought to be washed before dried and gingseng roots should not be split or strung. Indiana ginseng $6@6.50; Kentucky ginseng $5.50@6, according to size of roots; "Golden Seal" yellow root $1.60@1.65; Seneca snakeroot 35c; Virginia snakeroot 30c; blood root 3½c; lady slippers 15c; mayapple 6@6½c; pink root 15c.

TALLOW—No. 1 5¼@6c.

WOOL—Strong. Dealers are quoting Kentucky and Indiana clear merchantable grease wool 31@32c; Bluegrass wool 33@34c; burry wool 15@25c, according to burrs; black wool 24@25c; dead sheep and seedy wool 18@20c; merino 20@22c; tub-washed 36@40c; Southern wool 2@3c lower than Kentucky and Indiana. Wool with burrs picked out and broken up is 2@3c less, dealers and mills preferring wool in fleeces. Wool should not be tied with sisal rope or twine.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail merchants are believed to approximate a fair price in the Louisville market:

Crystal dominoes	$8 20	No. 3	$5 20
Eagle tablets	7 40	No. 6	5 10
Cut loaf	6 70	No. 7	5 05
Cubes	5 85	No. 8	5 00
XXXX powdered	5 50	No. 9	4 90
Powdered	5 80	No. 10	5 00
Diamond A	5 55	No. 11	4 80
No. 2 carton gran.	5 70	No. 12	4 85
Standard granulated, bags and barrels			5 45

GRAIN.

WHEAT—	
No. 2 red and longberry	$1 16@1 18
No. 3 red and longberry	1 12@1 15
Rejected 2@5c less; on levee 1½c less.	
CORN—	
No. 2 white	67
No. 2 mixed	67
OATS—	
No. 2 white	42½
No. 2 mixed	41½
Rye	82

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn and oats are selling prices.

COTTON.

Middling 15¼c; strict middling 15½c.

PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

Wholesale dealers' buying prices are:

BUTTER—Fresh packing 22c per lb.

EGGS—Market steady; case count 25@26c; candled 27c.

POULTRY—Hens 11c per lb.; roosters 5½c; young chickens 11@14c; ducks 11@12c; turkeys 14c; geese 7½c.

Wholesale dealers' selling prices are:

FRUITS—Apples: Ben Davis, fancy, per bbl., $4.50; Jonathan's, fancy, per bbl., $4.25; Northern Spy, fancy, bbl., $4.50; Baldwin's, fancy, per bbl., $4.50; Greenings, fancy, per bbl., $3.50; Dutchesse, fancy, per bbl., $3.50; Fall Odd Varieties, per bbl., $3.25@3.50; Ben Davis, per bbl., $3; Jonathan's Colorado fancy, box, $2.75; Jonathan's Colorado choice, box, $2.25. Oranges, Florida, 150@176 sizes, per box, $2.40; Florida, 200@216@250 sizes, per box, $2.25; Louisiana, 150@176@200@216@250 sizes, per box $2.50; grape fruit, Florida, 46@54 per box, $3.75; grape fruit, Florida, 64@80 per box, $3.50; lemons, Messina, extra fancy, $4.50 box; Messina fancy $4 box; limes, imported, $1.50; bananas, fancy, average about 65 to 80 lbs., bunch $2@2.50; 55 to 60 lbs. $1.60@1.75; 40 to 50 lbs. $1.25@1.50 bunch; California Malaga grapes $1.75 crate; California Tokay grapes $1.75 crate; Delaware fancy 20c pony basket; Concord 16c basket; Ives' Seedling 14c basket.

VEGETABLES—Tomatoes, fancy California, per crate, $1.75@2.50; cabbage, Holland seed, per ton $18, per 100 lbs. $1; new white potatoes $2 per bbl.; 150-lb. sack $1.60; onions $2.25 bbl.; 100-lb. sack $1.35; Spanish onions, new, $1.50 crate; fancy green cucumbers $1.25@1.50 doz.; new Louisiana home-grown radishes 15c doz.; beets 75c bu.; leeks, bunched 40c doz.; parsley, curly, 30c doz.; head lettuce $1.75@2 case; leaf lettuce, fine, 85c bu.; fancy eggplants $1.25@1.50 doz.; green peppers $2.50 crate; kale, fine, 85c bbl.; new horseradish $5 bbl.; new garlic 8c lb.; fresh mushrooms 85c lb.; carrots $1 bu.; green onions 20c doz.; turnips, per bbl., $1.75; Michigan celery 25@35c bunch; red peppers, per doz., 40c; cauliflower, per doz., $2@2.25; endives, per box, $2; romaine, per box, $2; escarole, per box, $2; celery roots, per doz., 40c; Hubbard squash, per bbl., $2; red cabbage, per bu., 75c; spinach, per bbl., $1.75; beans, Florida, per hamper, $3.

Wholesale dealers' prices are:

VEGETABLES—New potatoes $1.75 per bbl.; onions $1.25 per bbl.; cabbage 90c@$1 per bbl.; apples $2@3 per bbl.

LIVESTOCK MARKETS.

CATTLE TRADE UNCHANGED—HOGS STEADY TO 5c AND 10c HIGHER—SHEEP AND LAMBS DULL.

Louisville.

Louisville, Nov. 12.—Cattle—Receipts to-day were 127 head; for the week thus far 2,735. Although the supply on sale was small, it was enough to meet the requirements of the trade in most instances, and there was but little, if any, change in conditions. Choice handy weight butcher cattle were fully steady; medium and inferior kinds were dull and draggy. High grade feeders and stockers of choice quality were in excellent demand and fully steady; not enough of that class coming to supply the trade. Good demand for good weight stop steers; medium and common stockers slow sale. Bulls steady; good demand for feeding bulls. Milch cows unchanged. No heavy shipping cattle here; feeling about steady. The pens were well cleared this evening.

Quotations: Prime export steers $6@6.60; good shipping steers $5@6; beef steers $3.25@5; fat heifers $3@4.25; fat cows $3@4; cutters $2@3; canners $1.70@2; bulls $2@3.50; feeders $3.25@4.75; stockers $2.25@4.25; choice milch cows $35@45; common to fair $15@25.

Calves—Receipts 83 head; for the week thus far 459. The market ruled steady; bulk of the best 6¾@7¼c; some fancy a shade higher; medium 4½@5¼c; common 2½@4c.

Hogs—Receipts 2,791 head; for the week thus far 21,154. The market was fairly active, and while the buyers held out for a long time for steady prices, and a good many sales were made that way, the bulk of the hogs sold a little higher; selected, 165 lbs. and up, $7.85; some goods hogs over 200 lbs. $7.90; 130 to 165 lbs. $7.00@7.70; pigs $7.25 down; roughs $7.10 down. The pens were well cleared and the market closed firm.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 146; for the week thus far 693. The market ruled dull and unchanged; best fat sheep 3@3½c; culls 1@2c; best lambs 5½@6c; butchers 5@5½c; culls 4@4c.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Nov. 12.—Cattle—Receipts 5,000, including 1,300 Southerns; market steady to strong; choice export and dressed beef steers $6.50@8.50; fair to good $5@6.35; Western steers, $4@5.75; stockers and feeders $3@$5; Southern steers $3.40@5.25; Southern cows $2.75@4; native cows $2.25@5; native heifers $3.50@5.75; bulls $2.75@4.10; calves $4@7. Hogs—Receipts 7,000; market 5@15c higher; top $8.10; bulk of sales $7.70@8; heavy $7.95@8.10; packers and butchers $7.80@8.05; light $7.55@7.90; pigs $6.50@7.25; stags $8.10@8.25. Sheep—Receipts 3,000; market strong to 10c higher; lambs $6@7.60; yearlings $5@6.25; wethers $4.50@5.50; lambs $4@5; stockers and feeders $3.25@5.25.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, Nov. 12.—Cattle—Receipts 4,000, including 2,500 Texans; market steady; native shipping and export steers $6.75@8; dressed beef and butcher steers $5.50@6.50; steers under 1,000 pounds $3.75@5.40; stockers and feeders $3.50@5.25; cows and heifers $3.25@7; canners $2@2.50; bulls $2.50@4.25; calves $5.50@8.25; Texas and Indian steers $3.50@6; cows and heifers $2.25@4.50. Hogs—Receipts 7,800; market 10c higher; pigs and lights $6@7.75; packers $6.75@7.90; butchers and best heavy $8@8.15. Sheep—Receipts 1,000; market steady; native muttons $3.50@5; lambs $6.25@7.65; culls and bucks $2.50@4.40; stockers $3@3.75.

New York.

New York, Nov. 12.—Beeves—Receipts, 2,750; market firm; steers $4.10@6.80; bulls $3.40@4.50; cows $1.90@4.40; dressed beef steady at 8@11½c for native sides; Texas beef 6@8c; exports to-morrow 536 cattle and 7,289 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts 330; veals strong; grassers nominal; Western higher; veals $7@10; culls $5.50; Western calves $5.25@5.72½; dressed calves firm; city dressed veals 9@14½c; country dressed 8@13c. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 3,953; sheep steady; lambs steady to weak; sheep $3@4.50; culls $2.50; lambs $7.75@7.87½; culls $5@6.50. Hogs—Receipts 4,900; state hogs $8.25.

Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 2,000; market steady; steers $5.90@9.10; cows $3.50@8.25; stockers and feeders $3.75@5.25. Hogs—Receipts estimated at 16,000; market 5@10c higher; choice heavy $8.15@8.20; butchers, $8.10@8.20; light mixed $7.80@7.95; choice light $8@8.05; packing $8@8.15; pigs $6@7; bulk of sales $7.85@8.10. Sheep—Receipts estimated at 10,000; market steady; sheep $4.25@5.50; lambs $6.50@7.50; yearlings $5@6.50.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Nov. 12.—Cattle—Receipts 1,000; market steady; fair to good shippers $5.65@6.60; common $1.75@3.50. Hogs—Receipts 5,000; market steady; 5c lower; butchers and shippers $7.80@8; common $5.75@7.50. Sheep—Receipts 1,000; market steady, $2@4.50. Lambs—Market slow and generally 25c lower, $3.50@7.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Friday Evening, Nov. 12.—The sales on the local tobacco breaks to-day were very light—only 166 hogsheads being offered. New Burley met with a fair demand and brought unchanged prices. Dark tobacco found ready buyers and prices were fully up. The market for all kinds of tobacco was fairly good.

During the week 766 hogsheads were sold at auction and 532 privately, the total of 1,298 comparing with 695 in the same week last year, 1,566 in 1907 and 2,607 in 1906. The week's sales included 350 new Burley, 44 last year's crop and 42 old crops, 15 new dark, 817 last year's crop and 30 old crops. Rejections were 15 per cent. of auction sales, compared with 15 per cent. in the same week last year and 28 per cent. two years ago. Receipts were 448 hogsheads, against 364 in the corresponding week last year and 792 in 1907. To this date last year there had been sold of last year's crop 325 Burley, 14 dark and 77 Virginia primings.

The following is the report to-day on the Louisville market, including all warehouses:

	Hhds.
Burley (1909)	37
Dark (1908)	99
Total	136
Original inspection	96
Reviews	40
Rejections yesterday	23

First sale Tuesday at the People's house.

Official Quotations.

The following are the revised quotations on leaf tobacco as compiled by the Committee on Quotations of the Louisville Leaf Tobacco Exchange for the week ended November 12, 1909:

1908 CROP.

BURLEY.	Dark Red.	Bright Red.
Trash (gr'n or mixed)	$8 50@ 9 50	10 00@11 00
Trash (sound)	10 00@12 00	12 00@15 00
Common lugs	12 00@13 00	13 00@14 50
Medium lugs	13 00@14 50	15 00@16 00
Good lugs	15 00@16 00	16 00@17 00
Common leaf (short)	12 00@13 00	14 00@15 00
Common leaf	13 50@15 00	15 00@16 00
Medium leaf	15 50@16 50	16 50@17 50
Good leaf	17 00@18 00	18 00@20 00
Fine and selections	19 00@21 00	21 00@22 50

BURLEY.	Colory.
Trash (green or mixed)	13 50@14 50
Trash (sound)	15 00@17 00
Common lugs	17 50@18 00
Medium lugs	18 00@19 00
Good lugs	19 00@21 00
Common leaf (short)	15 50@16 50
Common leaf	16 50@17 50
Medium leaf	17 50@18 50
Good leaf	19 00@21 00
Fine and selections	22 00@23 50

DARK.	Mfg.
Trash (green or mixed)	$1 50
Trash (sound)	4 75@ 5 25
Common lugs	5 50@ 5 75
Medium lugs	6 00@ 7 00
Good lugs	7 00@ 7 50
Common leaf (short)	7 50@ 8 50
Common leaf	8 50@ 9 50
Medium leaf	9 75@10 75
Good leaf	11 00@11 75
Fine and selections	12 00@14 25

DARK.	Rehandling.	Export.
Trash (gr'n or mixed)	....	$4 50
Trash (sound)	....	4 75@ 5 00
Common lugs	....	5 25@ 5 50
Medium lugs	....	5 50@ 5 75
Good lugs	$6 00@ 6 50	5 75@ 6 25
Common leaf (short)	6 50@ 7 50	7 00@ 8 00
Common leaf	7 00@ 8 50	8 00@ 9 00
Medium leaf	8 75@ 9 75	9 00@10 00
Good leaf	10 00@10 75	10 50@11 00
Fine and selections	10 75@11 00	12 00@13 50

1909 CROP.

BURLEY.	Dark Red.	Bright Red.
Trash (gr'n or mixed)	$7 00@ 8 00	$8 50@ 9 50
Trash (sound)	8 50@ 9 50	10 00@11 00
Common lugs	10 00@11 00	11 00@12 00
Medium lugs	11 50@12 00	12 50@14 00
Good lugs	12 50@14 00	15 00@16 00
Common leaf (short)	10 50@11 50	12 00@13 50
Common leaf	12 00@13 00	14 00@15 50
Medium leaf	13 50@14 50	15 75@16 50
Good leaf	15 00@16 50	17 00@18 00
Fine and selections	17 00@18 00	18 50@19 50

BURLEY.	Colory.
Trash (green or mixed)	10 00@11 50
Trash (sound)	12 00@13 00
Common lugs	15 50@16 50
Medium lugs	17 00@18 00
Good lugs	18 00@19 50
Common leaf (short)	13 50@14 50
Common leaf	15 00@16 00
Medium leaf	16 50@17 50
Good leaf	18 00@18 50
Fine and selections	19 00@20 00

N. B.—Unsound or defective in condition, length or color, or mixed packages, from 1c to 3c lower.

Weekly Report.

The following is the report of the Louisville Leaf Tobacco Exchange for the week and year to November 12, 1909, as furnished by R. B. Green, the secretary:

	Hhds.
Auction sales	766
Private sales	532
Total for the week	1,298
January 1 to date	74,298

	Week.	Year.
Year 1908	695	95,654
Year 1907	1,566	112,342
Year 1906	2,607	132,224

CLASSIFICATION OF THIS WEEK'S SALES.

	Old crps.	1908 crp.	1909 crp.	Total.
Burley	42	44	350	436
Dark	30	817	15	862
Totals	72	861	365	1,298

CLASSIFICATION OF SALES JANUARY 1 TO DATE.

	Old crps.	1908 crp.	1909 crp.	Total.
Burley	11,343	21,119	1,728	34,190
Dark	3,174	36,877	57	40,108
Totals	14,517	57,996	1,785	74,298

CLASSIFICATION OF SALES TO SAME DATE IN

	1908.	1907.	1906.
Burley	59,796	61,221	84,244
Dark	35,258	51,121	47,980
Totals	95,054	112,342	132,224

COMPARISON WITH PREVIOUS YEARS' SALES.

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Total sales of new crop to date	71,814	77,047	107,755
Sales of new crop to date, original inspection	64,153	69,586	95,778

REJECTIONS.

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Rejections this week	112	99	287
Percentage of rejections to auction sales	35	15	28
Rejections Jan. 1 to date	7,487	7,912	12,206

RECEIPTS.

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Receipts this week	448	364	792
Receipts Jan. 1 to date	55,620	77,759	94,460

SALES OF NEW CROP TO THIS DATE IN 1908.

Burley 325; dark 14; Virginia primings 77.

NEW YORK BOND SALES.

(Reported by L. W. Green.)

(10 to 10:25 a. m.)
Am. T. and T. conv. 4s. $11,000 ....104½
Armour 4½s. $3,000 ....93⅝
C., B. and Q. joint 4s. $35,000 ....95⅝; $2,000 ....95¾
M., K. and T. 4½s. $2,000 ....91¼
Missouri Pacific 4s. $5,000 ....80¾
N. Y. Central 4s, 1957. $2,000 ....100⅛
Penn. conv. 3½s. $5,000 ....99½
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1915. $62,000 ....95⅝
St. L. and S. F. g. m. 5s. $1,000 ....89¾
South. Pacific ref. 4s. $1,000 ....91⅝
South. Pacific conv. 4s. $5,000 ....102; $44,000 ....102½; $16,000 ....102¾
Union Pacific 1st 4s. $5,000 ....101⅝
Union Pacific conv. 4s. $62,000 114
Va.-Car. Chem. 1st 5s. $5,000 97
Westinghouse conv. 5s. $9,000 ....94⅛
(10:25 to 10:55 a. m.)
Am. T. and T. conv. 4s. $11,000 ....104½; $5,000 ....104⅝
Am. Tobacco 4s, reg. $5,000 109
Armour 4½s. $4,000 ....93⅜; $2,000 ....93⅝
Atchison gen. 4s. $2,000 ....100; $2,000 ....99⅞
Atchison conv. 4s. $2,000 ....119⅜; $20,000 ....119⅛
Bethlehem Steel 5s. $16,000 ....89⅞
B. R. T. 4s. $5,000 ....84⅛
Brook. Union Gas 5s. $1,000 ....107½
Cen. Ga. 3d income. $12,000 83
Central Leather 5s. $1,000 ....98⅝
C., B. and Q. joint 4s. $52,000 ....95⅝; $25,000 ....95⅜
C., B. and Q. g. m. 4s. $12,000 ....99⅜
C., R. I. and P. R. R. 4s. $3,000 ....76⅞
C., R. I. and P. col. tr. 5s. $19,000 ....91⅝
Int.-Met. col. tr. 4½s. $30,000 ....82⅞; $10,000 ....82¾; $39,000 83
M., K. and T. 4½s. $50,000 ....96½
Penn. conv. 3½s. $5,000 100
St. L. and S. F. ref. 4s. $5,000 84
South. Pacific conv. 4s. $5,000 ....102⅛
Southern Railway 4s. $5,000 ....80⅛
U. P. conv. 4s. $13,000 ....114⅛
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s. $10,000 105
(10:55 a. m. to 12:45 p. m.)
Am. T. and T. conv. 4s. $30,000 ....104⅝
American Tobacco 4s. $1,000 ....80⅛
Atchison gen. 4s. $3,000 ....99⅞
Atchison conv. 4s. $19,000 ....120¼
Atchison conv. 5s. $10,000 ....120¼
B. R. T. 4s. $1,000 ....84½
C., B. and Q. joint 4s. $10,000 ....95⅜; $1,000 ....95⅝
C., B. and Q. g. m. 4s. $2,000 99
C. and N. W. 3½s. $13,000 ....90; $9,000 ....93⅛
Col. and Southern 4½s. $16,000 ....97⅜
Dist. Securities 5s. $4,000 ....74¼
G. B. and W. deb. Bs. $2,000 ....14½
Int.-Met. col. tr. 4½s. $5,000 83
Japan new 4½s. $5,000 ....92½; $2,000 93
L. S. and M. S. 4s. $1,000 95
Missouri Pacific 4s. $3,000 ....80⅞
Mo. Pacific 5s, 1920. $5,000 ....102¼
N. Y. Central 3½s. $1,000 91
N. Y. City new 4½s. $1,000 ....109⅝
N. Y. City 4½s. $1,000 ....109¾
N. Y., N. H. and H. conv. 3½s. $35,000 ....98½
N. P. prior lien 4s. $5,000 ....102¼
Pacific T. and T. 5s. $6,000 ....98½
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1915. $3,000 ....95⅝
Reading 4s. $12,000 ....99¼
South. Pacific ref. 4s. $2,000 ....91⅝
South. Pacific conv. 4s. $45,000 ....102⅛
Southern Railway 4s. $5,000 ....80½
Union Pacific ref. 4s. $5,000 ....97½
Union Pacific conv. 4s. $2,000 ....114¼
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s. $12,000 ....105; $2,000 ....105⅛
Wabash ex. 4s. $15,000 ....73⅜; $2,000 ....73⅛
Western Union 4½s. $5,000 ....91½; $1,000 ....94⅛
(12:45 p. m. to close.)
Armour 4½s. $1,000 ....94⅜; $5,000 ....94⅛
Atchison gen. 4s. $1,000 ....99⅞
Atchison conv. 5s. $23,000 ....120¼
A. C. L. col. tr. 4s. $4,000 ....95⅝
B. and O. 4s. $10,000 ....99⅛
B. R. T. 4s. $5,000 ....84⅛
B. R. T. 5s. $5,000 ....104½
C. and A. 3½s. $2,000 74
C., B. and Q. joint 4s. $11,000 ....95⅝
C., R. I. and P. R. R. 4s. $1,000 ....76⅞; $2,000 ....76⅞
C., R. I. and P. ref. 4s. $1,000 ....90½
Col. Midland 1st 4s. $1,000 ....80⅝
G. B. and W. deb. Bs. $5,000 ....14½
International Paper 5s. $37,000 ....87½; $32,000 ....87⅛
L. S. and M. S. 4s. $2,000 ....94⅞
Mo. Pacific 5s, 1917. $2,000 ....101⅜
N. Y. Central 4s. $1,000 ....94⅝
N. Y. City 4½s. $5,000 ....109⅝
N. Y. City 4s, 1957. $7,000 ....100⅝
Penn. conv. 3½s. $3,000 ....99⅞
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1915. $10,000 ....95½; $15,000 ....95⅝
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s. $18,000 ....105¼
Wabash ex. 4s. $2,000 ....73⅛
Western Md. 1st 4s. $3,000 ....83½
Wisconsin Central 4s. $5,000 95

Total sales (par value) $3,794,000.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, Nov. 12.—The cotton market was very nervous and irregular to-day, with trading comparatively quiet and the close steady, but at a net decline of 8@16 points. The opening was barely steady at a decline of 10@14 points in response to weak Liverpool cables and the failure of the weather map to show predicted frosts in the Southwest. But Southern spot advices continued very bullish, there were claims of an improved demand from spinners, spot houses seemed to be giving the futures market some support and shortly after the opening prices rallied to within 4 or 5 points of last night's final on covering and a scattering demand from outside sources. Offerings increased on the advance, however, with indications that outside longs were evening up their lines pending further developments, or possibly in preparation for the census figures expected a week from Monday, and during the late forenoon prices broke to a net loss of about 15@21 points. There was a little support from some of the leading bulls on this decline, and subsequent fluctuations were very irregular, but without any particular feature. January closed at 14.49c and May at 14.70c bid, compared with 14.63c and 14.03c, the best prices of the day. The Western belt forecast again called for frost in the Southwest, and this, in connection with the bullish spot advices, helped such rallies as occurred during the day, while the falling off in the into-sight as compared with last year was about as expected, and exerted little influence in the late trading. Southern spot markets officially reported early were generally unchanged to 14 points lower.

Spot market opened quiet; middling uplands 14.85c; do gulf 15.10c. Closed quiet, 10 points lower; middling uplands 14.75c; do gulf 15c. Sales 1,000 bales.

Receipts at the ports to-day were 62,475 bales, against 69,059 last week and 91,545 last year; for the week 375,000, against 405,452 last week and 484,052 last year; to-day's receipts at New Orleans 9,449, against 12,676 last year.

Futures opened barely steady and closed steady. The range for the day was as follows:

MONTH.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.
November	....	....	....	14.18
December	14.40	14.48	14.34*	14.34
January	14.52	14.63	14.46	14.49
February	....	....	....	14.54
March	14.70	14.82	14.61	14.67
April	....	....	....	14.67
May	14.83	14.93	14.75	14.79
June	....	....	....	14.78
July	14.80	14.80	14.75	14.77
August	14.20	14.26	14.15	14.13
September	....	13.00	12.91	12.95
October	12.85*	12.57	12.35	12.45

*Offered.

New Orleans, Nov. 12.—Spot cotton quiet, ⅛c lower. Sales on the spot 200 bales; to arrive 800. Quotations: Low ordinary 10 11-16c, nominal; ordinary 11¼c, nominal; good ordinary 12 15-16c; strict good ordinary 13⅝c; low middling 13 13-16c; strict low middling 14⅛c; middling 14⅜c; strict middling 14½c; good middling 14⅞c; strict good middling 14 13-16c; middling fair 14 15-16c; middling fair to fair 15 5-16c; fair 15 11-16c, nominal. Receipts 9,489 bales; stock 170,931.

Futures opened steady at a decline of 13@16 points on unfavorable cables. Brokers were aggressive from the opening over the failure of really bad weather to materialize in the western belt and the ring was unable to absorb the offerings. Before noon they caused a break of $1 a bale, which decline they were able to maintain during the greater part of the session, prices at the lowest standing 19@20 points below yesterday's closing. In the last half hour of the session the posting of the visible statement caused a flurry of buying and a partial recovery, for it noted larger spinner takings than expected. The market closed steady at a net decline of 11@12 points. The range for the day was as follows:

MONTH.	Opening Bid.	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.
November	....	....	....	14.15
December	14.39	14.47	14.30	14.38
January	14.52	14.66	14.48	14.56
March	14.81	14.92	14.75	14.88
May	14.94	15.04	14.88	14.97
July	15.05	15.13	15.02	15.07
September	....	13.35	13.10	13.14

Liverpool, Nov. 12.—Spot cotton closed quiet; prices 5 points lower; American middling fair 8.09d; good middling 7.84d; middling 7.72d; low middling 7.62d; good ordinary 7.36d; ordinary 7.11d. The sales of the day were 4,000 bales, of which 300 were for speculation and export and included 3,700 American. Receipts 32,600 bales, including 22,800 American. Futures opened quiet and steady and closed barely steady. November 7.49d; November-December 7.49d; December-January 7.49½d; January-February 7.51d; February-March 7.53½d; March-April 7.56½d; April-May 7.58½d; May-June 7.59½d; June-July 7.58d; July-August 7.57d; August-September 7.24d; September-October 6.774; October-November 6.664½d; November-December 6.59d.

Savannah, Nov. 12.—Cotton steady; middling 14 3-16c; net and gross receipts 9,164 bales; sales 1,350; stock 232,142; exports to France 6,017; shipments coastwise 8,573.

Galveston, Nov. 12.—Cotton steady; middling 14 3-16c; net and gross receipts 18,692 bales; sales 200; stock 265,283; shipments coastwise 1,233.

Memphis, Nov. 12.—Cotton steady; middling 15c; net receipts 3,300 bales; gross 6,488; shipments 5,981; sales 1,250; stock 166,709.

St. Louis, Nov. 12.—Cotton firm; middling 15c; net receipts 800 bales; gross 5,084; shipments 5,533; sales 33; stock 27,322.

Boston, Nov. 12.—Cotton quiet; middling 14.75c; net receipts 160 bales; gross 4,218; exports to Great Britain 2,518.

Comparative Cotton Statement.

New York, Nov. 12.—The following is the comparative statement for the week ended to-day.

	1909.	1908.
Net receipts at all U. S. ports	368,058	473,732
Total receipts since Sept. 1	3,580,005	3,553,955
Exports for the week	158,277	290,881
Total exports since Sept. 1	2,421,313	2,525,843
Stock at all U. S. ports	946,918	910,789
Stock at all interior towns	649,409	705,216
Stock at Liverpool	....	455,000
Stock Am'n afloat for G. B.	....	308,000

Cotton Receipts.

New York, Nov. 12.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1:

	Bales.
Galveston	1,191,760
New Orleans	454,973
Mobile	115,212
Savannah	907,462
Charleston	147,415
Wilmington	210,954
Norfolk	257,298
Baltimore	16,968
New York	1,347
Boston	1,888
Newport News	1,685
Philadelphia	552
San Francisco	6,780
Brunswick	131,703
Port Townsend	5,066
Pensacola	35,648
Port Arthur and Sabine Pass	39,017
Jacksonville	13,614
Eagle Pass, Tex.	410
El Paso, Tex.	250
Laredo, Tex.	660
Gulfport	7,981
Georgetown	524
Texas City	4,755
Minor ports	1,573
Total	3,580,005

Movement of Cotton.

New York, Nov. 12.—The following statistics on the movement of cotton for the week ending to-day were compiled by the New York Cotton Exchange:

WEEKLY MOVEMENT.

	This Year.	Last Year.
Port receipts	367,730	484,052
Overland to mills and Canada	52,728	66,151
Southern mill takings (est.)	85,000	100,000
Gain of stock at interior towns	56,556	54,652
Brought into sight for week	561,563	704,805

TOTAL CROP MOVEMENT.

	This Year.	Last Year.
Port receipts	3,504,390	3,575,068
Overland to mills and Canada	188,186	301,239
Southern mill takings (est.)	695,000	730,000
Stock at interior towns in excess of Sept. 1	484,430	549,334
Brought into sight thus far for season	4,902,000	5,155,631

Liverpool Cotton Statistics.

Liverpool, Nov. 12.—Following are the weekly cotton statistics:

	Bales.
Total sales, all kinds	38,000
Total sales, American	30,000
English spinners' takings	83,000
Total exports	13,000
Quantity afloat, all kinds	461,000
Quantity afloat, American	398,000
Total sales on speculation	1,600
Total sales to exporters	1,500
Imports, all kinds	110,000
Imports, American	84,000
Stock, all kinds	756,000
Stock, American	674,000
American forwarded	65,000

COTTON COMMENT.

New York.—The temporary reactions are natural and healthy and should not disturb holders who have based their purchases on the conditions relating to supply and demand. There is not a single reason to sell cotton except the price, and that reason has grown less potent every day since the season opened and the movement started. The bulk of the crop has passed from first hands at advancing prices, and the remainder will be the most bullish factor of all by reason of the prices that will be commanded for it and the increasing difficulty mills will have securing cotton.—Hill, of Logan & Bryan, to W. L. Lyons & Co.

The reports on the demand for cotton goods are disappointing. There is some business doing, of course, but buyers are very cautious and unwilling to make contracts until the market has shown ability to maintain this level, while exporters are buying lightweight goods rather than heavyweight, reducing the net consumption.—(Finley Barrell & Co.

HESTER'S COTTON STATEMENT

New Orleans, Nov. 12.—Secretary Hester's weekly New Orleans Cotton Exchange statement, issued before the close of business to-day, shows a decrease in the movement into sight compared with the seven days ending this date last year in round figures 124,000 bales, an increase over the same days year before last of 803,000 and a decrease under the same time in 1906 of 50,000.

For the twelve days of November the totals show a decrease under last year of 141,000 bales, an increase over the same period year before last of 185,000 and a decrease under the same time in 1906 of 41,000.

For the seventy-three days of the season that have elapsed the aggregate is behind the seventy-three days of last year 31,000 bales, ahead of the same days year before last 1,357,000 and ahead of 1906 by 485,000.

The amount brought into sight during the past week has been 533,034 bales, against 656,940 for the seven days ending this date last year, 447,357 year before last and 582,746 the same time in 1906, and, for the twelve days of November it has been 968,585, against 1,109,282 last year, 783,170 year before last and 1,009,245 same time in 1906.

The movement since September 1 shows receipts at all United States ports of 3,580,005 bales, against 3,481,154 last year, 2,460,461 year before last and 3,201,346 same time in 1906. Overland across the Mississippi, Ohio and Potomac Rivers to Northern mills and Canada 193,244, against 296,570 last year, 124,342 year before last and 160,162 same time in 1906; interior stocks in excess of those held at the close of the commercial year 519,559, against 526,568 last year, 320,475 year before last and 327,027 same time in 1906; Southern mills takings 537,000, against 519,286 last year, 367,526 year before last and 572,181 same time in 1906.

These make the total movement for the seventy-three days of the season from September 1 to date 4,829,788 bales, against 4,860,874 last year, 3,472,804 year before last and 4,244,716 same time in 1906.

Foreign exports for the week have been 249,145 bales, against 325,623 last year, making the total thus far for the season 2,541,887, against 2,331,594 last year, an increase of 120,293.

Northern mills takings and Canada during the past seven days show a decrease of 22,305 bales, as compared with the corresponding period last year, and their total takings since September 1 have decreased 160,142. The total takings of American mills, North, South and Canad, thus far for the season, have been 1,104,640, against 1,245,904 last year. These include 559,744 by Northern spinners, against 719,886.

Stocks at the seaboard and the twenty-nine leading Southern interior centers have increased during the week 118,788 bales, against an increase during the corresponding period last season of 120,754, and are now 39,146 smaller than at this date in 1908.

Including stocks left over at ports and interior towns from the last crop and the number of bales brought into sight thus far from the new crop, the supply to date is 5,082,104 bales, against 5,142,221 for the same period last year.

Hester's World's Visible Supply.

New Orleans, Nov. 12.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton, made up from special cable and telegraphic advices, compares the figures of this week with last week, last year and the year before. It shows an increase for the week just closed of 342,500 bales, against an increase of 224,259 last year and an increase of 151,403 year before last.

The total visible is 4,302,151 bales, against 3,959,651 last week, 3,842,159 last year and 3,523,361 year before last. Of this the total of American cotton is 3,680,151, against 3,512,651 last week, 3,289,159 last year and 2,737,485 year before last, and of all other kinds, including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 622,000, against 447,000 last week, 553,000 last year and 785,756 year before last.

The total world's visible supply of cotton as above shows an increase compared with last week of 342,500 bales, an increase compared with last year of 459,992, and an increase compared with year before last of 778,790.

Of the world's visible supply of cotton as above there is now afloat and held in Great Britain and continental Europe 2,396,000 bales, against 1,983,00 last year and 1,930,000 year before last; in Egypt, 159,000, against 166,000 last year and 150,000 year before last; in India, 224,000, against 112,000 last year and 297,000 year before last; and in the United States, 1,525,000, against 1,851,000 last year and 1,176,000 year before last.

Taking of American Cotton By Spinners Throughout the World.

New Orleans, Nov. 12.—Secretary Hester gives the taking of American cotton by spinners throughout the world as follows, in round numbers:

This week 366,000 bales this year, against 461,000 last year and 275,000 year before last.

Total since September 1 this year 2,622,000 bales, against 2,561,000 last year and 2,080,000 the year before.

Of this Northern spinners and Canada took 560,000 bales this year, against 720,000 last year and 397,000 the year before; Southern spinners 534,000, against 286,000 last year and 577,000 the year before; and foreign spinners 1,517,000, against 1,315,000 last year and 1,106,000 the year before.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—Lively demand for cash wheat in the Northwest and Southwest prompted urgent covering by shorts in the wheat market here to-day, resulting in material gains. At the close prices were up from ⅜c to 1½@1⅝c compared with the final figures of the previous session. Corn, oats and provisions were also firm and closed at moderate advances.

The wheat market was strong all day and prices moved over a wide range. Increased congestion in the December delivery was the feature of trading and was the occasion for a 2c advance in the price of that option. Reports from Duluth indicated that wheat there was being rushed eastward in large quantities, and it was predicted that stocks there would decrease nearly 1,400,000 bushels during the week. In the Southwest the cash markets felt the effects of diminishing receipts. The range on the December delivery during the day was between $1.05 and $1.07. The market closed active and strong, with prices only ¼c from the top, final quotations on December being at $1.06⅝.

The wet weather, extending over the greater part of the corn belt, was the principal reason for moderate strength displayed by the corn market. Trading was rather light and confined on the buying side to covering by shorts. The close was firm, with prices up ⅛@¼c to ¼@⅜c.

Oats were firm, but the volume of trading was small. The strength on wheat and corn was the main factor. The market closed firm at net gains of a shade to ⅛c.

Fresh advances were made in provisions as a result of renewed buying by shorts, based on a continuation of light receipts of live hogs throughout the West. Pork was especially strong, the January delivery advancing 37½c above the previous close. The market closed strong, with prices up 2½@35c.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
*WHEAT—				
Dec.	$1 05½	$1 07	$1 05	$1 06⅝
May	1 04½	1 05⅝	1 04	1 05⅜
July	97¼	97⅞	97	97½
Dec.	97½	97⅞	97	97½
*CORN—				
Dec.	59⅛	59⅝	59⅛	59½
May	60⅞	61	60⅝	60⅞
July	60⅛	60½	60⅛	60⅜
*OATS—				
Dec.	39⅛	39⅜	39⅛	39⅜
May	41⅝	41⅞	41⅝	41⅞
July	39⅜	39⅞	39⅜	39⅞
PORK—				
Jan.	21 17½	21 52½	21 17½	21 50
May	20 17½	20 32½	20 17½	20 27½
LARD—				
Nov.	12 00	12 05	12 00	12 05
Jan.	11 90	11 95	11 87½	11 92½
May	11 42½	11 45	11 42½	11 42½
RIBS—				
Jan.	10 65	10 77½	10 65	10 70
May	10 50	10 50	10 45	10 47½

*For the splits on wheat, corn and oats see introduction.

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Winter patents $5.50@5.80; straights $4.50@5.45; spring patents, straights, $4.75@4.90; bakers' $3.25@5.20. Market firm.

Grain—No. 2 rye 73½@74c; feed or mixing barley 52@56c; fair to choice malting do 67@66c; No. 1 Southwestern flaxseed $1.66; No. 1 Northwestern do $1.76; timothy seed $3.75; clover $9.50@14.

Provisions—Mess pork $23.75@24 per bbl.; lard $13.15 per 100 lbs.; short ribs sides, loose, $11@11.37½; short clear sides, boxed, $11@11.25.

GRAIN STATISTICS.

Total clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 448,000 bushels. Exports for the week, as shown by Bradstreet's, were equal to 5,355,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 1,169,000 bushels, compared with 981,000 the corresponding day a year ago.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow: Wheat 40 cars; corn 196; oats 134; hogs 11,000 head.

DAILY MOVEMENT OF PRODUCE.

Receipts—Flour 31,200 bbls.; wheat 75,600 bu.; corn 200,000; oats 255,600; rye 4,000; barley 106,500. Shipments—Flour 34,300 bbls.; wheat 76,700 bu.; corn 151,300; oats 420,400; rye 4,700; barley 56,000.

CARLOT RECEIPTS.

Wheat 28 cars, with 9 of contract grade; corn 193, with 37 of contract grade; oats 130. Total receipts of wheat at Chicago, Minneapolis and Duluth to-day were 670 cars, compared with 875 last week and 782 the corresponding day a year ago.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Butter steady; creameries 26½@30c; dairies 24@28c. Eggs firm; receipts 4,701 cases; at mark cases included 20½@25½c; firsts 27c; prime firsts 28c. Cheese firm; daisies 16@16¾c; twins 15⅞@16c; young Americas 16@16¼c; long horns 15⅞@16c. Potatoes steady; choice to fancy 40@45c; fair to good 30@35c. Poultry firm; turkeys 16c; chickens 12c; springs 12½c. Veal steady; 50 to 60-lb. wts. 7@7½c; 60 to 85-lb. wts 7½@9c; 85 to 110-lb. wts 9½@11c.

GRAIN LETTERS.

Chicago.—In a general way private cables contradicted the claim of serious damage to the Argentine wheat crop. Late there was a rumor by way of London that Argentina had a frost, but no statement as to probable damage. A late message from St. Louis told of a report of the Hessian fly in the Illinois wheat fields. About the same time the Modern Miller weekly report claimed hard and soft winter wheat raisers were making no deliveries and were inclined to hold the balance of the crop for higher prices. Independent of this late news, the situation was strong, based on small accumulation of stocks at Minneapolis for the week, stiff cash premiums there and for smaller shipments out of Duluth, and our correspondent says the wheat is going to Buffalo and Eastern mills, and the Durum wheat to Germany. Back of everything else is the fact that certain strong elevator interests here have the December wheat bought and hold it off the market. Some of the leaders who have been most bearish are beginning to express the belief that present conditions may run prices still higher and are advising against short sales. At times there is buying of December and sales of May for the same account. The market closed without any indication of a top-heavy market even at the advance.—(Logan & Bryan to W. L. Lyons & Co.

Chicago.—Although cash wheat was neglected here, it was quoted strong elsewhere, and especially in the Northwest. Statistics and foreign news bearish, but were completely ignored. The possibility of manipulation of December both here and in Minneapolis is now overshadowing every commercial feature, and in consequence sentiment is very bearish. While we realize that with trade in its present mood the bulls will have the best of the argument, we would not advise getting too enthusiastically bullish on these sudden swells, as, unless the public shows more disposition to enthuse, the market is liable to develop into an overbought condition. In our opinion, it is a market which makes conservatism imperative. Unless the weather should be very favorable from now on, or farmers show more disposition to market their holdings, shorts in December corn will find it hard to cover. We naturally feel confident that all purchases made on depressions will ultimately show handsome profits. While we believe oats prices will ultimately drag lower, we look for no decided change in either direction until something develops to stimulate outside interest.—(Finley Barrell & Co.

Chicago.—The situation in December is the main thing at present and shorts have covered freely. Stocks here are light, and, with Duluth prices advancing with this market, there does not seem to be much promise of any heavy movement here. The Modern Miller says country offerings have shut off in all directions. Cash prices have again begun to tighten a little bit here and in the Northwest, while St. Louis reported a much stronger market. Argentine news was almost entirely of a favorable kind, and world's shipments promise to be liberal. These factors are not very effective at the moment, however, local and domestic conditions being paramount. Short covering may carry prices higher, but would not get enthusiastic on this bulge.—(S. B. Chapin & Co. to S. C. Henning & Co.

Chicago.—The strength in December wheat in all markets was the feature of the day. Argentina, with her locust damage, was forgotten, and the anxiety on the part of the shorts in December to cover overshadowed all other news. The demand was supplied chiefly by commission houses on resting orders. Nobody is making new commitments of moment on the short side of the near future now. Minneapolis premiums were stronger and 3c to 3¼c over December. The weather has turned very cold in the Northwest, which is apt to increase deliveries from first hands, as it stops farm work. Until the short interest in December is relieved, May wheat cannot be expected to decline, but we would not buy it now.—(Bartlett, Patten & Co. to Washington Flexner & Co.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Nov. 12.—Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red Western winter 7s 11½d; futures quiet; December 7s 11⅝d; March 7s 8¾d; May 7s 7⅝d. Corn—Spot easy; new American mixed (via Galveston) 5s 9½d; futures steady; December 5s 3⅝d.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New York.

New York, Nov. 12.—Butter steady; receipts 3,795; creamery specials 3(?)c; do extras 30c; do thirds to firsts 26@29½c; do process 25½@28c; Western factory 23½@25c; imitation creamery 26@27c. Cheese steady; receipts 3,553; State full cream specials 16⅞@17½c; do September fancy 16½c; do October best 16c; do common to good 14½@15⅝c; skims full to special 6@14½c. Eggs steady; receipts 4,289 cases; State, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery white fancy 48@55c; do gathered white 35@40c; do hennery brown 38@40c; do gathered brown 30@36c; refrigerator, special marks fancy 25c; do firsts 23@24c; do seconds 21@22c; Western extra firsts 33@35c; do firsts 29@32c; do seconds 25½@27c. Poultry—Alive firm; Western chickens 15c; fowls 14½c; turkeys 12@16c; dressed steady; Western chickens (broilers) 15@21c; fowls 12@14c; turkeys 16@20c. Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining 3.95c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4.45c; molasses sugar 3.70c; refined steady; crushed 5.95c; powdered 5.35c; granulated 5.25c.

Flour—Receipts 29,000 bbls.; exports 10,025; market firm, in sympathy with wheat; demand slow. Rye flour steady. Buckwheat flour dull. Corn meal and rye steady. Barley quiet.

Wheat—Receipts 127,700 bu.; exports 326,934. Spot market strong; No. 2 red $1.27 asked domestic elevator and $1.26¾ nominal f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth $1.16⅞ nominal f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter $1.18⅝ nominal f. o. b. afloat. The strong cash situation and fear of manipulation in December caused shorts to cover and December sold at a new high record for the season. There were good export orders in the market, but offerings were light and selling prices were raised. The market closed firm at a net advance of ⅜@1⅝c. December $1.13⅝@1.15, closed at $1.15; May $1.11@1.12¼, closed at $1.12.

Corn—Receipts 11,120 bu. Spot market strong; No. 2 72c elevator domestic, 72½c delivered and 72c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow 72c, all nominal. Options without transactions, closing ¼@½c higher; December closed at 70⅝c; May closed at 68½c.

Oats—Receipts 85,400 bu. Spot market steady; mixed, 26@32 lbs., nominal; natural white, 26@32 lbs., 44½@46c; clipped white, 34@42 lbs., 45½@48½c.

Hay firm. Hops dull. Hides firm. Leather steady. Wool and beef firm. Cut meats steady. Lard firmer; Middle West $13.35@13.55; refined firm; continent $13.80; South American $14.25; compound $10@10.25. Pork firm. Tallow quiet. Cotton-seed oil barely steady; prime crude $5.87; do yellow $6.77@6.88; January $6.83@6.84. Petroleum, rosin and rice steady. Turpentine quiet. Molasses firm.

Metals—The market for standard copper was dull to-day, no sales being reported on the New York Metal Exchange. Spot, November and December closed at $12.60@12.75, January at $12.70@13, February at $12.80@13.10 and March at $12.90@13.15. The London market closed steady, with spot quoted at £58 17s 6d and futures at £60. Sales there included 200 tons spot and 1,000 tons futures. Local dealers quote lake copper at $13¼@13.25, electrolytic at $12.87½@13 and casting at $12.75@12.87½. Tin was easy, with spot and November closing at $30.25@30.40, December at $30.25@30.50, January at $30.30@30.60 and February at $30.40@30.70. Sales on the New York exchange were 10 tons spot at $30.40. The London market closed firm, with spot quoted at £138 15s and futures at £141. Lead quiet; spot $4.37½@4.45 New York and $4.22½@4.27½ East St. Louis. London unchanged at £13. Spelter quiet, with spot quoted at $6.25@6.40 New York and at $6.20@6.25 East St. Louis. The London market was unchanged at £23 5s. Iron was unchanged at 50s 10½d for Cleveland warrants in London. Locally, the market was steady; No. 1 foundry Northern $19@19.50; No. 2 do $18.50@19; No. 1 Southern and No. 1 Southern soft $19.25@19.75.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, Nov. 12.—Wheat—Futures higher; cash higher; on track: No. 2 red cash $1.21@1.25; No. 2 hard $1.08@1.09½; December $1.06@1.06⅛; May $1.06½. Corn firm; futures higher; on track: No. 2 59@60c; No. 2 white 60@61c; December 58@58⅛c; May 60⅜@60½c. Oats firm; on track: No. 2 cash 39½@40c; No. 2 white 42c; December 38⅛c; May 41⅝c. Lead $4.25. Spelter $6.25. Poultry—Chickens 11c; springs 12½c; turkeys 14½@15c; ducks 11½c; geese 8c. Butter—Creamery 25@31c. Eggs 25½c. Flour unchanged; red winter patents $5.50@5.80; extra fancy and straight $4.90@5.40; hard winter clears $3.80@4.40. Timothy seed $2.60@3.50. Corn meal $3. Bran higher; sacked on east track $1@1.02. Hay steady; timothy $12@16; prairie $11@12.50. Whisky $1.30. Iron cotton ties 90c. Bagging 9 9-16c. Hemp twine 7c. Pork higher; jobbing $25. Lard higher; prime steam $12.80@13. Dry salt meats higher; boxed extra shorts and clear ribs 12c; short clears 12¼c. Bacon higher; boxed extra short and clear ribs 13c; short clears 13¼c. Receipts—Flour 6,300 bbls.; wheat 51,900 bu.; corn 49,600; oats 78,400. Shipments—Flour 7,200 bbls.; wheat 87,800 bu.; corn 30,700; oats 44,700.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Nov. 12.—Wheat—Cash: No. 2 hard $1.02½@1.06; No. 2 red $1.16@1.20. Futures: December $1.01⅝ bid; May $1.02¼@1.02¼, sellers; July, no bid. Corn—Cash: No. 2 mixed 57⅜c; No. 2 white 58⅛c. Futures: December 57¼c, sellers; May 60⅛@60¼c, sellers; July 59⅛c bid. Oats—Cash: No. 2 white 40@42c; No. 2 mixed 39@40c. Butter—Creamery extras 30c; firsts 28c; seconds 26c; packing stock 21½c. Eggs—Extras 28c; firsts 26c; seconds and dirties 18c; current receipts 25c; Southerns, loss off, 14c. Receipts—Wheat 125,600 bu.; corn 26,000; oats 8,000. Shipments—Wheat 133,600 bu.; corn 27,000; oats 9,000.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Nov. 12.—Whisky—Distillers' finished goods steady on basis of $1.35. Butter steady and unchanged. Eggs steady at 19@30c. Poultry steady and unchanged. Flour steady. Wheat firm; No. 2 red $1.22@1.25. Corn steady; No. 2 mixed new 59@59½c, old 64@65c. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 43½c. Rye steady; No. 2 78½@79c. Lard easier at $12.30@12.40. Bulk meats firm at $12.75. Sugar firm.

Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Nov. 12.—Wheat—December $1.04⅝; May $1.05⅝. Cash: No. 1 hard $1.07½@1.07⅝; No. 1 Northern $1.06⅝@1.07; No. 2 Northern $1.04⅝@1.05; No. 3 Northern $1.03@1.04. Bran in 100-lb. sacks $19.50. Flour—First patents $5.40@5.50; second patents $5.20@5.30; first clears $4.55@4.75; second clears $3.30@3.50.

Toledo.

Toledo, Nov. 12.—Clover-seed—Cash and November $8.05; March $8.70; March $8.90; No. 2 $8.05@8.30; No. 3 do $8.10@8.30; rejected $8@8.25; no established grade $4@7.60. Prime timothy $1.80. Prime alsike and November $7.90; December $7.95; March $8.10.

Duluth.

Duluth, Nov. 12.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern $1.06⅝; No. 2 Northern $1.04⅝; November $1.05⅝; December $1.03¼; May $1.05⅛. Flax—On track $1.76¼; November $1.75⅝; December $1.72⅝; May $1.74⅝. Oats—On track 38¼c.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Nov. 12.—Barley—Samples 54@67c.

Oil Quotations.

Oil City, Nov. 12.—Credit balances $1.48; runs 191,783 bbls., average 152,965; shipments 210,554 bbls., average 203,493.

Toledo, Nov. 12.—North Lima 84c; South Lima and Indiana 79c.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, Nov. 12.—Wool unchanged; medium grades, combing and clothing, 24@30c; light fine 23@27c; heavy fine 14@22c; tub-washed 26@38c.

FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY

Capital - - $1,000,000
Surplus - - $1,000,000

210 Fifth Street

Receives money subject to check; pays interest on TIME and SAVINGS deposits, and performs duties in ALL FIDUCIARY CAPACITIES.

—WANTED—

Citizens Life Insurance Co. Stock.

JOHN L. DUNLAP, 118 S. 5th St.

Louisville Public Warehouse Company (Incorporated)

STORAGE FOR HOUSEHOLD GOODS & GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Private Compartments.
Vaults for Silver and Valuables.
Steel Felt-lined Trunks Furnished Free of Charge.
Office Brook and Main Sts.

FINANCIAL.

A SUPERIOR INVESTMENT.

The New York Realty Owners (Incorporated) offers a limited issue of its stock in conjunction with its debenture bonds at 175, with guarantee of annual dividend of $12 per share for a period of ten years.

This by far is the best investment now to be had, not only as a safe income producer, but as offering the strongest probabilities of a continuously increasing value—such as only New York real estate can show.

Assurance of this corporation's ability and stability can be had from the most conservative business men of the East, and from persons right here in Louisville whose financial prudence and judgment no one will question. RICHARD H. BARKER, General Agent, Louisville Trust Company bldg.

6 per cent. Municipal Bonds, 101.
10 per cent. Dividend-paying Stock, 120.
Citizens' Life, Commonwealth Life, Southern National Life, Southern Guaranty Stocks.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Cotton, Provisions
For cash or margins. All trades guaranteed by our correspondent through a local bank. Why take chances of loss with houses that do not?
LAWRENCE J. TIMMONS & CO., (Incorporated.)
Phones 1337. 125 S. Fifth Street.

Railroad and Street Railway Bonds

We have a choice line of bonds yielding from 4 to 6 per cent. Call or write us.

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STOCKS and BONDS.

Investment Securities a Specialty. Private wires to Messrs. Walker Bros., 71 Broadway (members of the New York Stock Exchange), and all principal markets.

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ESTABLISHED 1878.

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS COTTON AND INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

MEMBERS { New York Stock Exchange. New York Cotton Exchange. Louisville Stock Exchange. Chicago Board of Trade.

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Bond and Stock Brokers,
450 West Main St., Louisville, Ky.

MEMBERS { Chicago Board of Trade. Louisville Stock Exchange.

Direct Private Wires to Bartlett, Patten & Co. and all markets.

Safe Investments

Paying 4 to 6 per cent. net. High-grade bonds. Non-taxable stocks. We will also carry stocks in New York on Margin.

JOHN W. & D. S. GREEN

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Stocks and Bonds

New York stocks carried on reasonable margin.
High-class Traction Companies' securities a specialty.

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URINARY DISCHARGES RELIEVED IN 24 HOURS

SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY

Each Capsule bears the name MIDY

Beware of counterfeits

ALL DRUGGISTS



Pure Wool Suits For $4

The famous "Dickey Kerseys;" guaranteed pure wool. Double-breasted coats and Knicker-bocker trousers; medium and dark patterns; sizes 6 to 17. EXTRAORDINARY values at the special price, $4.

Levy's Third & Market

The Bright Spot in Louisville.

Courier-Journal.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL LOUISVILLE, KY.

SATURDAY..NOVEMBER 13, 1909

JOHN SULLIVAN NAMED AS ASSISTANT ATTORNEY.

A. Scott Bullitt Announces Appointment After Considering Several Applications.

John Sullivan will be Assistant County Attorney under A. Scott Bullitt. Mr. Bullitt made this fact known yesterday after considering the application of a number of names. Mr. Sullivan's appointment will meet with the approval of a host of Democrats over the city who are personally acquainted with him. Although he is comparatively a



JOHN SULLIVAN.

young man, he has had much experience in the courts of Jefferson county. He served as deputy circuit clerk for quite a while, being assigned to Judge Miller's division of the Circuit Court. Five of the Circuit Judges indorsed Mr. Sullivan for the place. He also was indorsed by the seven members in the city of the Democratic City and County Executive Committee. Mr. Sullivan has always been a staunch Democrat and has worked hard for the party.

STORY TELLERS' LEAGUE MEETS THIS AFTERNOON.

The monthly meeting of the Story Tellers' League will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the teachers' room of the Louisville Free Public Library. The object of the league is to promote the use of story telling in the home, kindergarten and school.

At each meeting of the league stories are told which are adapted to retelling. The following programme has been arranged for the meeting:

Uncle Remus Stories, Dr. Charles R. Hemphill.

Birds in the Cornfield, Mrs. Lawson Smith.

A Story for Primary Grades, Miss A. G. Hunter.

Beowulf, the oldest Anglo-Saxon Epic, Miss Adeline Zachert.

Parents, kindergartners, teachers and others interested in children are invited to be present.

New Lumber Company Listed.

The A. Z. Haas Lumber Company filed its charter yesterday in the office of the County Clerk, listing its capital at $25,000, divided into shares of $100 each. The debt limit is fixed at $25,000. The incorporators and their holdings are A. Z. Haas, Fayetteville, Tenn., 65 shares; E. S. Haas, of Vincennes, Ind., and Charles H. Stotz, of Louisville, 30 shares each.

You'll say— HURRAH! for LANE'S LIVER PILLS many times, after once trying them. No more bilious spells, constipated bowels or sick headaches. Why? These Pills remove the cause. At Drug Stores, 25 Cents.

MANY SENT UP.

Judge Utz Gives Offenders Long Terms.

PLACES LIMIT OF LAW ON CONVICTED BURGLARS.

ECHO OF NIGHT RIDER TROUBLES HEARD IN SUIT.

NEW ALBANY NEWS NOTES.

Judge Utz in the Floyd Circuit Court at New Albany yesterday sentenced William Taylor, of Louisville, to serve from ten to twenty years in the Indiana State Prison, at Michigan City, and disfranchised him for twenty years for the crime of burglary, this being the limit of the law. The prisoner had been indicted at the last term of court with William Russell, who was sentenced the other day to serve from ten to twenty years in the Indiana Reformatory at Jeffersonville, for burglary in breaking into the house of Mrs. Ellen Quinn, on the Corydon road, below the city.

Taylor asked for a separate trial, and it was given to him. He was sent to the State prison and not to the reformatory, because he is 31 years of age, and is said to be an old offender. He belonged to a gang of thieves which have been robbing farmers throughout Floyd county. Five other members of the gang were also sent up by the court. Chester Lawson entered a plea of guilty to larceny in stealing some valuables from the residence of Mrs. Green, at Mooresville. He was sentenced to serve from one to eight years in the Indiana Reformatory. Frank Wyatt entered a plea of guilty to the same charge, and he was given a sentence of from one to eight years in the State prison at Michigan City, and disfranchised for eight years.

Judge Utz also sentenced Albert Howell and John Wyatt to serve from one to eight years in the State Prison for larceny. Roy Lyons, colored, who says his home is in Cincinnati, was sentenced to serve from one to eight years in the Indiana Reformatory at Jeffersonville. All of the prisoners pleaded guilty, knowing the state of public feeling now existing in New Albany against robbers. It is believed these sentences will have the effect of breaking up the robberies which have been committed in the county during the past year, as other thieves will be deterred from coming to a county which so severely punishes offenders.

Outgrowth of Night Riding Raids.

A suit was brought in the Floyd Circuit Court at New Albany yesterday which recalls the night riding cases in Kentucky. The other day the newspapers told how Alfred L. Carden, who boards at 733 East Spring street, had gone to Louisville and in a fall had sustained injuries, but that at first it was thought he had been assaulted by night riders from his old home in Lyon county, Ky. Mr. Carden came to New Albany after his barn had been burned and his tobacco beds had been destroyed. Some of his friends in Kentucky did not know where he was located until the item giving an account of the accident which had befallen him appeared.

The suit filed in the Floyd Circuit Court is to recover money for detective work growing out of the night riding depredations, and is brought by Sanford L. Hall against Alfred L. Carden, and in full is as follows:

The plaintiff complains of the defendant and says: That on the ——— day of June, 1908, the defendant employed the plaintiff as a private detective to ascertain the names of certain persons who the defendant claimed had been guilty of committing an assault and battery upon him, operating together as a band of night riders in Lyon county, State of Kentucky, and report the said names to the defendant, and had burned and destroyed a large amount of property belonging to defendant, to-wit: two tobacco barns, a large amount of tobacco, a lot of wagons, buggies and other personal property, and for such services he then and there promised to pay plaintiff the sum of $—.00.

That plaintiff procured said names and reported the same to defendant, and defendant paid a portion of said sum, to-wit: the sum of $80, leaving due the sum of $420, which is due and wholly unpaid.

Wherefore plaintiff demands judgment for the sum of $420, and all other proper relief.

Democrats To Hold Ratification.

The Floyd County Democratic Club will hold a meeting next Thursday evening at Eagle Hall, East Fifth and Spring streets, at which all Democrats are invited to attend and celebrate the election of a Democratic Mayor, Clerk and five Councilmen.

This club, since it was organized about three years ago, has done much good for the Democratic party, as well as the community, it being the first organized body to demand the repeal of the late cities and town law. It has also labored to keep before the people the splendid administration of the present Democratic Council.

All Democrats who attend will be made welcome. There will be cigars and music, also addresses by different speakers.

Hon. John E. Lamb, of Terre Haute, who is a prospective candidate for United States Senator from Indiana to succeed Mr. Beveridge, will most likely be in the city next Thursday on legal business, and it is the intention of the members of the club to invite him to address the meeting. Mr. Lamb is a fine orator as well as a statesman, and it is hoped that he will remain over to address the meeting.

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM NEW ALBANY.

—Edward H. Mann is seriously ill at his home on Vincennes street. He is a brother of City Engineer Mann and has been long in the dry goods business.

—Mrs. James T. Lloyd, 71 years old, died at her home in Crandall after a long illness. She was a sister of Mrs. Jacob Hessing, of this city.

—Joseph P. Yost and Susie Sudduth were granted license to marry yesterday by County Clerk Rudy. The marriage will take place next Tuesday morning at St. Mary's Catholic church.

—Charles Schaeffer, who formerly kept a restaurant and saloon in Corydon, but who was forced to quit business when Harrison county went dry, is in the city for a few days visiting friends. He is now located in Denver, Col.

—The 8-year-old son of Mr. L. M. O'Bannon, editor of he Corydon Democrat, will be brought to St. Edward's City Hospital to-day to undergo treatment for Potts disease, which is caries of the vertebrae. The boy's bones are so brittle that he broke both of his legs. It is hoped that he will outgrow the disease.

—Mrs. N. A. Greene, wife of the Mayor-elect, will leave in a few days for Amarillo, Tex., to visit her parents, who live there. Mrs. Greene has been in poor health since the death of her only daughter some time ago, and her physician hopes that a change of climate will benefit her.

—Lloyd Greene, son of Mayor-elect Greene, went to Columbus, O., to join the United States army. He had just come out of the navy and wanted to see the country on land. He was rejected on account of a temporary defect in his eyesight and has returned home. He will go to work in the rolling mill, where he hopes to get plenty of exercise.

—Mrs. Mabel C. Elliott, 22 years old, wife of Lyman Elliott, died yesterday morning at her home, 17 East Fifth street, after a protracted illness of a complication of diseases. Besides her husband she is survived by a daughter, 8 months old. She was a daughter of Michael C. Welch, and is survived by her husband and three brothers. The funeral will be from Holy Trinity Catholic church.

—Tessie B. Bonifer, through her attorney, Judge George B. Cardwill, has sued her husband, Jacob Bonifer, for divorce in the Floyd Circuit Court, alleging cruelty. They were married in 1898 and separated November 9, 1909. Defendant earns $15 a week, the complaint says, as driver for the Falls Rising Brewing Company, and she asks that part of this be devoted to the support of herself and child.

—Mayor-elect Greene has been going to Heber, Ark., every fall for many years on a hunting trip, but he will not go this year on account of business at home. The Heber Gazette, the home paper in the town where Mr. Greene stopped while on these trips, in a recent issue devoted a column to Mayor-elect Greene, telling what a fine fellow he was and how glad the people of that town were that he had been elected Mayor of New Albany. The Mayor-elect has a happy faculty of making friends wherever he goes.

DEATH NOTICE.

FAWCETT—J. Hangary Fawcett, on the 11th inst., aged 41 years.

Funeral services will be held this (Saturday) afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from his late residence, 15 DePauw Place, New Albany, Ind.

WITH FREE HAND

PENSIONS ARE BESTOWED UPON POLICE AND FIREMEN.

Nineteen Retired On Half Pay Yesterday Afternoon—Tyson Gets Biggest Plum.

Pensions by both the police and fire pension boards were granted with a free hand yesterday when those two bodies got together. The boards also have under consideration the selling of bonds valued at $2,000 in order that the monthly pension payrolls may be met. The bonds were in the sinking fund of the pension boards. At the present rate of increased pension payrolls this fund will soon be wiped out.

Ten members of the police department and nine firemen, nineteen in all, were retired on half-pay yesterday for the remainder of their lives. The biggest plum went to Chief Fillmore Tyson, who was retired on $125 a month, the same pension that is now being drawn by former Chief Gunther. Maj. Ed W. Burke was retired at $900 a year, and Lieut. John Dorsa at $500. Assistant Chiefs Frank P. Hagar, William E. Selvage and John M. Tully, of the fire department, also were retired on half pay, along with Capt. E. Dillman.

The remaining retirements were: Police—E. O. Daly, the present acting chief of the detective department and a veteran on the force; Jesse Wyatt, Byers Lunn, P. Alex Basler, George F. Sigel, John H. Hawks, J. T. Gorley and Alois Thorn. Fire Department—W. A. Moore, J. F. Plaut, D. H. McCorkill and Joseph Unclebach.

George F. Sigel, although only a patrolman, is probably as well known in Louisville as any other member of the force. Patrolman Sigel has been the corner man at Fourth avenue and Jefferson street for fifteen years.

Alex Basler is another of the old-timers on the force. He is the day Central stationkeeper.

Funeral Services To-day.

The funeral of Sidney Iring, who died at the home of his brother-in-law, Dr. Charles I. Groves, at Kenilworth, on the Bardstown road, following an attack of pneumonia, will be conducted this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock from Dr. Grove's residence. The services will be conducted by the Rev. W. R. Hendrix, pastor of the Methodist Temple, and the Golden Camp, No. 11729, Modern Woodmen of America, will have charge of the exercises at the grave in Cave Hill cemetery.

KEPT PRISONER BY AWFUL HUMOR

Whole Body Covered and Head So Bad She Could Not Comb Hair—Sight Affected—Neighbor Begged Her to Use Cuticura—It Cooled the Itching Flesh and

BROUGHT REST, SLEEP AND A PERFECT CURE

"Words cannot express the awful skin disease I suffered with. My whole body was covered with it. My head broke out so that I could not comb my hair. For a month or more I suffered with a terrible sore throat. When I should lie down at night my eyes would stick together and I would have to bathe them before opening them each morning. I scarcely could see for my eyes had failed me from the effect of the skin disease. I tried three doctors, but they gave me no relief and then I tried all kinds of things that I thought would do me good but I could find nothing. I was a perfect prisoner with the awful humor.

"One of my neighbors begged me to try the Cuticura Remedies, and I made up my mind to try them but not thinking that I would ever be cured. I would take a hot bath with Cuticura Soap and then apply the Cuticura Ointment. I found relief in a few days and in a month you could scarcely see a spot on my face. I felt like a new person. When I first began to use the Cuticura Remedies they cooled the itching flesh and brought me real good sleep and rest at night. I had suffered fully two years with the skin disease but now I am a well woman and in good health. I beg every skin sufferer to use the Cuticura Remedies. I cannot praise Cuticura enough because I thought that I would never get well again. Mrs. Cordelia C. Pitts, Newborn, Ga., Nov. 24 and Dec. 21, '08."

Keeping the Hair

To prevent dry, thin and falling hair, remove dandruff, allay itching and irritation and promote the growth and beauty of the hair, frequent shampoos with Cuticura Soap and occasional dressings with Cuticura are usually effective when all other methods fail. Special and full directions accompany each package of Cuticura.

Cuticura Soap (25c.), Cuticura Ointment (50c.) and Cuticura Resolvent (50c.), (or in the form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60) are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., 135 Columbus Ave., Boston, Mass. 32-page Cuticura Book, mailed free, an authority on the care and treatment of the skin and hair.

Pain in Heart

"For two years I had pain in my heart, back and left side. Could not draw a deep breath or lie on left side, and any little exertion would cause palpitation. Under advice I took Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy and Nervine. I took about thirteen bottles, am in better health than I ever was, and have gained 14 pounds."

MRS. LILLIE THOMAS, Upper Sandusky, Ohio.

For many years Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy has been very successful in the treatment of heart troubles, because of its tonic effect upon the heart nerves and muscles. Even in severe cases of long standing it has frequently prolonged life for many years after doctors had given up all hope, as proven by thousands of letters we have received from grateful people.

Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy is sold by all druggists. If the first bottle fails to benefit, your druggist will return your money.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

MAN RUNS WILD.

Convict Escapes, Hidden In a Boxcar.

KNOCKS DOWN WOMAN WITH HEAVY HATCHET.

WIFE SHOOTS HUSBAND WITH FLOBERT RIFLE.

ONE MARRIAGE YESTERDAY.

Information reached Jeffersonville yesterday that Ralph Williams, who is also known as Ralph Clark, who was sent to the Indiana State Prison, at Michigan City, on March 9, 1907, had escaped, but had been recaptured in a few hours, after having some unusual experiences, one of which was knocking Mrs. Mary Sudrow down with a hatchet.

Williams watched his opportunity and secreted himself in a box car that was about to be pulled out of the prison yard. When outside of the walls he left the car and bolted into the home of Mrs. Sudrow. As he entered her premises he picked up a hatchet.

He made a demand upon her to give him some wearing apparel, so he could discard his prison uniform. When she hesitated he struck her with the hatchet on the side of the head, knocking her down, but not hurting her badly. She then gave him a coat and he ran out of the house, pursued by guards and citizens. Williams then took refuge in a box car in the yards of a car works, and was finally dragged out, after he had threatened to kill those who were after him with his hatchet. He was overpowered and taken back to his old quarters.

Williams was convicted on the charge of burglary and given from two to fourteen years in the Clark Circuit Court, after having robbed the Pennsylvania depot at Henryville. He boarded the train, and this was met at Jeffersonville by J. J. Jendall, who at that time was a police sergeant, and Capt. Ira Walling, a railroad detective. In stepping off the train Williams walked squarely into the arms of the officers. At the time of his arrest he was charged with robbing a number of other depots, taking small amounts from them. He has a commanding appearance, and claimed to have been a telegraph operator at one time.

Shoots Husband In Back.

Harry Field, colored, is lying at the home of his sister-in-law, Lizzie Ayers, 738 Cherry alley, Jeffersonville, with a bullet in his back that may prove fatal. The ball was fired from a Flobert rifle by Carrie Field, wife of the wounded man. Their home has been at 732 Cherry alley. It is charged Field has not been supporting his wife as he should and an instalment firm had given notice it was going to take a kitchen cabinet on which the payments had run behind.

On Thursday night Field went to his home, his wife at the time being on a bed. Mollie Alexander was also in the room, and the husband started to move some dishes from the cabinet. This started a quarrel, which resulted in the wife getting out of bed, picking up a small rifle, and firing at her husband, who started to take refuge behind Mollie Alexander, but not far enough to keep from being struck by the bullet.

The wife and Mollie Alexander fled toward the Big Four bridge, where they were found later by Sergt. Mike A. Wall, and both were placed in jail. Yesterday morning Mollie Alexander was liberated.

NOTES OF THE NEWS FROM JEFFERSONVILLE.

—The paycar of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis railway arrived yesterday afternoon and settled with the local employes for services rendered during the month of October.

—Warren Prewitt, whose home is at Parkland, Ky., and who was brought to the Jeffersonville hospital to be treated for Bright's disease, has been taken back, his condition not being improved.

—Miss Florence Robinett, a well-known school teacher of this county, is ill at her home near New Market from an attack of appendicitis and it is feared she cannot recover. She was taken ill while attending to her duties in a schoolroom.

—Stephen P. Ross and a number of other residents of Bethlehem township yesterday filed a petition in the office of Peter Nachand, Auditor of Clark county, asking for a change of highway over Camp Creek Ridge.

—Jane Clements yesterday filed a claim for $390 in the office of Curtis W. Ballard, Circuit Clerk, against the estate of Mary S. Bullock, it being alleged the amount is due for nursing and care for 130 weeks at $3 per week.

—The greatest rush of the present season for local hunter's licenses at the office of Curtis W. Ballard, Circuit Clerk, was on yesterday, and the office was kept open last night. So far about 100 licenses have been issued.

—This will be the last day of the Harvest Week celebration at the Old Ladies' Home and donations will be received from farmers and merchants. The supplies taken to the home have been liberal and of various kinds. It is expected that this will be the most liberal day of the week.

—Thomas Bullock, colored, was arraigned in the City Court yesterday morning on the charge of failure to support his children, the complaint having been filed by his wife, Lizzie Bullock. He agreed to pay Judge Poindexter $3 per week and was permitted to go.

—Dr. W. M. Varble, secretary of the County Board of Health, gave notice yesterday that he had received copies of the statutes pertaining to public health, which had been distributed among the proper authorities, and from now on the new laws will be rigidly enforced.

—Suit for divorce was filed in the Circuit Court yesterday by Jesse Summers against Hadus Summers, cruel treatment and other charges being alleged. They were married June 30, 1906, and separated September 18. The defendant now has a suit for support pending.

—A claim was filed in the office of Curtis W. Ballard, Circuit Clerk, yesterday by John W. Benner against the estate of James Fenton for $60, it being claimed the amount is due on an account for meat, which has been running since December, 1906.

—Three more of the big steel coaches for the Rock Island Route are ready to go out from the local branch of the American Car & Foundry Company and many others are in the finishing shops. The men have become so familiar with steel construction that the cars are being built as rapidly as if they were of wood.

—Clint Wagner, colored, was arrested by Patrolman Elsworth Summers yesterday afternoon on a letter received from Indianapolis by Capt. Clegg saying he was wanted there for larceny. He was sent to the Reform School several years ago on the charge of stealing $33 from W. C. Pfau, of this city.

—Information received in this city is in effect that A. F. Elsworth, who married Mrs. Katherine Hawley, of this city, is critically ill at his home in Allenton, R. I. Mrs. Elsworth died there a few weeks ago. It is said the condition of Mr. Elsworth is such that his relatives are greatly alarmed.

—Judge Harry C. Poindexter yesterday completed hearing the case of the State of Indiana against Jesse Monroe and others on the charge of malicious trespass, all of the defendants excepting Monroe were discharged and he was held over to the Circuit Court under bond of $100.

—The city schools were closed at noon yesterday out of respect for Miss Lizzie Miller, who was a teacher and whose funeral was held from the family residence yesterday afternoon. The pallbearers were as follows: Prof. F. E. Andrews, James H. Scott, Henry Temple, Henry A. Burtt, Elmer M. Frank and George Crum.

—The nine newly elected members of the Jeffersonville City Council, all of whom are Democrats, have decided to hold a secret caucus next Tuesday night, it is said, to consider making recommendations to James E. Burke, Mayor-elect, for the several offices to be filled by him. The action will be only in the form of suggestions.

—Prof. C. Marble, superintendent of the city public schools, has been notified that at the recent meeting of the State Association of City and Town Superintendents, which was held at Indianapolis, he was elected president. On account of a pressure of other business he was not able to be present at the meeting and did not know the honor had been conferred upon him.

—The body of Walter Moore, who took his life at the Indiana Reformatory on Thursday morning by hanging himself with a rope made out of a piece of sheet, will be buried here. A brother-in-law, Michael Ryan, of Richmond, Ind., was in the city for a short time Thursday night and said Moore's mother was critically ill and that if she was told of her son's death it was feared the shock would kill her.

THREE WOMEN INJURED IN RUNAWAY ACCIDENT.

Mrs. George Mills and Two Daughters Thrown From Buggy In Fegenbush Lane.

Mrs. George Mills, wife of a prominent farmer, who lives seven miles from the city on the Preston-street road, and her two daughters, Misses Sarah and Verna Mills, were injured yesterday morning when a horse which Mrs. Mills was driving became frightened at some object in the road and ran away, throwing the women from the buggy.

They had turned into what is called Fegenbush lane, on the way to their home, "Fern Valley," when the horse became unmanageable and dashed down the road. The women remained in their seats for several hundred yards, but finally the surrey struck a large boulder and the vehicle was overturned. Mrs. Mills was pinned under the buggy and sustained serious injuries, including severe bruises and cuts about her head and body. The other women were thrown from the surrey with great force, but escaped with only slight cuts and scratches.

The injured women were found by a neighbor, who removed them to their home. The harness was torn, the surrey demolished and the horse injured in the runaway.

GREAT CRUSADE

WAGED AGAINST DIRT IN LOUISVILLE YESTERDAY.

Citizens In General Co-operate With Outdoor Art League—Finish Work To-day.

Louisville was carefully manicured yesterday, it was "clean-up" day all over the city, and the Woman's Outdoor Art League worked hard. Eighty-seven women, members of the organization; thirty-five men, and the Louisville street cleaning department carried on the crusade against dirt. The work will be finished by to-night.

Mrs. John A. Stratton, one of the officers of the Woman's Outdoor Art League, was enthusiastic last evening when asked to make a statement about the work done yesterday. She said that there was so much to do that it was impossible for her to sit idle and wait for reports from the workers in the field. Mrs. Stratton visited various sections of the city. She said last night that every way she turned she saw brooms, shovels, hoes, rakes and scrapers in use.

Mrs. Stratton received only a few reports from the other active ones in the field, but these were satisfactory.

Harry T. Crittenden, superintendent of the Louisville street cleaning department, was well pleased with the results. Mr. Crittenden said that seventy-five wagons, including the ashcarts owned by the city, were placed in commission to carry off the trash. A large force of men from the street cleaning department, not including the eight or ten extra foremen, worked hard to get rid of everything that savors of the unsanitary.

"The people seemed to have taken more interest in the cleaning-up movement yesterday than they did last year," said Mr. Crittenden.

Mr. Crittenden authorized the announcement yesterday that all the debris placed in receptacles for the city's vehicles will be removed to the city dumps by Monday. This statement he made for the benefit of those whose premises might not be visited.

VALVE IN AMMONIA TANK IS BLOWN OUT.

Night Engineer At Plant of Louis P. Bornwasser & Co. Severely Burned.

When a valve in an ammonia tank at Louis P. Bornwasser & Co.'s pork packing establishment, at 937 to 945 Geiger street, blew out yesterday morning at about 2:30 o'clock, Philip Goemmer, the night engineer, was severely burned about the head and face and twenty-two head of stock were scalded and thrown into a panic. Goemmer was removed to his home, 202 Cabel street, where he received medical attention.

The ammonia tank is a part of the cold-storage system of the packing establishment and is in a small room of the company's stable. Goemmer was in the act of adjusting the valve of the tank when the explosion occurred. He ran to the residence of Henry Bornwasser, one of the proprietors of the packing establishment, and gave the alarm. Accompanied by Mr. Bornwasser, the engineer returned to the scene of the explosion.

In the stable were many horses, mules and cattle, and the escaping gas was causing terror among them. By this time the ammonia had filled the stable, burning and suffocating the stock.

Goemmer, realizing that something must be done immediately, rushed into the stable and closed the fireproof doors of the room containing the ammonia tank. As he did so a stream of ammonia struck him squarely in the face, scalding his arms, neck and face. He fell to the floor and Mr. Bornwasser rushed in and led him out to safety.

Henry Bornwasser succeeded in breaking through a window and rescuing the frightened animals. They were led into the fresh air and those that had been scalded were taken to the veterinary hospital of Dr. C. A. Miller at 411 South Jackson street.

BODY OF MARQUISE ARRIVES IN LOUISVILLE.

Funeral Service Takes Place At 10 O'Clock This Morning In Chapel At Cave Hill.

The body of the Marquise des Monstiers de Merinville, formerly Miss Mary Gwendolyn Caldwell, of Louisville, arrived at Union Station over the Pennsylvania at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Accompanying the body were Mr. and Mrs. George F. Canfield, of New York, and Miss Caroline Fleming, of Brooklyn, who was private secretary to the Marquise for many years. The funeral party was met at the train by Marvyn Scudder, American representative of the Baroness von Zedwitz, a sister of the dead woman, who came to this city several weeks ago to arrange for the funeral.

The body was taken to the undertaking establishment of L. D. Pearson & Sons, Third avenue and Chestnut street. The funeral services will be held at 10 o'clock this morning in the chapel at Cave Hill cemetery. The services will be conducted by Bishop Charles E. Woodcock and the Rev. F. W. Hardy. Burial will be in Cave Hill cemetery.

VEGETARIANISM AND SPAGHETTI

Faust Brand Spaghetti adds a new joy to vegetarianism because it is not limited to a single dish. In fact no other daily food can be served in such a great variety of appetite-tempting ways. And how NOURISHING it is! Strength-producing and SO EASY ON THE DIGESTION. It is a food that means family health — food economy, and satisfaction in the kitchen.

Think of it! No matter how many "pernickety" people there are in the family, there can be a new treat every day to please everybody—whether for first, second or last course. And no matter how often it has been served before, the cook will never be at a loss to serve it in a new way. That's Faust Spaghetti. Sold only in sealed packages. All grocers. Five and ten cents. Write for free book of useful recipes.

MAULL BROTHERS, ST. LOUIS, MO.

WIFE'S BODY TO BE BURIED BESIDE THAT OF HUSBAND.

The funeral of Mrs. Ann Hargadon, widow of Michael Hargadon, who was a prominent pork packer of Louisville, will be conducted at 8:30 o'clock this morning at L. D. Baz's chapel, and at 9 o'clock at St. John's church. The burial will be in St. Louis cemetery.

The body arrived in Louisville yesterday morning from Chicago, accompanied by members of her family.

Mr. Hargadon's death occurred about eleven years ago, and it was in accordance with Mrs. Hargadon's wish that the body was brought to this city to be buried by the side of her husband. She had been living with her daughter in Chicago for several months and had been in declining health most of the time.

Beside her daughter she is survived by four sons, Thomas Hargadon, a member of the No. 15 engine company; William Hargadon, an L and N. machinist; Frank Hargadon, a railway mail clerk, and Edward Hargadon, of Chicago.

Flower Mission Report.

(Communicated.)

The Louisville Flower Mission wishes to thank Mrs. McDevit, Mrs. John Strother, Mrs. Blitz, Miss Leachman and three friends for clothing; also C. B. Thompson, August R. Baumer, Nanz & Neuner, Jacob Schulz, Reimers and A. Rasmussen, of New Albany, for donations of flowers.

Will our good friends bear in mind that Thanksgiving is fast approaching and it is our custom to give baskets of provisions to the poor at this time? Let us count the blessings that have been showered upon us during the past year and give what we can toward this grand object.

We would like to call the especial attention of the principals of our public schools to solicit donations from their pupils. We will gladly call for all donations if you will please notify us by postal at 622 Second street or by Home phone 6327. Please have all donations ready not later than Wednesday morning, November 24.

Switchman Marries Widow.

Shellie Hall, a switchman, and Mrs. Flora DeWees, both of Louisville, were married in Jeffersonville yesterday by Magistrate Benjamin J. Ferguson. The bridegroom is a native of Breckenridge county, Ky., and is 25 years old. He was married once before and his first wife died in 1907. The bride was born in Edmonson county, Ky., and is also 25 years of age. She was originally Miss Flora Thompson, a daughter of Isaiah Thompson, of Glasgow Junction, Ky., and her former husband died in 1901.

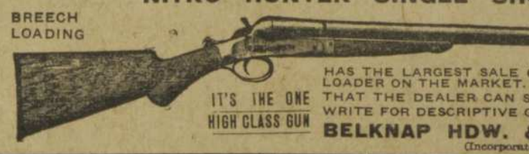
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FLOWERS

Always are pleasing to the DEBUTANTE and add the finishing touch to the outfit of the BRIDE.

My stock is always fresh and UP-TO-DATE with the prices just right.

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Special attention to out-of-town orders.



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Alternating and Direct Current carried in stock.

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One Hour Quicker To New York VIA

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Leave LOUISVILLE.....6:00 P. M. | Arrive BALTIMORE.....3:45 P. M.
Arrive WASHINGTON...2:40 P. M. | Arrive PHILADELPHIA..5:58 P. M.
Arrive NEW YORK.....8:08 P. M.

F. F. V. LIMITED LEAVES LOUISVILLE 8:30 A. M. Through Sleeper to New York.

Reservations and Information, C. and O. Office, 141 Fourth Avenue. Both Phones 272. Depot, Seventh and River.

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The constant increase in our sales is positive proof of quality, preparation and service.

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GO THE ELECTRIC WAY.

LAST WEEK-END EXCURSION of the Season, SATURDAY AND SUNDAY, NOV. 13 and 14.

SPEEDS, Round Trip.....50c
MEMPHIS, Round Trip.....65c
HENRYVILLE, Round Trip.....70c
UNDERWOOD, Round Trip.....85c
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AUSTIN.....
CROTHERSVILLE
SEYMOUR.....
ROUND TRIP $1.00

Above rates from Louisville. 5c less from Jeffersonville. Return limit Monday. Above rates apply to all cars stopping at above stations. No baggage checked on week-end tickets. See time-table in paper.

I. & L. TRACTION COMPANY, Depot, Third St., Near Walnut. Home Phone 1232. Cumb. Phone M. 2189-Y.

CHICAGO and Return $9.00 BIG FOUR ROUTE (NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES.)

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Through Parlor and Sleeping Cars. Information City Office, 143 Fourth, or Union Depot, Seventh and River.

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